

A SURPRISE SPRUNG AT START OF THOMPSON CASE AT LISBON

Robert Winnett Pleads Guilty to the Charge Against Him.

TELLS DETAILS OF THE CRIME

Leading Up to the Death of Miss Ida Moore at Duquesne, Pa., Sept. 14.

IMPLICATES DR. W. L. THOMPSON

Declares He Took the Woman to the Physician's Office And Paid Him a Stated Price to Perform a Criminal Operation.

Lisbon, November 12.—(Special)—The case of the state of Ohio versus Robert Winnett and Dr. W. L. Thompson, jointly indicted for performing a criminal operation upon Lue Ada Moore, of Duquesne, Pa., which resulted in her death on the 14th day of last September, was called for hearing in common pleas court at 11 o'clock Tuesday morning.

Winnett was brought into the court by Deputy Bick. The mother of the dead girl wept as if her heart would break and the young man was visibly affected. He was later called upon to plead to the indictment and to the utter surprise of all the spectators entered a plea of guilty. He was represented by Attorney Joseph R. McQuaide, of Pittsburg, who made a brief statement to the court in his behalf. Judge Hole then suspended sentence until he heard the evidence in the case.

Dr. W. L. Thompson was then called and the indictment read to him by Clerk McNutt. The doctor was as calm and collected as if walking the streets of East Liverpool, and chewed a toothpick as he answered clearly and decisively not guilty. The jury was then empaneled, and after George Davidson, of Wellsville, had been excused and Thomas Stevenson substituted, both sides were content with the jury.

The state is represented by Prosecutor Brookes and Attorney C. S. Speaker, while Judge J. G. Moore and R. W. Taylor represent the defendant. The opening statements of the attorney were very brief. Prosecutor Brookes briefly outlined the state case and Mr. Taylor entering a general denial of all the facts for the defendant.

The first witness called was Robert Winnett, who testified as follows:

"I am 28 years of age and reside at Duquesne, Pa. Am a stair builder by occupation and came to Chester in the spring of 1901 to assist in the construction of the roller coaster and was employed on the roller coaster up until my arrest on this charge. I had known Ada Moore for about one year previous to my coming to Chester and was engaged to be married to her. She was employed as a bookkeeper in a Duquesne furniture store. I had had undue relations with her on several occasions, but can not tell the dates. She apprised me of her condition about the first of August and on the Friday preceding August 18 I went to Dr. Thompson's office to see if some operation could not be performed to help her out of the difficulty. Previous to this time I wanted to marry her, but she said she could not bear to think of the disgrace of having a child born before the proper time had elapsed. The doctor told me that he could not tell whether he could operate successfully or not until he saw the girl. I arranged with him to perform the operation for \$60 if it could be done at all, and to bring her to East Liverpool on the following Sunday morning.

"I went to Pittsburg on the morning train Sunday and met her at the union depot. We went to East Liverpool together. We walked up Union to Second street, where we separated, she going up one side of the street to the doctor's office, entering by the side door. After walking around for a few minutes I went into the office also. The doctor came out of the back room and told me the lady was in there and for me to arrange the money matters with her. We gave him \$25 in cash and my diamond ring as security for the \$60. When he had taken the diamond and money he told Miss

Moore to go into the back office. I stepped in behind her and closed the door."

The court then adjourned to reconvene at 1 o'clock, when the testimony will be resumed.

Court reconvened at 1:30 o'clock and Winnett resumed by saying: "In a few minutes after he closed the door I heard one moaning as if in great agony. I knew it was Miss Moore's voice. In a few moments the doctor opened the door and came out and threw some paper covered with blood into the stove. He then told me I could go into the room, which I did, and found Miss Moore standing in the middle of the floor in great agony and looking as if she was about to faint. I ran into the other room and getting a newspaper began to fan her. "After she had revived the old gentleman told us he had other business, and we had better be going. I told him that Miss Moore was not yet able to go, but in a few moments he opened the back door and told us to go out. We went out the back door, and taking a street car, went to Wellsville, returning to Duquesne on the evening train.

"I left her at the front door and never saw her but once after that, and that was on the Monday before she died."

It is evident from the number of objections made by the defense that the defense they will put up will be largely a technical one. The defendant's attorneys will claim that as Winnett is an accomplice in the crime his testimony must be corroborated on every material point before the state can convict Dr. Thompson.

Dr. Thompson is accompanied in court by W. L. Smith, of East Liverpool, but Winnett is alone. The father, mother, brother and sister of the dead girl are interested spectators of the proceedings.

The brother and sister will testify in behalf of the state, as will the two physicians who attended her at Duquesne.

The case will not be completed before noon on Wednesday.

Winnett failed in his identification of Dr. Thompson. In describing the man who performed the operation he said:

"I never saw him but once before the operation was performed. About all I can remember about him was that he was a small man and wore peaked shoes. I cannot say that that is the man setting there. I do not know."

After a brief examination in which nothing was developed he was excused from the stand.

MADE INSPECTION OF NEW RESERVOIR

NEW YORK ENGINEER TELLS CAUSE OF WRECK.

Says the Basin Was Filled Too Quickly And That Bank Material Was Poor.

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Mr. Hill stated that he believed the break was due to the fact that the reservoir was filled too quickly, as the weight in the bottom at the time it broke was 1,050 pounds to the square foot.

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SINKFORD ACQUITTED

Colored Man Charged With Carrying Weapons, Was Not Proven Guilty.

Alex Sinkford, colored, an employee of the Wellsville mill, was arrested while at work yesterday afternoon by Constable Powell and arraigned before Justice McLane charged with carrying concealed weapons.

Sinkford had some trouble with Mrs. Rowland Johnson over a board bill, and it was claimed he drew a revolver during the argument. The charge was not proven.

Convocation Begins Tonight. Cleveland convocation at St. Stephen's church opens tonight at 8 o'clock. Rev. C. Roberts, of Massillon, will deliver the sermon. Music will be rendered by the vested choir of 40 voices and there will be about 20 clergymen in attendance.

CAMPBELL TOOK MARRIAGE VOWS

Justice Riley, of Wellsville, United Him to Woman Who Had Him Arrested.

WILL NOT LIVE WITH HER

Says He Married the Girl With That Understanding—Left Her Sitting in the 'Squire's Office And Came Immediately to This City.

The most impromptu and "chilly" wedding that has taken place in Wellsville for many years was that of Arthur Campbell and Ida M. Bailey, which was solemnized by 'Squire Riley yesterday afternoon. Each of the contracting parties merely nodded their heads in acquiescence to the vows which made them husband and wife.

Following the ceremony there were no congratulations offered. The groom immediately, and without saying a word, left the 'squire's office and boarded a car for East Liverpool.

In conversation with a News Review reporter Campbell stated that he married the Bailey girl with the understanding that he was not to live with her. He first tried to compromise with her by paying \$300, but she would not do so.

The young man says he expects to get a divorce with all possible haste. He declares he was given no opportunity to get a bondsman in Wellsville.

YOUTHFUL GAMBLERS

SURPRISED WHILE INDULGING IN A QUIET GAME.

Taken Before the Mayor And Fined \$1 And Costs Each—Police Doings.

Officer Morris rounded up seven juvenile poker players yesterday afternoon who were playing "penny ante" in the grand stand at the West End ball park. The youngsters were taken before the mayor, where they gave their names as Frank Catlett, Mike Cardon, George McAleer, William Iams, George Teller, Arch Simons and Patrick Haller.

After being arraigned the lads pleaded guilty to gambling and were fined \$1 and costs each. All made arrangements to pay and were released.

Chief Thompson this morning took "jabbers" Hodgkinson to Lisbon jail. He was recently fined \$25 and costs for assault.

Charles McGavern, arrested Sunday for intoxication, was released from jail this morning. He arranged to pay his fine.

A RUN-OFF

Horse Owned By Ed Hassey Made Hasty Trip Down Church Alley.

A horse attached to a wagon owned by Ed Hassey took fright and started to run off in Church alley at noon today.

It ran out to Market street, where the wagon came in contact with the curb stone, breaking the harness. The driver held on to the lines and with the assistance of several bystanders succeeded in bringing the animal to a stop before any other damage was done.

A NEW ENGINE

United Power Company Have Made Extensive Improvements to Their Plant.

A new 275-horse-power high speed engine has arrived at the East Liverpool Electric company's plant.

The new engine will furnish power for over 3,000 additional incandescent lamps of 16-candle power each. When it is put in position the six high speed engines in the lower door will have 1,525 normal horse-power rating, which in service is about twice that amount.

Death at Sebring.

Sebring, November 12.—Mrs. Dellah died here of consumption Sunday evening. Brief funeral services were held this morning, after which the remains were taken to Salineville. The funeral was held at Highlandtown.

Williams Squares Accounts.

Nat Williams, colored, who recently forged checks in this city, and who was later jailed on a like charge at Washington, Pa., has squared all his accounts and is again a free man.

SCHOOL BOARD'S BUSY SESSION

Considerable Business of Importance Transacted By the Body.

PROF. RAYMAN'S REPORT

An Exhaustive Review of What Has And What Is Being Done—Another Room to Be Secured for Primary Pupils.

A meeting of the board of education was held last night with Members Hill, Vodrey, Kelly Knowles, Murphy and Wells present. Prof. Rayman was in attendance and at the request of the board opened the session with scriptural reading and prayer, after which the clerk read the minutes of the meeting held October 14, which were approved.

The following bills were reported favorably:

Blaisdell Paper Pencil Co., pencils, \$5.25; the Walker Brush Co., brushes, \$20.58; American Book Co., books, \$37.28; Standard Oil Co., oil, 98 cents; Adams Express Co., \$3.25; Howard Chemical Co., \$3; Betz & Orr, \$16.90; Robert Hall, \$97.73; J. H. Simms, \$6.90; A. W. Scott, \$50; W. A. Bunting & Co., 20 cents; Ft. Pitt Gas Co., \$60; C. N. Forster, \$4.40; Wm. G. Johnson & Co., \$3.60; Ceramic City Light Co., \$5.38; Ohio Valley Gas Co., \$55.05; M. G. Collier's Sons, \$6.50.

It was decided to increase the capacity of the cesspool at the Sixth street building. The subject of increasing the number of desks at that school was discussed.

The president and clerk were named as a committee to provide another room for primary pupils up town to relieve the congestion. Primary pupils at the Central building are only attending school for half-day sessions. A teacher will be hired for the room that is rented.

In talking on this subject the members indulged in some jocose remarks about renting the Carnegie library building and putting the overflow of pupils in that structure, inasmuch as the present outlook for anything else to fill the building was not promising.

Prof. Rayman was granted permission to purchase supplementary readers for the first and second grades, also some laboratory supplies. He reported \$247 in the tuition fund and said that several non-resident parents were delinquent in payment of their children's tuition. The board instructed the clerk to at once enforce payment of all arrearages on tuition.

The superintendent told of the introduction of modeling work in the primary grades on Friday afternoons. He said that modeling helped drawing and that drawing was an aid to better penmanship. The children have been bringing in the clay; newspapers are spread over the desks, and, under the careful direction of the teachers, the work is cleanly and profitable.

Prof. Rayman stated that there was often a tendency of the younger pupils to feel that Friday was unimportant and this, as well as the monthly entertainments on Friday afternoons, inculcated a deeper spirit.

His report further covered some census data. The enumerators show that there are 5,510 persons of school age in East Liverpool, 2,990 being between the ages of 6 and 15; but only 2,727 were enrolled in the schools last month, including 290 pupils who are attending the parochial schools. In comparison with the enumerators' data the superintendent declared that there should be from 250 to 300 more pupils in school. He is having the absentees looked up.

The board approved Prof. Rayman's report and heartily commended the clay modeling by primary grades.

Clerk Hill informed the members that it would be necessary to borrow money to meet the pay rolls for the two coming months. The president and clerk were empowered to borrow sufficient money to tide the schools over until the coming tax fund relieves the stringency.

Ten dollars was appropriated from the examination fund to the Eastern Ohio Teachers' association.

On request of the superintendent the board directed him to expend money for educational lectures for the teachers, for the reason that it is inconvenient for the most of them to attend the county institute. The lectures will be along educational and pedagogical lines.

J. D. Clark, of the American School Furniture company, was present with

FRANCHISE FOR AN EXTENSION TERMINATED ON APRIL 1, 1901

a view of obtaining an order for desks, a supply of which is needed.

Recently some desks were obtained from that company. About a dozen of them will have to be replaced. Mr. Clark was informed that no more would be purchased until the broken ones are made good. The company's representative agreed to accede to the request, stating that the parts would be sent at once from Cleveland and a check in payment for the cost of putting the new backs to the desks would be sent to the board.

On motion of Mr. Wells the board adjourned.

BORROWED MONEY TO GAMBLE WITH

G. A. BERRY FAILED TO PAY AND WAS SUED.

Justice Rose Decided in His Favor, But Hinted the Defendant Wasn't Game.

The suit brought against G. A. Berry a few days ago by C. A. Smith was tried in Justice Rose's court yesterday afternoon. The plaintiff sought to obtain a judgment on a note which he claimed Berry had given him for \$55.

Berry's attorney contended that the money could not be collected for the reason that it was borrowed to be staked on a poker game. Berry also told the 'squire that he had obtained the money for gambling purposes.

Smith admitted that he had loaned Berry the money with the knowledge that it was to be wagered on cards, but said he had no connection with the game.

Justice Rose reserved his decision until this morning when he rendered a verdict in the defendant's favor. He said that while the law exempted Berry from paying a gambling debt, he thought that any man who played cards for money should be "game" enough to pay back money borrowed to play with.

CLAIMS COMMITTEE

REPORTED FAVORABLY ON BIG GRIST OF BILLS.

Several Were Held Over, Among Them Being That of Sanitary Reduction Company.

A meeting of the claims committee of the city council was held last night and a favorable report made on the following bills:

Ohio Valley Gas Co., \$7.80; E. M. Crosser, recorder, \$3.50; street department, salary, \$738.48; W. H. Adams, hardware, \$10.20; Ceramic City Light Co., \$759.86; J. J. Rose, flag, \$5; police department, salary, \$676.82; election rooms, \$35; T. V. Thompson, serving resolutions improvement of Church alley, \$6.75; George Adams, placing election booths, \$6; Sarah Haught, janitress, \$15; J. N. Hanley, salary and postage, \$63.50; Watson & Sloan, supplies, 55 cents; Wesley Johnson, stepping stones, \$12; George Adams, services, 75 cents; Wilson Stationery Co., \$16.90; Hill & Yates, supplies, \$1.15; Milligan Hardware Co., supplies, \$20.30; J. H. Burgess, salary, \$65; C. B. Ogden, salary, \$40; East Liverpool Tribune, printing, \$13; East Liverpool Publishing Co., printing, \$16; Crisis Publishing Co., \$16; Robert Hall, supplies, \$16.32; John Ryan, Sheridan avenue extras, \$45.35; East Liverpool Spring Water Co., \$2.75; B. F. Wade Printing Co., supplies, \$19.50; Thomas McLoughlin, repairs to Eighth street, \$8.50; John Ryan, \$72.17; J. C. Kelly and assistants, salary, \$445.63; Lewis Howard, street work, East End, \$50; Faulk Bros., supplies, 25 cents; R. G. Stenger, repairing harness, \$5.65; American Sewer Pipe Co., \$28.67; fire department, salary, \$964.87.

The following claims were left over, no action being taken on them:

Bell Telephone Co., 40 cents; Sanitary Reduction Co., \$135; Dr. Ogden, \$5; Freedom Oil Works Co., \$7; A. Trotter & Son, repairs, \$14.75.

Appointed a Commission.

Lisbon, November 12.—(Special)—A commission was appointed to take the election of the widow of John Nueller to accept the provisions of his will.

Ormes Is Improving.

Lincoln Ormes, who was thought to be bleeding to death, is somewhat improved today. The flow of blood from his nostrils has been checked, though he is not yet out of danger.

And East Liverpool Steel Railway Will Be Urged to Start Work.

A LARGELY SIGNED PETITION

To Go Before the Council Tonight Asking That Franchise Be Enforced.

\$5,000 BOND ALREADY FORFEITED

The Council Will Also Take Action Looking to the Improvement of a Large Number of Sidewalks on the Main Thoroughfares.

Among the matters which the city council will be called upon to consider at the meeting tonight is a request from the residents of Pleasant and Lisbon streets that the East Liverpool Street Railway be required to proceed at once in the work of carrying out the provisions of their franchise.

The residents of these thoroughfares have become weary of the long delay, and have determined to bring their request before the council in a manner that will demand some consideration. Taxpayers residing on Lisbon street asked for a board or cinder path some time ago, but owing to the condition of the city's finances the street committee, to which the request was referred, could not see their way clear to make the improvement.

With the street railway extension it is different. The action asked by the taxpayers of the West End will not involve the expenditure of a single cent of the public funds.

According to the franchise under which the railway operates, the extension asked for at this time should have been completed April 1, 1901, and therefore the \$5,000 bond placed with the city clerk has long since been forfeited.

An attorney has been retained by the property holders, and armed with a petition containing the names of upwards of 200 taxpayers affected by the extension, a delegation will be present at the meeting of council tonight for the purpose of urging their claims.

Another matter which will doubtless receive attention tonight is the abominable condition of some of the city sidewalks. Since the rain of last night and today several of the city dads have had forcible reminders that something should be done along this line. West Market street, from a point near the new Starkey property, as far up as Seventh street is in bad condition. There are a number of sidewalks at other points along the up-town streets which should be repaired, and it is probable that orders will be given to have the defects remedied without delay.

CATHEDRAL LYCEUM

The Strong Pittsburg Team to Meet the Y. M. C. A.'s on Thanksgiving Day.

The big Thanksgiving day game of foot ball has been arranged and the Y. M. C. A.'s will have as opponents the strong Cathedral Lyceum team of Pittsburg.

The Lulus athletic club had been booked earlier in the season, but the manager cancelled the game several days ago, claiming that the New Castle team had offered them more money than the East Liverpool eleven could pay for that date.

This was probably a good excuse, as it is a well known fact that the Lulus team does not play many strong teams outside of the Homestead club, and if they had appeared on the grid-iron here Thanksgiving, they would no doubt have been given a warm reception by the Y. M. C. A.'s.

The Cathedral Lyceum club is one of the strongest amateur teams in Pittsburg, and is the best attraction Manager Williams could have secured for Thanksgiving.

Several other teams were after them and it was necessary to give them a better guarantee than any other team could offer. They will receive \$200 and expenses for their share of the work that day.

Quarantines Lifted.

Sanitary Officer Burgess raised the quarantines today from the homes of Alvin Bulger, on Sixth street, and Irwin Green, on Third street. The children who were suffering from contagious diseases are now about recovered.

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Blaisdell Paper Pencil Co., pencils, \$5.25; the Walker Brush Co., brushes, \$20.58; American Book Co., books, \$37.28; Standard Oil Co., oil, 98 cents; Adams Express Co., \$3.25; Howard Chemical Co., \$3; Betz & Orr, \$16.90; Robert Hall, \$97.73; J. H. Simms, \$6.90; A. W. Scott, \$50; W. A. Bunting & Co., 20 cents; Ft. Pitt Gas Co., \$60; C. N. Forster, \$4.40; Wm. G. Johnson & Co., \$3.60; Ceramic City Light Co., \$5.38; Ohio Valley Gas Co., \$55.05; M. G. Collier's Sons, \$6.50.

It was decided to increase the capacity of the cesspool at the Sixth street building. The subject of increasing the number of desks at that school was discussed.

The president and clerk were named as a committee to provide another room for primary pupils up town to relieve the congestion. Primary pupils at the Central building are only attending school for half-day sessions. A teacher will be hired for the room that is rented.

In talking on this subject the members indulged in some jocose remarks about renting the Carnegie library building and putting the overflow of pupils in that structure, inasmuch as the present outlook for anything else to fill the building was not promising.

Prof. Rayman was granted permission to purchase supplementary readers for the first and second grades, also some laboratory supplies. He reported \$247 in the tuition fund and said that several non-resident parents were delinquent in payment of their children's tuition. The board instructed the clerk to at once enforce payment of all arrearages on tuition.

The superintendent told of the introduction of modeling work in the primary grades on Friday afternoons. He said that modeling helped drawing and that drawing was an aid to better penmanship. The children have been bringing in the clay; newspapers are spread over the desks, and, under the careful direction of the teachers, the work is cleanly and profitable.

Prof. Rayman stated that there was often a tendency of the younger pupils to feel that Friday was unimportant and this, as well as the monthly entertainments on Friday afternoons, inculcated a deeper spirit.

His report further covered some census data. The enumerators show that there are 5,510 persons of school age in East Liverpool, 2,990 being between the ages of 6 and 15; but only 2,727 were enrolled in the schools last month, including 200 pupils who are attending the parochial schools. In comparison with the enumerators' data the superintendent declared that there should be from 250 to 300 more pupils in school. He is having the absentees looked up.

The board approved Prof. Rayman's report and heartily commended the clay modeling by primary grades.

Clerk Hill informed the members that it would be necessary to borrow money to meet the pay rolls for the two coming months. The president and clerk were empowered to borrow sufficient money to tide the schools over until the coming tax fund relieves the stringency.

Ten dollars was appropriated from the examination fund to the Eastern Ohio Teachers' association.

On request of the superintendent the board directed him to expend money for educational lectures for the teachers, for the reason that it is inconvenient for the most of them to attend the county institute. The lectures will be along educational and pedagogical lines.

J. D. Clark, of the American School Furniture company, was present with

FRANCHISE FOR AN EXTENSION TERMINATED ON APRIL 1, 1901

a view of obtaining an order for desks, a supply of which is needed.

Recently some desks were obtained from that company. About a dozen of them will have to be replaced. Mr. Clark was informed that no more would be purchased until the broken ones are made good. The company's representative agreed to accede to the request, stating that the parts would be sent at once from Cleveland and a check in payment for the cost of putting the new backs to the desks would be sent to the board.

On motion of Mr. Wells the board adjourned.

BORROWED MONEY TO GAMBLE WITH

G. A. BERRY FAILED TO PAY AND WAS SUED.

Justice Rose Decided in His Favor, But Hinted the Defendant Wasn't Game.

The suit brought against G. A. Berry a few days ago by C. A. Smith was tried in Justice Rose's court yesterday afternoon. The plaintiff sought to obtain a judgment on a note which he claimed Berry had given him for \$55.

Berry's attorney contended that the money could not be collected for the reason that it was borrowed to be staked on a poker game. Berry also told the 'squire that he had obtained the money for gambling purposes.

Smith admitted that he had loaned Berry the money with the knowledge that it was to be wagered on cards, but said he had no connection with the game.

Justice Rose reserved his decision until this morning when he rendered a verdict in the defendant's favor. He said that while the law exempted Berry from paying a gambling debt, he thought that any man who played cards for money should be "game" enough to pay back money borrowed to play with.

CLAIMS COMMITTEE

REPORTED FAVORABLY ON BIG GRIST OF BILLS.

Several Were Held Over, Among Them Being That of Sanitary Reduction Company.

A meeting of the claims committee of the city council was held last night and a favorable report made on the following bills:

Ohio Valley Gas Co., \$7.80; E. M. Crosser, recorder, \$3.50; street department, salary, \$738.48; W. H. Adams, hardware, \$10.20; Ceramic City Light Co., \$759.86; J. J. Rose, flag, \$5; police department, salary, \$676.82; election rooms, \$35; T. V. Thompson, serving resolutions improvement of Church alley, \$6.75; George Adams, placing election booths, \$6; Sarah Haught, janitress, \$15; J. N. Hanley, salary and postage, \$63.50; Watson & Sloan, supplies, 55 cents; Wesley Johnson, stepping stones, \$12; George Adams, services, 75 cents; Wilson Stationery Co., \$16.90; Hill & Yates, supplies, \$1.15; Milligan Hardware Co., supplies, \$20.30; J. H. Burgess, salary, \$65; C. B. Ogden, salary, \$40; East Liverpool Tribune, printing, \$13; East Liverpool Publishing Co., printing, \$16; Crisis Publishing Co., \$16; Robert Hall, supplies, \$16.32; John Ryan, Sheridan avenue extras, \$45.35; East Liverpool Spring Water Co., \$2.75; B. F. Wade Printing Co., supplies, \$19.50; Thomas McLaughlin, repairs to Elghth street, \$8.50; John Ryan, \$72.17; J. C. Kelly and assistants, salary, \$445.63; Lewis Howard, street work, East End, \$50; Faulk Bros., supplies, 25 cents; R. G. Stenger, repairing harness, \$5.65; American Sewer Pipe Co., \$28.67; fire department, salary, \$964.87.

The following claims were left over, no action being taken on them:

Bell Telephone Co., 40 cents; Sanitary Reduction Co., \$135; Dr. Ogden, \$5; Freedom Oil Works Co., \$7; A. Trotter & Son, repairs, \$14.75.

Appointed a Commission.

Lisbon, November 12.—(Special)—A commission was appointed to take the election of the widow of John Nueller to accept the provisions of his will.

Ormes Is Improving.

Lincoln Ormes, who was thought to be bleeding to death, is somewhat improved today. The flow of blood from his nostrils has been checked, though he is not yet out of danger.

And East Liverpool Steel Railway Will Be Urged to Start Work.

A LARGELY SIGNED PETITION

To Go Before the Council Tonight Asking That Franchise Be Enforced.

\$5,000 BOND ALREADY FORFEITED

The Council Will Also Take Action Looking to the Improvement of a Large Number of Sidewalks on the Main Thoroughfares.

Among the matters which the city council will be called upon to consider at the meeting tonight is a request from the residents of Pleasant and Lisbon streets that the East Liverpool Street Railway be required to proceed at once in the work of carrying out the provisions of their franchise.

The residents of these thoroughfares have become weary of the long delay, and have determined to bring their request before the council in a manner that will demand some consideration. Taxpayers residing on Lisbon street asked for a board or cinder path some time ago, but owing to the condition of the city's finances the street committee, to which the request was referred, could not see their way clear to make the improvement.

With the street railway extension it is different. The action asked by the taxpayers of the West End will not involve the expenditure of a single cent of the public funds.

According to the franchise under which the railway operates, the extension asked for at this time should have been completed April 1, 1901, and therefore the \$5,000 bond placed with the city clerk has long since been forfeited.

An attorney has been retained by the property holders, and armed with a petition containing the names of upwards of 200 taxpayers affected by the extension, a delegation will be present at the meeting of council tonight for the purpose of urging their claims.

Another matter which will doubtless receive attention tonight is the abominable condition of some of the city sidewalks. Since the rain of last night and today several of the city dads have had forcible reminders that something should be done along this line. West Market street, from a point near the new Starkey property, as far up as Seventh street is in bad condition. There are a number of sidewalks at other points along the up-town streets which should be repaired, and it is probable that orders will be given to have the defects remedied without delay.

CATHEDRAL LYCEUM

The Strong Pittsburg Team to Meet the Y. M. C. A.'s on Thanksgiving Day.

The big Thanksgiving day game of foot ball has been arranged and the Y. M. C. A.'s will have as opponents the strong Cathedral Lyceum team of Pittsburg.

The Lulus athletic club had been booked earlier in the season, but the manager cancelled the game several days ago, claiming that the New Castle team had offered them more money than the East Liverpool eleven could pay for that date.

This was probably a good excuse, as it is a well known fact that the Lulus team does not play many strong teams outside of the Homestead club, and if they had appeared on the grid-iron here Thanksgiving, they would no doubt have been given a warm reception by the Y. M. C. A.'s.

The Cathedral Lyceum club is one of the strongest amateur teams in Pittsburg, and is the best attraction Manager Williams could have secured for Thanksgiving.

Several other teams were after them and it was necessary to give them a better guarantee than any other team could offer. They will receive \$200 and expenses for their share of the work that day.

Quarantines Lifted.

Sanitary Officer Burgess raised the quarantines today from the homes of Alvin Bulger, on Sixth street, and Irvin Green, on Third street. The children who were suffering from contagious diseases are now about recovered.

PROMINENT MAN IS UNDER ARREST

American Insurance Agent at
Columbus is Behind \$11,000
in His Accounts.

SENATOR CHAS. C. CONNELL

Is Alluded By a Political Writer as the
"Kid" Senator of the Premier
Body—Columbus Matters of Local
Interest.

Columbus, Nov. 12.—John M. Mulford, prominent in business, social and educational circles in this city, is in jail here charged with embezzlement, perjury and forgery. He recently resigned as national secretary of the American Insurance union which has headquarters in Columbus and also has a branch in East Liverpool, and a shortage of \$11,000 has been discovered in his accounts. To cover up his misdeeds it is alleged he made false returns to the state commissioner of insurance and in so doing was guilty of perjury. He acknowledged to a shortage of \$6,000, but aside from this will make no statement for publication. Mulford has always been highly respected and for years has been an active church worker. At present he is a trustee of the Broad street Methodist church and is also superintendent of the Sunday school of that church. The disclosures of his wrongdoing have created much excitement. Prosecutor Shields claims to have knowledge that Mulford forged a note for \$1,500 against the concern. It is said he invested in debenture securities which led to his downfall. The supreme court ousted the debenture companies from the state several months ago for transacting business contrary to law.

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Deputy Mine Inspectors Miller, of Stark county, and Davis, of Carroll county, attended a meeting of the state deputies at Chief Inspector Bidison's office at the state house, called for the purpose of devising new methods to better facilitate the work of the department. One matter discussed was the tendency of mine operators to send in inaccurate monthly reports. This evil is said to be universal throughout the state, and is attributed to carelessness on the part of the owner. If the actual conditions in the various mines were reported the department would be in a better position to put into effect proper remedial measures and thereby lessen the danger of accidents. Deputy Miller has charge of the Massillon field. Deputy Davis' jurisdiction extends as far east as the Pennsylvania state line, taking in Columbiana county. Both deputies report their districts to be in good condition. The Salsville mines, which were unsafe some months ago, are now regarded as secure.

Copies of general orders relieving the Seventeenth regiment from duty in the Philippines, where the command has been for three years, have been received at the local military post. The regiment will embark for this country as soon as transports can be procured.

It is thought the regiment will be ordered to Columbus, where it was stationed prior to its departure for the Orient. A large number of former members of the Eighth Ohio volunteers enlisted in the Seventeenth. Several East Liverpool lads are in the regiment. Governor Nash has approved the finding of the court-martial which tried Lawrence McIntire, a private of Company E, Third regiment, who deserted his post of duty while on sentinel duty at the funeral of President McKinley at Canton. He is ordered dishonorably discharged from the service of the National Guard.

John Pollock, of Stark county, who was appointed special commissioner

to investigate the subject of convict labor three months ago by State Labor Commissioner M. D. Ratchford, has completed his work and filed a report with the department. The appointment was made under the law which prescribes that the number of convicts or inmates engaged in the different industries in penal institutions of the state shall not exceed 10 per cent of the number of free laborers employed in similar vocations. The data secured by Mr. Pollock will not be given out until tabulated.

Taking returns from counties as tabulated in the office of the secretary of state as a basis it is evident that the Prohibitionists have again fallen short of the number of votes necessary to get on the official ballot without resorting to petition.

In referring to the personnel of the new senate the political writer on the Journal calls Senator Charles C. Connell, of Lisbon, the kid senator of the premier body. Connell is the youngest man ever elected to the Ohio senate.

L. S. Pardee, of Akron, a former East Liverpool resident, who was sergeant-at-arms of the Ohio senate two years ago, is a candidate for re-election. He will have opposition, but is said to have strong backing.

Furnaces Blown Out.

Youngstown, O., Nov. 12.—The blast furnaces of the Struthers Iron company were blown out yesterday on account of inability to obtain a sufficient supply of coke to keep them in operation. Other furnaces are short of coke and will be blown unless a supply is received within a few hours.

AZELDA

Azelda, Nov. 11.—Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Beck, of near Columbiana, visited at R. B. Tullis' this week.

Frank Williamson and bride passed through here Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Err Williams and daughter, Grace, of Rogers, visited Mrs. Williams' parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Cope, recently.

Ira and Node Crawford made a business trip to Salem one day this week.

A number of residents of this section are laying in their winter coal supply from the Sixteen coal bank.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Thomas and children visited relatives here recently.

Mrs. Charles Fitzsimmons, of Mt. Zion, visited relatives here lately.

Mrs. Eva Crawford and son Sundayed at R. C. Wilson's.

Mr. and Mrs. Vane Mankins, of New Waterford, visited here two days of last week.

L. A. Tullis and family, of Mt. Zion, spent yesterday with relatives.

What Is a Runaway Horse?

They have nice horses and cattle out west, but they have little ways of their own. For instance, a broken horse out west has points of difference from a broken horse in the east. Some of the saddle horses caused me most unaffected misery when I had to ride—and it was the same thing with the driving horses. I used to spend my winters in the east, and when I went back to the ranch I would of course want to hear the latest news about my neighbors—who'd been hanged and the rest.

My foreman had a grievance against a professor from Ann Arbor who wanted to see the Bad Lands and had hired a team, which ran away, smashing things up and breaking the professor's arm. He said that the professor had made a remark which made him hot. He didn't mind his saying that he had fallen into a den of sharks—because he knew sharks didn't have dens, and, besides, he didn't charge the professor for the use of the team; what made him hot was the remark that he had foisted on the professor a team of runaway horses.

"He had no right to call them that," said the foreman. "One horse had only been driven twice, and could hardly be called a confirmed runaway, and the other—well, there were lots of times when he hadn't run away."—Forest and Stream.

Won.

He had gone to ask her father for her hand in marriage. "Well, sir, what is it?" snapped out the old man. "Remember, I am a man of few words." "I don't care if you're a man of only one word if it's the right one," replied the suitor. He got the girl.—Philadelphia Record.

Wasted.

Tess—So Mr. Borem called on you last evening. I don't suppose you got a chance to open your mouth.
Jess—Oh, yes, frequently. But it didn't do any good. He didn't pay any attention to my yawns.—Philadelphia Press.

It is always a matter of surprise that others should take their worries so much to heart; also that they make so light of ours.—Smart Set.

Not a Dissenting Vote.

A perfect laxative! That is the unanimous verdict of the people who use Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. 50c and \$1 sizes. Sold by W. & W. pharmacy.

How is your health? Have you used "Disinfectine" Soap?

109-h-127-h

EAST END

WANT A CAR

EAST END GROCERS MAKE REQUEST TO RAILROAD COMPANY.

Residents Object And Think It Would Prolong the Erection of a Depot.

Grocers of the East End have taken up the subject of better accommodations for the freight business of that station. They have formulated a request to be sent to the superintendent of maintenance of way of the Pennsylvania to have an old box car or other shed at the Mulberry street crossing for the placing of freight when the weather is bad.

But no sooner did the grocers take this action until there was a general remonstrance, for many people think that if the Pennsylvania establishes a shack of that kind it will prolong for years the erection of an East End depot.

Now, the grocers do not know just what to do. A carload of flour was unloaded this morning in the rain and the barrels stood for some time unprotected.

A 180-pound box of fish was thrown off several rods from the depot, the end containing the way bill and other papers sticking in the mud and spoiling the memoranda.

PETTY THIEVES

Somebody Stole a Pail of Milk From the Residence of W. C. Smith.

Petty thieves are again busy in the East End. Yesterday a pail of milk was stolen from the residence of W. C. Smith on St. George street. Several persons report the pilfering of products from porches and kitchens.

Smith has been unfortunate in the past week. A few evening's since some wicked individual cast a stone through the large front window of his house, doing \$4 damage. Other acts of vandalism have been done recently in that vicinity.

NEW PARSONAGE

Building Committee of M. E. Church Staked Off Ground for New Building.

The building committee of the Erie street M. E. church paid a visit to their lot Monday evening and staked off ground for the new parsonage. Excavation will be commenced at once. By a recent deal with the Puritan Land company a change was made in the boundary of the tract, so that the church and parsonage can front on Erie street.

The parsonage is to be constructed at once, but the new church will probably not be built for two or three years.

A Pleasant Party.

A party was given Monday evening at the residence of James Jamison, on Erie street, in honor of Miss Smith, of Servis, Pa. About 30 young people were present and the evening was spent in dancing. The guests were treated to an elaborate supper.

EAST END AFFAIRS.

John White is dangerously ill at his home on St. George street.

James Cross, of Toronto, is moving his family into one of Alex Chaffin's houses.

Frank W. Polen has broken ground for a new two-story house in the Klondike.

Ohio Valley Council No. 23, O. U. A. M., will hold an important meeting Thursday night.

Miss Smith, of Servis, Pa., is a guest at the residence of Lincoln Morley, on Mulberry street.

A party will be given tomorrow evening at the home of John Smith, on Wedgewood avenue.

Archie Seagriff is very ill with lumbago at his home, corner of First and Pennsylvania avenues.

Wylie Burchett will move this week from Chaffinville to his recently purchased residence on St. George street.

George McKinnon's new house on Mulberry street has been plastered and will be completed in two weeks.

The walls are up for Richard Laughlin's dwelling, near Columbian park. It will be a fine house when completed.

Thomas Hayes is in a critical condition at his home on High street. He suffered a severe spell Monday and is very little better today.

The Erie street M. E. church Epworth League has arranged for a course of four lectures. The first will be given at the church next Tuesday night.

Mrs. Jere Norton left this morning for Albion, Pa., to join her husband, who has a crockery store in that place. She has resigned her position as head of the decalcemia department of the National.

Increasing Resemblance.
"What you chilblen been doin'?"
"We ain't been doin' nothin'."
"Deah me! You grow moah like rough pa every day!"—Indianapolis News.

Try a News Review want ad.



Treat your
Dining
Room

to a new Table and
Sideboard before
Thanksgiving.

Your turkey will taste better.

HARD'S

"THE BIG STORE"

THE EASY PAYMENT STORE.

FAMILY TRADE SECRETS.

Some That Bring Great Wealth to Their Fortunate Possessors.

That silence is golden no one will deny, but they who will most readily admit the truth of this maxim, are the members of those families whose silence, lasting in some cases for centuries, has brought them untold wealth. And the most curious part of it is that outsiders, try as they will, have been unable to discover the secrets these lucky families possess.

Few people know where Bank of England note paper comes from, and fewer still how it is made, because its manufacture is a family secret, and has been so for nearly two centuries. In 1717 a man named Portal discovered how to make this paper, and the government thereupon contracted with him to supply all that was required for bank notes. The contract still holds good, and once a week a quantity is sent from Laverstoke, in Hampshire, where the family still exists, the paper being guarded by a number of detectives throughout the journey. No one has yet succeeded in discovering how the Portals make the paper, and probably no one ever will.

Minton ware is another family monopoly, though unprotected by the patents act. In 1793 Thomas Minton, a Staffordshire potter, discovered how to make a peculiar china with a green glaze unlike any other in vogue. He kept his secret to himself, made the ware by stealth, and in due time accumulated a fortune. Before he died he gave the secret to his eldest son, and it has been handed down from generation to generation to the present time. The works are now situated at Stoke-on-Trent, and every year the Mintons turn nearly 100,000 tons of clay into the famous ware that bears their name.

Sword forging is one of the most difficult branches of the mechanic's art, and only one family, residing in Birmingham, knows how to do it to perfection. There is a secret in sword forging which this family alone has conquered, and it has been in its possession for upward of half a century and is still unknown to outsiders. A sword made by a workman belonging to this family is worth twice as much as one made by any other firm, and although enormous sums have been offered for the secret from time to time every member remains true to his trust.

One of the oldest family secrets is that connected with the manufacture of eau de cologne, for it has been owned by the Farinas since 1685. In that year an Italian, Giovanni Farina, invented the perfume, and only his eldest son was admitted into the secret. At the present moment the Farinas have twenty-eight factories at Cologne. This silence on the part of the family through so many years has brought untold wealth, for nine out of every ten bottles of the perfume purchased all over the world is of Farina make.

It seems hard to believe that we are to a great extent indebted to one family for our supremacy on the seas, but such is the case. All the iron used in the navy is made by the family of Crawshaw, the descendants of a Yorkshire farmer, who discovered a method of making the metal harder than any one else could do, and in consequence received a contract to supply the iron for the navy. The secret still remains with the family, and foreign nations have periodically offered millions for its possession, but without success.

In the wine trade there are endless secrets, some of them of great importance and owned by single families. Tokay, a rare and costly wine and the favorite drink of the emperor of Austria, is made only by the Counts of Zemplen from a secret recipe, while the equally famous Lachryma Christi cannot be procured except from the vineyards on Vesuvius. Maraschino, too, is made in secret solely by a Dalmatian family called Nanis, who first discovered the recipe three centuries ago.—London Tit-Bits.

FOR SALE.

Farm of 105 acres situated in Raccoon Township, Beaver County. A good grain or dairy farm. Well watered by never failing springs, land is very fertile and lays well, part level and part rolling. About 80 acres in cultivation.

Good Buildings.
9 Room Frame House.
New Stable, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Granary and Out Buildings.

Good shipping facilities by water or rail.

Farm lies on the Ohio River opposite the town of Industry, 6 miles from Beaver.

Address
JAMES FRIEL & CO.,
135 7th St., Pittsburg.

Do You Eat
This Warm Weather?

If so, get your

Fresh Meats

at

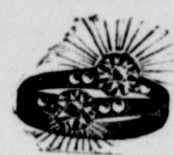
W. H. NAGEL'S,

255 W. Market Street. Everything fresh and the best. Telephone 592.

NEW ERA RESTAURANT, Billiard Hall and Cafe.

Tobacco and Cigar department stocked with the finest Cigars and Tobacco in the market. Dining room up-to-date. Table d'hote meals, 25c. Banquets a specialty. Best furnished Billiard and Pool Room in the state. Lighted with electric lights. Bar open 7 a. m. to 11 p. m.

110 and 112 Sixth St.,
East Liverpool, Ohio.
J. C. WALSH, Prop.



Jewelry
Worth
the Price

It wears and gives pleasure for years, we have a large selection, Diamonds, Watches, Silverware, Clocks, Artistic Novelties. Anything in the Jewelry Line. Visit us and see. Watch repairing and Engraving a specialty.

A. G. HOFMAN,

Stevenson Block,
Cor. 5th and Market st.

News Review "Wants" bring quick results.

A Safe Investment!

For the next 60 days we
will issue

Paid Up Stock

on which we will pay

Six PER CENT. Interest

semi-annually from date
of certificate.

The Union Building, Loan &
Trust Co.

ICE
ICE
ICE

Have the best, let
us serve you with

Union Manufactured Ice.

Prompt attention to all orders.

The Crockery City Brewing Co.

DR. LYON'S French Periodical Drops

Strictly vegetable, perfectly harmless, sure to accomplish DESIRED RESULTS. Greatest known female remedy.

CAUTION Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine is put up only in paste-board Carton with fac-simile signature on side of the bottle, thus: Send for Circular to WILLIAMS' MED. CO., Sole Agents, Cleveland, Ohio.

Sold at Bert Ansley's Pharmacy, East Liverpool, O.

PROMINENT MAN IS UNDER ARREST

American Insurance Agent at
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Deputy Mine Inspectors Miller, of Stark county, and Davis, of Carroll county, attended a meeting of the state deputies at Chief Inspector Bid-dison's office at the state house, called for the purpose of devising new methods to better facilitate the work of the department. One matter discussed was the tendency of mine operators to send in inaccurate monthly reports. This evil is said to be universal throughout the state, and is attributed to carelessness on the part of the owner. If the actual conditions in the various mines were reported the department would be in a better position to put into effect proper remedial measures and thereby lessen the danger of accidents. Deputy Miller has charge of the Massillon field. Deputy Davis' jurisdiction extends as far east as the Pennsylvania state line, taking in Columbiana county. Both deputies report their districts to be in good condition. The Salineville mines, which were unsafe some months ago, are now regarded as secure.

Copies of general orders relieving the Seventeenth regiment from duty in the Philippines, where the command has been for three years, have been received at the local military post. The regiment will embark for this country as soon as transports can be procured.

It is thought the regiment will be ordered to Columbus, where it was stationed prior to its departure for the Orient. A large number of former members of the Eighth Ohio volunteers enlisted in the Seventeenth. Several East Liverpool lads are in the regiment. Governor Nash has approved the finding of the court-martial which tried Lawrence McIntire, a private of Company E, Third regiment, who deserted his post of duty while on sentinel duty at the funeral of President McKinley at Canton. He is ordered dishonorably discharged from the service of the National Guard.

John Pollock, of Stark county, who was appointed special commissioner

to investigate the subject of convict labor three months ago by State Labor Commissioner M. D. Rathford, has completed his work and filed a report with the department. The appointment was made under the law which prescribes that the number of convicts or inmates engaged in the different industries in penal institutions of the state shall not exceed 10 per cent of the number of free laborers employed in similar vocations. The data secured by Mr. Pollock will not be given out until tabulated.

Taking returns from counties as tabulated in the office of the secretary of state as a basis it is evident that the Prohibitionists have again fallen short of the number of votes necessary to get on the official ballot without resorting to petition.

In referring to the personnel of the new senate the political writer on the Journal calls Senator Charles C. Connell, of Lisbon, the kid senator of the premier body. Connell is the youngest man ever elected to the Ohio senate.

L. S. Pardee, of Akron, a former East Liverpool resident, who was sergeant-at-arms of the Ohio senate two years ago, is a candidate for re-election. He will have opposition, but is said to have strong backing.

Furnaces Blown Out.

Youngstown, O., Nov. 12.—The blast furnaces of the Struthers Iron company were blown out yesterday on account of inability to obtain a sufficient supply of coke to keep them in operation. Other furnaces are short of coke and will be banked unless a supply is received within a few hours.

AZELDA

Azelda, Nov. 11.—Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Beck, of near Columbiana, visited at R. B. Tullis' this week.

Frank Williamson and bride passed through here Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Err Williams and daughter, Grace, of Rogers, visited Mrs. Williams' parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Cope, recently.

Ira and Node Crawford made a business trip to Salem one day this week.

A number of residents of this section are laying in their winter coal supply from the sixteen coal bank.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Thomas and children visited relatives here recently.

Mrs. Charles Fitzsimmons, of Mt. Zion, visited relatives here lately.

Mrs. Eva Crawford and son Sunday-visited at R. C. Wilson's.

Mr. and Mrs. Vane Mankins, of New Waterford, visited here two days of last week.

L. A. Tullis and family, of Mt. Zion, spent yesterday with relatives.

What Is a Runaway Horse?

They have nice horses and cattle out west, but they have little ways of their own. For instance, a broken horse out west has points of difference from a broken horse in the east. Some of the saddle horses caused me most unaffected misery when I had to ride—and it was the same thing with the driving horses. I used to spend my winters in the east, and when I went back to the ranch I would of course want to hear the latest news about my neighbors—who'd been hanged and the rest.

My foreman had a grievance against a professor from Ann Arbor who wanted to see the Bad Lands and had hired a team, which ran away, smashing things up and breaking the professor's arm. He said that the professor had made a remark which made him hot. He didn't mind his saying that he had fallen into a den of sharks—because he knew sharks didn't have dens, and, besides, he didn't charge the professor for the use of the team; what made him hot was the remark that he had foisted on the professor a team of runaway horses.

"He had no right to call them that," said the foreman. "One horse had only been driven twice, and could hardly be called a confirmed runaway, and the other—well, there were lots of times when he hadn't run away."—Forest and Stream.

Won.

He had gone to ask her father for her hand in marriage. "Well, sir, what is it?" snapped out the old man. "Remember, I am a man of few words." "I don't care if you're a man of only one word if it's the right one," replied the suitor. He got the girl.—Philadelphia Record.

Wanted.

Tess—So Mr. Borem called on you last evening. I don't suppose you got a chance to open your mouth.
Jess—Oh, yes, frequently. But it didn't do any good. He didn't pay any attention to my yawns.—Philadelphia Press.

It is always a matter of surprise that others should take their worries so much to heart; also that they make so light of ours.—Smart Set.

Not a Dissenting Vote.

A perfect laxative! That is the unanimous verdict of the people who use Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. 50c and \$1 sizes. Sold by W. & W. pharmacy.

How is your health? Have you used "Disinfectant" Soap?

109-h-127-h

EAST END

WANT A CAR

EAST END GROCERS MAKE REQUEST TO RAILROAD COMPANY.

Residents Object And Think It Would Prolong the Erection of a Depot.

Grocers of the East End have taken up the subject of better accommodations for the freight business of that station. They have formulated a request to be sent to the superintendent of maintenance of way of the Pennsylvania to have an old box car or other shed at the Mulberry street crossing for the placing of freight when the weather is bad.

But no sooner did the grocers take this action until there was a general remonstrance, for many people think that if the Pennsylvania establishes a shack of that kind it will prolong for years the erection of an East End depot.

Now, the grocers do not know just what to do. A carload of flour was unloaded this morning in the rain and the barrels stood for some time unprotected.

A 180-pound box of fish was thrown off several rods from the depot, the end containing the way bill and other papers sticking in the mud and spoiling the memoranda.

PETTY THIEVES

Somebody Stole a Pail of Milk From the Residence of W. C. Smith.

Petty thieves are again busy in the East End. Yesterday a pail of milk was stolen from the residence of W. C. Smith on St. George street. Several persons report the pilfering of products from porches and kitchens.

Smith has been unfortunate in the past week. A few evenings since some wicked individual cast a stone through the large front window of his house, doing \$4 damage. Other acts of vandalism have been done recently in that vicinity.

NEW PARSONAGE

Building Committee of M. E. Church Staked Off Ground for New Building.

The building committee of the Erie street M. E. church paid a visit to their lot Monday evening and staked off ground for the new parsonage. Excavation will be commenced at once. By a recent deal with the Puritan Land company a change was made in the boundary of the tract, so that the church and parsonage can front on Erie street.

The parsonage is to be constructed at once, but the new church will probably not be built for two or three years.

A Pleasant Party.

A party was given Monday evening at the residence of James Jamison, on Erie street, in honor of Miss Smith, of Servis, Pa. About 30 young people were present and the evening was spent in dancing. The guests were treated to an elaborate supper.

EAST END AFFAIRS.

John White is dangerously ill at his home on St. George street.

James Cross, of Toronto, is moving his family into one of Alex Chaffin's houses.

Frank W. Polen has broken ground for a new two-story house in the Klondike.

Ohio Valley Council No. 23, O. U. A. M., will hold an important meeting Thursday night.

Miss Smith, of Servis, Pa., is a guest at the residence of Lincoln Morley, on Mulberry street.

A party will be given tomorrow evening at the home of John Smith, on Wedgewood avenue.

Archie Searight is very ill with lumbago at his home, corner of First and Pennsylvania avenues.

Wylie Burchett will move this week from Chaffinville to his recently purchased residence on St. George street.

George McKinnon's new house on Mulberry street has been plastered and will be completed in two weeks.

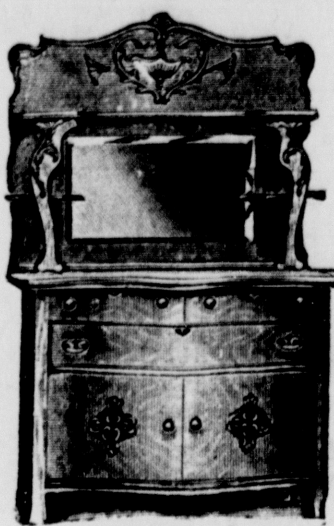
The walls are up for Richard Laughlin's dwelling, near Columbian park. It will be a fine house when completed.

Thomas Hayes is in a critical condition at his home on High street. He suffered a severe spell Monday and is very little better today.

The Erie street M. E. church Epworth League has arranged for a course of four lectures. The first will be given at the church next Tuesday night.

Mrs. Jere Norton left this morning for Albion, Pa., to join her husband, who has a crockery store in that place. She has resigned her position as head of the decalcomania department of the National.

Try a News Review want ad.



Treat your
Dining
Room

to a new Table and
Sideboard before
Thanksgiving.

Your turkey will taste better.

HARD'S

"THE BIG STORE"

THE EASY PAYMENT STORE.

FAMILY TRADE SECRETS.

Some That Bring Great Wealth to Their Fortunate Possessors.

That silence is golden no one will deny, but they who will most readily admit the truth of this maxim are the members of those families whose silence, lasting in some cases for centuries, has brought them untold wealth. And the most curious part of it is that outsiders, try as they will, have been unable to discover the secrets these lucky families possess.

Few people know where Bank of England note paper comes from, and fewer still how it is made, because its manufacture is a family secret, and has been so for nearly two centuries. In 1717 a man named Portal discovered how to make this paper, and the government thereupon contracted with him to supply all that was required for bank notes. The contract still holds good, and once a week a quantity is sent from Laverstoke, in Hampshire, where the family still exists, the paper being guarded by a number of detectives throughout the journey. No one has yet succeeded in discovering how the Portals make the paper, and probably no one ever will.

Minton ware is another family monopoly, though unprotected by the patents act. In 1793 Thomas Minton, a Staffordshire potter, discovered how to make a peculiar china with a green glaze unlike any other in vogue. He kept his secret to himself, made the ware by stealth, and in due time accumulated a fortune. Before he died he gave the secret to his eldest son, and it has been handed down from generation to generation to the present time. The works are now situated at Stoke-on-Trent, and every year the Mintons turn nearly 100,000 tons of clay into the famous ware that bears their name.

Sword forging is one of the most difficult branches of the mechanic's art, and only one family, residing in Birmingham, knows how to do it to perfection. There is a secret in sword forging which this family alone has conquered, and it has been in its possession for upward of half a century and is still unknown to outsiders. A sword made by a workman belonging to this family is worth twice as much as one made by any other firm, and although enormous sums have been offered for the secret from time to time every member remains true to his trust.

One of the oldest family secrets is that connected with the manufacture of eau de cologne, for it has been owned by the Farinas since 1685. In that year an Italian, Giovanni Farina, invented the perfume, and only his eldest son was admitted into the secret. At the present moment the Farinas have twenty-eight factories at Cologne. This silence on the part of the family through so many years has brought untold wealth, for nine out of every ten bottles of the perfume purchased all over the world is of Farina make.

It seems hard to believe that we are to a great extent indebted to one family for our supremacy on the seas, but such is the case. All the iron used in the navy is made by the family of Crawshaw, the descendants of a Yorkshire farmer, who discovered a method of making the metal harder than any one else could do, and in consequence received a contract to supply the iron for the navy. The secret still remains with the family, and foreign nations have periodically offered millions for its possession, but without success.

In the wine trade there are endless secrets, some of them of great importance and owned by single families. Tokay, a rare and costly wine and the favorite drink of the emperor of Austria, is made only by the Counts of Zemplen from a secret recipe, while the equally famous Lachrymæ Christi cannot be procured except from the family of Adrienne, the owners of the vineyards on Vesuvius. Maraschino, too, is made in secret solely by a Dalmatian family called Naus, who first discovered the recipe three centuries ago.—London Tit-Bits.

Increasing Resemblance.

"What you chillun been doin'?"
"We ain't been doin' nothin'."
"Deah me! You grow moah like rough pa every day!"—Indianapolis News.

FOR SALE.

Farm of 105 acres situated in Raccoon Township, Beaver County. A good grain or dairy farm. Well watered by never failing springs, land is very fertile and lays well, part level and part rolling. About 80 acres in cultivation.

Good Buildings.
9 Room Frame House.
New Stable, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Granary and Out Buildings.

Good shipping facilities by water or rail.

Farm lies on the Ohio River opposite the town of Industry, 6 miles from Beaver.

Address
JAMES FRIEL & CO.,
135 7th St., Pittsburg.

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This Warm Weather?

If so, get your

Fresh Meats

at

W. H. NAGEL'S,

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NEW ERA RESTAURANT, Billiard Hall and Cafe.

Tobacco and Cigar department stocked with the finest Cigars and Tobacco in the market. Dining room up-to-date. Table d'hôte meals, 25c. Banquets a specialty. Best furnished Billiard and Pool Room in the state. Lighted with electric lights. Bar open 7 a. m. to 11 p. m.

110 and 112 Sixth St.,
East Liverpool, Ohio.
J. C. WALSH, Prop.



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It wears and gives pleasure for years, we have a large selection, Diamonds, Watches, Silverware, Clocks, Artistic Novelties. Anything in the Jewelry Line. Visit us and see. Watch repairing and Engraving a specialty.

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will issue

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Have the best, let
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LYON'S French Periodical Drops

Strictly vegetable, perfectly harmless, sure to accomplish
DESIRED RESULTS. Greatest known female remedy.

CAUTION Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine is put up only in paste-board Car-
ton with fac-simile signature on side of the bottle, thus:
Send for Circular to WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Sole Agents, Cleveland, Ohio.
Sold at Bert Ansley's Pharmacy, East Liverpool, O.

NO NEGRO PROBLEM

Said Bishop Foss, But That of Humanity, Of the Nation.

M. E. FREEDMEN'S BOARD MET.

Good Showing by Treasurer and Secretary—A Presbyterian of Beaver, Pa., Contributed Money For Science School at Athens, Ga.

Pittsburg, Nov. 12.—The Freedmen's Aid and Southern Education society of the Methodist Episcopal church began business yesterday morning in Calvary church, Allegheny, to continue in session two days. The general committee consists of the bishops, corresponding secretaries, treasurer and recording secretary of the board of managers, one representative from each general conference district and an equal number from the board of managers. There was an attendance of about 200 persons and Bishop S. M. Merrill presided. As neither the secretary nor the treasurer was present, the body was slow in getting down to business. The Rev. John Pearson, of Cincinnati, was chosen temporary secretary, and enrolled the delegates.

The Rev. Dr. E. J. Knox made an address of welcome. He said the convention was not here to discuss questions of church ritual or millinery, but to consider the great problem of



BISHOP C. W. FOWLER.

the negro. Western Pennsylvania and North Carolina were settled by Scotchmen, "and no Scotchman," said Dr. Knox, "ever need to pray, 'give me a good opinion of myself.'" He said it had taken generations to change the Scotchman from a sheep stealing, cattle stealing man to an upright Presbyterian elder and a good Methodist class leader, and a successful iron manufacturer.

"And yet," said Dr. Knox, "we are not willing to give the negro one generation to get changed."

He has come, the speaker said, from absolute barbarism to citizenship and we must be patient with him. The negro has been left largely to the south and mob law has reigned, and we do not need to put our ears very low to the ground to hear the southern men say, "Help us to let go of the problem," said Dr. Knox. But there is no room for discouragement or dependency, as God's providences have all the future in range.

No Negro Problem, Said Foss.

Bishop C. D. Foss, of Philadelphia, responded to Dr. Knox. He said the committee was trying to aid the mountain whites of Tennessee. After telling several anecdotes he said he felt that a society which has done good for 35 years is worthy of a royal welcome. He said that the whole country is responsible for the condition of the negro in the south. He thought the work of the education society had done much for the whole south. Southern men testify to the good done by the society for the negroes of the south. The difference between a colored conference down there now and what it was 30 years ago is marvelous. "There is no negro problem," said Bishop Foss. "It is the problem of humanity, of the nation, and it is a shame that civil constitutions should protect injustice, and we have not done our duty until all such are repealed and the negro protected in his rights all through the republic."

He held that an outpouring of gospel power was needed to induce the people to pour their money into the treasury of the church, in order that the work of the society may be carried on with increased vigor.

Secretary Thirkield showed that Booker T. Washington's school at Tuskegee, Ala., had 1,000 students and spent \$100,000 a year in its work. But the Methodist society has 43 schools, with over 3,000 students receiving industrial education, and a total attendance of 10,000 students, and last year less than \$100,000 was expended.

Surplus in the Treasury.

The treasurer's report showed total receipts of \$93,550 and expenditures of \$77,897.45, leaving about \$15,000 in the treasury. The report gave a detailed statement of the money appropriated to the various institutions in the south. As the report was printed and distributed through the house, the reading was dispensed with.

Bishop Charles H. Fowler then took the chair for the rest of the day.

The Rev. Dr. W. P. Thirkield, sec-

Bon Ami
The Finest Cleaner Made
Cleans bath tubs perfectly.

A SKIMMING DISH MAY WIN THE CUP

By Captain HANK C. HAPP, Who Defended the Cup With Volunteer and Defender



DO not think that the America's cup will ever be lifted by a boat built on the same lines as the Columbia or the Shamrock II. I believe that the next challenger will meet a defender of the so called scow type, closely resembling Independence, which was the fastest model ever produced.

It appears to me that THE LIMIT HAS BEEN REACHED IN THE COLUMBIA TYPE OF VESSEL, as practically no improvement has been made in either challengers or defenders in the past five years.

IT MAY BE AN OLD FASHIONED IDEA, BUT I BELIEVE THAT A SKIMMING DISH CAN BE BUILT THAT WILL BE MUCH FASTER THAN ANY VESSEL OF THE BULB KEEL OR FIN TYPE.

retary of the society, read the report of the board of managers. It is issued in pamphlet form, and shows that in 35 years the society has reached about 200,000 students, sent out about 10,000 teachers and 2,000 ministers, enrolled about 551,000 members and accumulated property worth over \$2,000,000. Dr. Thirkield said that the object was not to make the negro smart, but to make him good.

Secretary M. C. B. Mason read reports on the condition of the several schools, showing them all to be prosperous. Mr. Williams, "a generous Presbyterian layman of Beaver, Pa., gave \$5,000 to build a science hall at Athens, Ga.," said Secretary Mason.

Brief addresses were made by the bishops on the work in the various fields.

Bishops Walden, Goodsell, Warren and Foster also spoke.

At the afternoon session the appropriations for 1902-3 were taken up. Bishop Cyrus D. Foss took up the various branches of the institution as recommended by the appropriation committee for schools among the negroes and whites in the south, and the expenses incurred in carrying on the work. The amount from the general fund is \$117,500. The board of managers asked \$131,075.

The question arose whether the society was legally permitted to appropriate a greater sum than it could positively guarantee.

Different persons spoke.

Bishop Fowler, after a history of the work accomplished by the officers of the society, asked that two special agents be employed to circulate information through the press and gather Bishop Andrews to substitute the former motion of referring the report to the appropriation committee, and it carried. This was that the committee be recommended to hold a conference and report in favor of the amount of \$131,075, and the original report. This motion was passed.

A motion to consider the relations of the society with the Morgan college and affiliated institutions was passed, and Bishops Walden and Cranston and Revs. R. S. Rust, L. Gilbert, M. C. Mason, G. W. Isham and H. J. Monroe were appointed a committee to report.

At a great mass meeting in Christ Methodist Episcopal church last night stirring remarks were made regarding the ever present questions affecting the education and improvement of the negro race in this country.

RATHBUN ARRESTED.

ADMITTED ATTEMPTED INSURANCE FRAUD.

Denied Murder—Body Shipped to Little Rock That of W. L. Teneycke.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 12.—Newell C. Rathbun, who was supposed to have been dead in a Jeffersonville (Ind.) hotel last Thursday, was arrested in Louisville yesterday. According to Rathbun, the corpse which was shipped to Little Rock for burial as the body of Rathbun, was the body of W. L. Teneycke. Rathbun is held as a fugitive from justice.

The arrest was made on information from Sergeant Skinner, of the United States recruiting station. Rathbun enlisted under the name of "Lou Root, Detroit." Sergeant Skinner had read the story of the Jeffersonville case, and circumstances connected with the new recruit aroused his suspicions. One of these was the fact that the man had on a government suit of underwear. Rathbun said he had bought the garments from a soldier friend. Another circumstance was his knowledge of army affairs about Little Rock. He passed the examination and enlisted Saturday.

At the detective's office Rathbun was put through the sweating process and under pressure made the following statement, according to his inquiries:

"My name is Newell C. Rathbun and my home is in Little Rock, Ark. Several months ago I deserted from the army post at Plattsburg, N. Y., in company with another recruit by the name of W. H. Ellis. I soon lost sight of him and went to Little Rock. There I was married and afterward took out the insurance policies.

"I came to Louisville about 10 days ago and formed a plan to make the insurance company think I was dead, so that I could collect the insurance. I fell in with a man, who said his name was W. L. Teneycke, in front of the Salvation Army headquarters in Louisville, and told him of my plan, and he agreed to help me. Our plan was to obtain a corpse from some place, put it in a hotel in Jeffersonville, and then set fire to the hotel.

"While we were in Jeffersonville we took a number of drinks and Teneycke got drunk. I think his death was caused by drinking. I put the letters addressed to me in his pocket and left. I did not kill him. I then came to Louisville and went to the recruiting office and enlisted. My real home is in Detroit."

The most effusive argument a charming woman can use to a man is an appealing "Don't you think so?"—Smart Set.

IGLESIAIS UNDER ARREST.

Charge of Conspiracy Was Against Him—Protest From Samuel Gompers.

San Juan, Porto Rico, Nov. 12.—Santiago Iglesias was arrested here last Thursday on landing from the Red "D" line steamer Philadelphia, captain Furst, which arrived here that day from New York on her way to La Guayra and Porto Cabello. His detention was due to his non-appearance after having been thrice summoned by the local courts to appear in a case against him and seven others, brought in July of last year, when the currency was changed.

At that time he persuaded the local Federation of Labor to order all labor organizations to go on strike unless they were paid in gold at the same rate as silver—master workmen, \$3; journeymen, \$2; and ordinary laborers, \$1.50. These rates were not accepted by the employers and a general strike, which was accompanied by some violence, followed.

Iglesias and the other members of the labor committee were charged with conspiracy.

He is now in jail awaiting trial in default of \$2,000 bail. Yesterday he sent a petition to Governor Hunt, asking to be released on his own recognizance, explaining that he made a similar application when first summoned, but that the case was postponed and that no notice of the hearing on May 2 was ever served upon him.

The public prosecutor asks that he be sentenced to a term of imprisonment on the ground that he is a dangerous labor agitator and is continually causing unrest.

Washington, Nov. 12.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, saw the president to protest against the arrest of Santiago Iglesias, who was sent to Porto Rico by the Federation to organize the workmen of the island.

The president immediately sent an inquiry to Governor Hunt as to the cause of the arrest.

During Mr. Gompers' interview he spoke to the president about labor legislation, the Chinese exclusion act, the extension of the eight-hour law, the alien contract labor law and the convict labor bill. Mr. Gompers was especially anxious that the president should recommend the re-enactment of the Chinese exclusive act, and he came away impressed with the belief that the president would do so.

TO CONSIDER BOERS' APPEAL.

Council of Arbitration Tribunal to Meet—Peace Terms Denied by Boers.

The Hague, Nov. 12.—The administrative council of the arbitration tribunal will meet Nov. 20, to decide on the appeal of the Boers against the ruling that the war in South Africa is not subject to the court's consideration.

London, Nov. 12.—The story circulated in the United States by a news agency, under an Amsterdam date, purporting to give the peace terms which the Boers are willing to accept and alleging that they are to be embodied in a formal document for circulation among the powers, was seemingly started in an English provincial paper and is denied by the Boer delegates at The Hague.

MAY FIGHT CRACKER TRUST.

Independent Dealers Hold Meeting at Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Nov. 12.—Representatives of more than 75 independent cracker bakers convened from all parts of the United States in a secret session at the Grand hotel here. While it is said to be a voluntary meeting of the cracker bakers for the purpose of bettering conditions among the independent bakers, it is evident from the air of secrecy that an attempt will be made before the conference adjourns to effect an organization which will become a protective association against the National Biscuit company.

A temporary organization was effected by the choice of H. B. Grubb, of St. Louis, president, and J. W. Callahan, of New York, secretary.

In an interview last night Secretary Callahan said:

"We want the fact made plain and emphasized to the public that we are not forming a trust at this meeting. Our organization is to be composed of cracker manufacturers who desire to maintain their independence in the trade, but purpose working harmoniously together under certain conditions."

It is expected that the convention will continue three or four days.

Up Late Last Night?

Then you don't feel just the best today. Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is very effective for sick headache, biliousness or disordered stomach. Sold by the W. & W. pharmacy.

The News Review for the news.

DURBIN ASSAILED

By Beckham, For His Refusal to Turn Over Taylor and Finley.

MAY APPEAL TO HIGHER COURT.

Letter Indiana Governor Wrote Also Contributed to Causing the Wrath of the Kentucky Executive—Some Hot Shots.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 12.—Governor Beckham last night addressed to Governor Durbin, of Indiana, a letter replying to the criticism by that executive of the courts and officials of Kentucky in his recent letter refusing to honor the requisition for Taylor and Finley, for alleged complicity in the assassination of Governor Goebel. He severely arraigns Governor Durbin for his refusal, charging that in doing so he violated his oath of office to support the constitution of the United States and that he became "a party after the fact to the most infamous crime in the history of this state, the cold-blooded and dastardly murder of an eminent and distinguished citizen of Kentucky."

The Kentucky legislature also charges that Governor Durbin's action in refusing was the result of a political bargain made before his election to office, and characterizes his charges against the courts and officials of Kentucky as slanderous and unexcusable misrepresentations.

He takes the stand that a governor of a state has no discretionary powers, but only ministerial power, in the honoring of legally drawn requisitions from other states, and this is taken here as an indication that steps will shortly be taken in the courts to compel Durbin by mandamus to honor the requisitions. If such proceedings shall be instituted they will be in the courts of Indiana and taken on appeal to the supreme court.

COUNTY AND NEIGHBORHOOD

Samuel Fligle, of Homeworth, was robbed of \$50.

John Whimire, of Navarre, aged 6, was accidentally shot by Collis Rider, a companion, aged 13, in a woods near his home.

The dead body of Miss Sarah Prosser, aged 34, a Massillon milliner, was found in the Tuscarawas river there Sunday. Suicide is suspected.

John Robinson, aged 40, employed in a mine near North Lawrence, was caught beneath a fall of rock. One leg was broken in two places. Internal injuries were also sustained.

Wright Shaw, a coal miner living near Massillon, has been notified that a distant relative in Columbus, Kan., whom he had never seen, is dead and has left him a farm, a coal mine and \$5,000.

U. S. Shire, a C. A. & C. railway brakeman, fell from his train at Akron Junction and his neck was broken. The body was not found for several hours. He was 39 years old and resided in Alliance.

Three colored footpads beat and robbed J. W. Singleton at Washington, Pa., on the B. & O. railroad tracks. Singleton's leg was broken in two places and he was injured about the face and body.

Cyrus O. Kingsbury is dead at his home in New Brighton. He was 68 years of age. During the civil war he served with the 137th Pennsylvania infantry and of late years was prominent in the G. A. R.

Mrs. Max Geiger, of Alliance, discovered a robber in her house, and summoning her servant girl, succeeded in overpowering the intruder, but as nothing belonging to the house was found on his person he was allowed to go.

They Were Not Indians.

It is said that when the first Chinese came to California the Indians were very curious about them. A dispute arose among some of them as to what country the strangers might hail from and whether or not they were Indians. The Indians, wise as the Puritans of old, decided to apply the water test. If the accused swam, they were whites; if they drowned, they were Indians.

One day a party of Indians met a party of Chinamen approaching a little stream. The strangers approached the bridge and started across. The Indians, too, filed across and, meeting the Chinamen in midstream, pushed two of them into the angry, spooming current below. The test was conclusive. They could not swim. They were not Indians.

Jumped on a Ten-Penny Nail.

The little daughter of Mr. J. N. Powell jumped on an inverted rake made of ten penny nails, and thrust one nail entirely through her foot and a second one half way through. Chamberlain's Pain Balm was promptly applied and five minutes later the pain had disappeared and no more suffering was experienced. In three days the child was wearing her shoe as usual and with absolutely no discomfort. Mr. Powell is a well known merchant of Forkland, Va. Pain Balm is an antiseptic and heals such injuries without maturation and in one-third the time required by the usual treatment. For sale by Alvin H. Bulger, druggist.

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Rent with Use of Bath.
—THE—
ANDERSON HOUSE,
Cor. Walnut and Robinson Sts.

A WOMAN'S LOVE.

A sentinel angel sitting high in glory
Heard this shrill wall ring out from purgatory:
"Have mercy, mighty angel; hear my story!"

"I loved, and, blind with passionate love, I fell.
Love brought me down to death and death to hell,
For God is just, and death for sin is well."

"I do not rage against his high decree
Nor for myself do ask that grace shall be,
But for my love on earth who mourns for me."

"Great Spirit, let me see my love again
And comfort him one hour, and I were fain
To pay a thousand years of fire and pain."

Then said the pitying angel: "Nay! Repent
That wilted will! Look! The dial finger's bent
Down to the last hour of thy punishment!"

But still she wailed: "I pray thee, let me go!
I cannot rise to peace and leave him so.
Oh, let me soothe him in his bitter woe!"

The brazen gates ground suddenly ajar,
And upward, joyous, like a rising star,
She rose and vanished in the ether far.

But soon down the dying sunset sailing,
And like a wounded bird her pinions trailing,
She fluttered back, with broken hearted wailing.

She sobbed: "I found him by the summer sea
Reclined, his head upon a maid's knee,
She curled his hair and kissed him. 'Woe is met!'"

She wept: "Now let my punishment begin!
I have been fond and foolish. Let me in
To expiate my sorrow and my sin."

The angel answered: "Nay, sad soul; go higher!
To be deceived in your true love's desire,
Was bitterer than a thousand years of fire!"
—John Hay.

The Proofreader.

An anonymous writer in the American Printer of New York says:

"The ideal proofreader for a small printshop ought to be an accomplished printer, a sensible person, a person understanding the scope and limitations of the English language, one comprehending the true offices of punctuation, one with a keen and true appreciation of literature, a storehouse of exact knowledge, a perfect grammarian, a perfect speller and with a fund of humor sufficient to enable him to do his whole duty along these various lines without making for an early grave. If he does not really know everything, he ought assuredly to be able to scent out an error and to know how to get at the truth. If he reads the proofs for a weekly newspaper also, he ought to know all about local affairs and all about the town or city in order to prevent the reported marriage of the girl who merely acted as bridesmaid and untangle the mixed topography of the reporters' articles."

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INSURANCE

Uneasy lies the head of the man who is not insured.
To rest peacefully you need the consciousness that your property is protected by insurance that insures. During the past ten months 25 fire insurance companies have ceased doing business. Those that are retiring were the companies that were writing for a few cents less than the usual charge. Don't run the risk of having a policy which in event of loss may prove of no more value than a piece of waste paper. Our customers all rest peacefully.

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done well and quick. Come to us as our reputation is established.

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Can and Can't

Where there is a job to be done secure the services of a

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who will do that job successfully. One that will overcome any and all difficulties and use the best material. Don't employ a firm that can't do skillfully everything pertaining to its line. If you desire satisfactory work employ

ARBUTHNOT BROS.,
Practical Plumbers,
Corner Broadway and Fifth St.

NO NEGRO PROBLEM

Said Bishop Foss, But That of Humanity, Of the Nation.

M. E. FREEDMEN'S BOARD MET.

Good Showing by Treasurer and Secretary—A Presbyterian of Beaver, Pa., Contributed Money For Science School at Athens, Ga.

Pittsburg, Nov. 12.—The Freedmen's Aid and Southern Education society of the Methodist Episcopal church began business yesterday morning in Calvary church, Allegheny, to continue in session two days. The general committee consists of the bishops, corresponding secretaries, treasurer and recording secretary of the board of managers, one representative from each general conference district and an equal number from the board of managers. There was an attendance of about 200 persons and Bishop S. M. Merrill presided. As neither the secretary nor the treasurer was present, the body was slow in getting down to business. The Rev. John Pearson, of Cincinnati, was chosen temporary secretary, and enrolled the delegates.



BISHOP C. W. FOWLER.

the negro. Western Pennsylvania and North Carolina were settled by Scotchmen, "and no Scotchman," said Dr. Knox, "ever need to pray, 'give me a good opinion of myself.'" He said it had taken generations to change the Scotchman from a sheep stealing, cattle stealing man to an upright Presbyterian elder and a good Methodist class leader, and a successful iron manufacturer.

"And yet," said Dr. Knox, "we are not willing to give the negro one generation to get changed."

He has come, the speaker said, from absolute barbarism to citizenship and we must be patient with him. The negro has been left largely to the south and mob law has reigned, and we do not need to put our ears very low to the ground to hear the southern men say, "Help us to let go of the problem," said Dr. Knox. But there is no room for discouragement or despondency, as God's providences have all the future in range.

No Negro Problem, Said Foss.

Bishop C. D. Foss, of Philadelphia, responded to Dr. Knox. He said the committee was trying to aid the mountain whites of Tennessee. After telling several anecdotes he said he felt that a society which has done good for 35 years is worthy of a royal welcome. He said that the whole country is responsible for the condition of the negro in the south. He thought the work of the education society had done much for the whole south. Southern men testify to the good done by the society for the negroes of the south. The difference between a colored conference down there now and what it was 30 years ago is marvelous. "There is no negro problem," said Bishop Foss. "It is the problem of humanity, of the nation, and it is a shame that civil constitutions should protect injustice, and we have not done our duty until all such are repealed and the negro protected in his rights all through the republic."

He held that an outpouring of gospel power was needed to induce the people to pour their money into the treasury of the church, in order that the work of the society may be carried on with increased vigor.

Secretary Thirkield showed that Booker T. Washington's school at Tuskegee, Ala., had 1,000 students and spent \$100,000 a year in its work. But the Methodist society has 43 schools, with over 3,000 students receiving industrial education, and a total attendance of 10,000 students, and last year less than \$100,000 was expended.

Surplus in the Treasury.

The treasurer's report showed total receipts of \$93,580 and expenditures of \$77,897.45, leaving about \$15,000 in the treasury. The report gave a detailed statement of the money appropriated to the various institutions in the south. As the report was printed and distributed through the house, the reading was dispensed with.

Bishop Charles H. Fowler then took the chair for the rest of the day.

The Rev. Dr. W. F. Thirkield, sec-

A SKIMMING DISH MAY WIN THE CUP

By Captain HANK C. HAPP, Who Defended the Cup With Volunteer and Defender



DO not think that the America's cup will ever be lifted by a boat built on the same lines as the Columbia or the Shamrock II. I believe that the next challenger will meet a defender of the so called scow type, closely resembling Independence, which was the fastest model ever produced.

It appears to me that THE LIMIT HAS BEEN REACHED IN THE COLUMBIA TYPE OF VESSEL, as practically no improvement has been made in either challengers or defenders in the past five years.

IT MAY BE AN OLD FASHIONED IDEA, BUT I BELIEVE THAT A SKIMMING DISH CAN BE BUILT THAT WILL BE MUCH FASTER THAN ANY VESSEL OF THE BULB KEEL OR FIN TYPE.

retary of the society, read the report of the board of managers. It is issued in pamphlet form, and shows that in 35 years the society has reached about 200,000 students, sent out about 10,000 teachers and 2,000 ministers, enrolled about 551,000 members and accumulated property worth over \$2,600,000. Dr. Thirkield said that the object was not to make the negro smart, but to make him good.

Secretary M. C. B. Mason read reports on the condition of the several schools, showing them all to be prosperous. Mr. Williams, a generous Presbyterian layman of Beaver, Pa., gave \$5,000 to build a science hall at Athens, Ga., said Secretary Mason.

Brief addresses were made by the bishops on the work in the various fields.

Bishops Walden, Goodsell, Warren and Foster also spoke.

At the afternoon session the appropriations for 1902-3 were taken up. Bishop Cyrus D. Foss took up the various branches of the institution as recommended by the appropriation committee for schools among the negroes and whites in the south, and the expenses incurred in carrying on the work. The amount from the general fund is \$117,500. The board of managers asked \$131,075.

The question arose whether the society was legally permitted to appropriate a greater sum than it could positively guarantee.

Different persons spoke.

Bishop Fowler, after a history of the work accomplished by the officers of the society, asked that two special agents be employed to circulate information through the press and gather Bishop Andrews to substitute the former motion of referring the report to the appropriation committee, and it carried. This was that the committee be recommended to hold a conference and report in favor of the amount of \$131,075, and the original report. This motion was passed.

A motion to consider the relations of the society with the Morgan college and affiliated institutions was passed, and Bishops Walden and Cranston and Revs. R. S. Rust, L. Gilbert, M. C. Mason, G. W. Isham and H. J. Monroe were appointed a committee to report.

At a great mass meeting in Christ Methodist Episcopal church last night stirring remarks were made regarding the ever present questions affecting the education and improvement of the negro race in this country.

RATHBUN ARRESTED.

ADMITTED ATTEMPTED INSURANCE FRAUD.

Denied Murder—Body Shipped to Little Rock That of W. L. Teneycke.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 12.—Newell C. Rathbun, who was supposed to have been dead in a Jeffersonville (Ind.) hotel last Thursday, was arrested in Louisville yesterday. According to Rathbun, the corpse which was shipped to Little Rock for burial as the body of Rathbun, was the body of W. L. Teneycke. Rathbun is held as a fugitive from justice.

The arrest was made on information from Sergeant Skinner, of the United States recruiting station. Rathbun, enlisted under the name of "Lou Root, Detroit." Sergeant Skinner had read the story of the Jeffersonville case, and circumstances connected with the new recruit aroused his suspicions. One of these was the fact that the man had on a government suit of underwear. Rathbun said he had bought the garments from a soldier friend. Another circumstance was his knowledge of army affairs about Little Rock. He passed the examination and enlisted Saturday.

At the detective's office Rathbun was put through the sweating process and under pressure made the following statement, according to his inquiries:

"My name is Newell C. Rathbun and my home is in Little Rock, Ark. Several months ago I deserted from the army post at Plattsburg, N. Y., in company with another recruit by the name of W. H. Ellis. I soon lost sight of him and went to Little Rock. There I was married and afterward took out the insurance policies."

"I came to Louisville about 10 days ago and formed a plan to make the insurance company think I was dead, so that I could collect the insurance. I fell in with a man, who said his name was W. L. Teneycke, in front of the Salvation Army headquarters in Louisville, and told him of my plan, and he agreed to help me. Our plan was to obtain a corpse from some place, put it in a hotel in Jeffersonville, and then set fire to the hotel."

"While we were in Jeffersonville we took a number of drinks and Teneycke got drunk. I think his death was caused by drinking. I put the letters addressed to me in his pocket and left. I did not kill him. I then came to Louisville and went to the recruiting office and enlisted. My real home is in Detroit."

The most effusive argument a charming woman can use to a man is an appealing "Don't you think so?"—Smart Set.

IGLESIAIS UNDER ARREST.

Charge of Conspiracy Was Against Him—Protest From Samuel Gompers.

San Juan, Porto Rico, Nov. 12.—Santiago Iglesias was arrested here last Thursday on landing from the Red "D" line steamer Philadelphia, captain Furst, which arrived here that day from New York on her way to La Guayra and Porto Cabello. His detention was due to his non-appearance after having been thrice summoned by the local courts to appear in a case against him and seven others, brought in July of last year, when the currency was changed.

At that time he persuaded the local Federation of Labor to order all labor organizations to go on strike unless they were paid in gold at the same rate as silver—master workmen, \$3; journeymen, \$2; and ordinary laborers, \$1.50. These rates were not accepted by the employers and a general strike, which was accompanied by some violence, followed.

Iglesias and the other members of the labor committee were charged with conspiracy.

He is now in jail awaiting trial in default of \$2,000 bail. Yesterday he sent a petition to Governor Hunt, asking to be released on his own recognizance, explaining that he made a similar application when first summoned, but that the case was postponed and that no notice of the hearing on May 2 was ever served upon him.

The public prosecutor asks that he be sentenced to a term of imprisonment on the ground that he is a dangerous labor agitator and is continually causing unrest.

Washington, Nov. 12.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, saw the president to protest against the arrest of Santiago Iglesias, who was sent to Porto Rico by the Federation to organize the workmen of the island.

The president immediately sent an inquiry to Governor Hunt as to the cause of the arrest.

During Mr. Gompers' interview he spoke to the president about labor legislation, the Chinese exclusion act, the extension of the eight-hour law, the alien contract labor law and the convict labor bill. Mr. Gompers was especially anxious that the president should recommend the re-negotiation of the Chinese exclusive act, and he came away impressed with the belief that the president would do so.

TO CONSIDER BOERS' APPEAL.

Council of Arbitration Tribunal to Meet—Peace Terms Denied by Boers.

The Hague, Nov. 12.—The administrative council of the arbitration tribunal will meet Nov. 20, to decide on the appeal of the Boers against the ruling that the war in South Africa is not subject to the court's consideration.

London, Nov. 12.—The story circulated in the United States by a news agency, under an Amsterdam date, purporting to give the peace terms which the Boers are willing to accept and alleging that they are to be embodied in a formal document for circulation among the powers, was seemingly started in an English provincial paper and is denied by the Boer delegates at The Hague.

MAY FIGHT CRACKER TRUST.

Independent Dealers Hold Meeting at Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Nov. 12.—Representatives of more than 75 independent cracker bakers gathered from all parts of the United States are in secret session at the Grand hotel here. While it is said to be a voluntary meeting of the cracker bakers for the purpose of bettering conditions among the independent bakers, it is evident from the air of secrecy that an attempt will be made before the conference adjourns to effect an organization which will become a protective association against the National Biscuit company.

A temporary organization was effected by the choice of H. B. Grubb, of St. Louis, president, and J. W. Callahan, of New York, secretary.

In an interview last night Secretary Callahan said:

"We want the fact made plain and emphasized to the public that we are not forming a trust at this meeting. Our organization is to be composed of cracker manufacturers who desire to maintain their independence in the trade, but purpose working harmoniously together under certain conditions."

It is expected that the convention will continue three or four days.

Up Late Last Night?

Then you don't feel just the best today. Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is very effective for sick headache, biliousness or disordered stomach. Sold by the W. & W. pharmacy.

The News Review for the news.

DURBIN ASSAILED

By Beckham, For His Refusal to Turn Over Taylor and Finley.

MAY APPEAL TO HIGHER COURT.

Letter Indiana Governor Wrote Also Contributed to Causing the Wrath of the Kentucky Executive—Some Hot Shots.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 12.—Governor Beckham last night addressed to Governor Durbin, of Indiana, a letter replying to the criticism by that executive of the courts and officials of Kentucky in his recent letter refusing to honor the requisition for Taylor and Finley, wanted for alleged complicity in the assassination of Governor Goebel. He severely arraigns Governor Durbin for his refusal, charging that in doing so he violated his oath of office to support the constitution of the United States and that he became "a party after the fact to the most infamous crime in the history of this state, the cold-blooded and dastardly murder of an eminent and distinguished citizen of Kentucky."

The Kentucky legislature also charges that Governor Durbin's action in refusing to honor the requisition is a political bargain made before his election to office, and characterizes his charges against the courts and officials of Kentucky as slanderous and unexcusable misrepresentations.

He takes the stand that a governor of a state has no discretionary powers, but only ministerial power, in the honoring of legally drawn requisitions from other states, and this is taken here as an indication that steps will shortly be taken in the courts to compel Durbin by mandamus to honor the requisitions. If such proceedings shall be instituted they will be in the courts of Indiana and taken on appeal to the supreme court.

COUNTY AND NEIGHBORHOOD

Samuel Fligle, of Homeworth, was robbed of \$50.

John Whitmire, of Navarre, aged 6, was accidentally shot by Collis Rider, a companion, aged 13, in a woods near his home.

The dead body of Miss Sarah Prosser, aged 34, a Massillon milliner, was found in the Tuscarawas river there Sunday. Suicide is suspected.

John Robinson, aged 40, employed in a mine near North Lawrence, was caught beneath a fall of rock. One leg was broken in two places. Internal injuries were also sustained.

Wright Shaw, a coal miner living near Massillon, has been notified that a distant relative in Columbus, Kan., whom he had never seen, is dead and has left him a farm, a coal mine and \$5,000.

U. S. Shire, a C. A. & C. railway brakeman, fell from his train at Akron Junction and his neck was broken. The body was not found for several hours. He was 30 years old and resided in Alliance.

Three colored footpads beat and robbed J. W. Singleton at Washington, Pa., on the B. & O. railroad tracks. Singleton's leg was broken in two places and he was injured about the face and body.

Cyrus O. Kingsbury is dead at his home in New Brighton. He was 68 years of age. During the civil war he served with the 137th Pennsylvania infantry and of late years was prominent in the G. A. R.

Mrs. Max Geiger, of Alliance, discovered a robber in her house, and summoning her servant girl, succeeded in overpowering the intruder, but as nothing belonging to the house was found on his person he was allowed to go.

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"I loved, and, blind with passionate love, I fell.
Love brought me down to death and death to hell.
For God is just, and death for sin is well."

"I do not rage against his high decree
Nor for myself do ask that grace shall be,
But for my love on earth who mourns for me."

"Great Spirit, let me see my love again
And comfort him one hour, and I were fain
To pay a thousand years of fire and pain."

Then said the pitying angel: "Nay! Repent
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But still she wailed: "I pray thee, let me go!
I cannot rise to peace and leave him so.
Oh, let me soothe him in his bitter woe!"

The brazen gates ground suddenly ajar,
And upward, joyous, like a rising star,
She rose and vanished in the ether far.

But soon adown the dying sunset sailing,
And like a wounded bird her pinions trailing,
She fluttered back, with broken hearted wailing.

She sobbed: "I found him by the summer sea
Reclined, his head upon a maiden's knee.
She curled his hair and kissed him. 'Woe is me!'"

She wept: "Now let my punishment begin!
I have been fond and foolish. Let me in
To expiate my sorrow and my sin."

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To rest peacefully you need the consciousness that your property is protected by insurance that insures. During the past ten months 25 fire insurance companies have ceased doing business. Those that are retiring were the companies that were writing for a few cents less than the usual charge. Don't run the risk of having a policy which in event of loss may prove of no more value than a piece of waste paper. Our customers all rest peacefully.

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Can and Can't

Where there is a job to be done secure the services of a

Plumber

who will do that job successfully. One that will overcome any and all difficulties and use the best material. Don't employ a firm that can't do skillfully everything pertaining to its line. If you desire satisfactory work employ

ARBUTHNOT BROS.,

Practical Plumbers,
Corner Broadway and Fifth St.

Bon Ami
The Finest Cleaner Made
Cleans bath tubs perfectly.

The News Review

Published Daily Except Sunday by
THE EAST LIVERPOOL PUBLISHING COMPANY
LOUIS H. BRUSH, Manager.

The News Review, Daily, established 1884.
By mail, one year, \$5.00; six months, \$3.00,
three months, \$1.75; by carrier, \$5.00, less
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OFFICE 196 WASHINGTON STREET.

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TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1901.

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—Baltimore American.

The Conclusion of a Romance.
She (arrayed for the theater)—Sorry
to have kept you waiting so long, Mr.
Spoonamore, but it has taken me longer
than usual to get ready. I look like
a fright in this hat too.

He (desirous of saying something
complimentary)—It isn't the—er—fault
of the lovely hat, I am sure, Miss Han-
kinson.

Oxygen.

Oxygen forms one-fifth of the atmo-
sphere, eight-ninths of the waters and
taking all together, one-half of all the
materials of the globe, so far as they
are known. As carbon is the basis of
all the organic substances of the world,
so oxygen, the supporter of life and
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Making a specialty of all chronic dis-
eases, such as has been pronounced in-
curable. I have a standing offer of \$10
for any blue spavin I can't remove by
an external application of medicine
without the use of instruments. Give me
a call. No charge for consultation.
Moderate charges for all cases I may
be called upon to treat, 115 Norton
street.

POTTERY NEWS

Robert Workman, who has been em-
ployed at the C. C. Thompson pottery,
has resigned his position and with his
family left this morning for New Mar-
tinsville, W. Va., where he will make
his home.

Thomas Taylor has resigned his po-
sition as turner at the Wallace & Chet-
wynd pottery, and left yesterday for
New Castle, where he will work.

T. C. Smith left yesterday for a west-
ern trip in the interest of the E. M.
Knowles pottery.

LEADER OF MUTINY CAPTURED.

The Negro Thompson Caught, After
Being Wounded, but Not Se-
verely Hurt.

Topeka, Kan., Nov. 12.—Frank
Thompson, the negro leader of the
mutiny at the federal prison at Leav-
enworth, which resulted in the escape
last Thursday of 26 prisoners, was
captured eight miles north of Council
Grove last evening by a posse under
command of Deputy United States
Marshal E. A. Prescott. Thompson
would not surrender, but was taken
after a hard fight with the officers,
in which he was shot in the head, but
not severely injured. No member of
the posse was hurt.

MRS. PISK RE-ELECTED.

Chosen President of M. E. Foreign
Missionary Society.

New York, Nov. 12.—The Woman's
Home Missionary society of the Meth-
odist Episcopal church, at yesterday's
session of its convention, re-elected
Mrs. Clinton B. Fisk as president and
Mrs. Debra Lathrop Williams cor-
responding secretary; Mrs. F. A. Alken,
recording secretary; Mrs. George H.
Thompson, treasurer, and Mrs. Jane
Bancroft Robinson, first vice presi-
dent.

Reports from the Atlanta, Alabama,
Baltimore, Detroit, Austin, Des
Moines and Cincinnati conferences
were read by bureau secretaries.
Joseph F. Smith Elected

Mormon Church President.

Salt Lake, Utah, Nov. 12.—At a con-
ference of general officers of the Mor-
mon church, the action of the council
of apostles in selection of Joseph F.
Smith as president of the church, in



PRESIDENT JOSEPH F. SMITH.

succession to the late Lorenzo Snow,
was sustained. The conference also
ratified the selection of Joseph F.
Smith, John R. Winder and Anton H.
Lund as members of the first presi-
dency.

ROOSEVELT'S GOOD MEMORY.

Remembers a Negro's Regular and
Volunteer Service.

Washington, Nov. 12.—President
Roosevelt gave an illustration of his
retentive memory when Senator Ma-
son presented to him a colored man
named Thompson, who is a candidate
for a commission in the regular army.
Thompson served five years in the
regular army, and during the Spanish
war was a member of the Eighth Illi-
nois volunteers. He is now on the
Washington police force. When intro-
duced the president remarked:

"I know you," and then proceeded
to recount accurately Thompson's ser-
vice in the regular and volunteer
armies, recalling the fact that his reg-
iment policed Santiago after the sur-
render.

Mean Advice.

Old Gent—On the eve of your mar-
riage let me give you a piece of advice.
Remember when your wife's next birth-
day comes and give her a handsome
present.

Young Man—Yes, of course.

"Give her the best your pocket can
buy every birthday, but at Christmas,
New Year's and such times give her
only inexpensive little tokens. Form
that habit."

"Yes, but why?"
"It will pay."
"I presume so."

"Yes. In a few years you can begin
to forget the birthdays, and she won't
say a word."—New York Weekly.

His Ability.

"And how is my old school friend
Binson getting on?" said the man who
had returned to his native city after a
long absence.

"Oh, he's doing first rate."
"But he was such a bright boy we al-
ways expected he would display espe-
cial ability."

"Well, I don't know that he hasn't
displayed especial ability."

"I never hear him mentioned in con-
nection with any of your elections."

"No; that's just the point. He has
shown ability to go ahead quietly and
build up a business. He doesn't have
to run for office."—Washington Star.

FRIENDS AND VISITORS

H. H. Harrison spent yesterday at
Pittsburg.

Mrs. Ed Hassey is visiting at Mc-
Keessport.

John Godwin is spending a few days
in Cleveland.

William Colley is the guest of his
parents at Sallineville.

Miss Martha Taite has returned
from a visit at Wheeling.

Paul Kinsey left yesterday for Pitts-
burgh where he expects to secure employ-
ment.

J. C. Crable has returned to his home
at Pittsburg, after a visit with his son,
I. N. Crable.

Mrs. Mary E. Long, of Carrollton,
is the guest of her sister, Mrs. M. M.
Gardner, Chester.

John Ecker left yesterday afternoon
for Canton, being called there by the
serious illness of his mother.

Emmet Fickes has returned to his
home at Toronto after a visit with
relatives on McKinley avenue.

Misses Mary and Kate Long, who
have been visiting at the home of Mrs.
K. T. Long, Sixth street, left yesterday
afternoon for Wheeling.

Mrs. Ada Brooks and daughter, Miss
Gladys, have returned to their home
at Sallineville after a visit at the home
of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Bertele, Sixth
street.

The Misses Bertha Noble and Hat-
tie Orr, two of the most popular young
ladies of the Scotch settlement, are
visiting at the home of Mrs. Thomas
Modge, Walnut street.

Mrs. Hattie Coffee, who has been the
efficient chief operator at the Col-
umbiana County Telephone office, has
resigned her position to accept a simi-
lar berth at Sebring, O.

FOR M'KINLEY MEMORIAL.

First Installment of Circulars Sent
Out to Business Men by Pitts-
burgh Committee.

Pittsburg, Nov. 12.—The first in-
stallment of circulars to business men,
asking co-operation in raising funds
for the proposed McKinley memorial,
were sent out by Francis L. Robbins,
president, and W. W. Colville, secre-
tary of the McKinley Memorial asso-
ciation. The circular asks assistance
in the work of the McKinley National
Memorial association to the extent of
making up a small committee to can-
vass for subscriptions to the fund.

It is pointed out that the work can
be so sub-divided as to make the task
a very light one in detail. The larger
plan is intended, ultimately, to cover
the western end of the state. The ob-
ject is not so much solicitation as it
is to give everyone who has the desire
to subscribe the opportunity to do so
through a responsible channel. The
sub-division of the work makes it pos-
sible that the time consumed by any
one person need not exceed a half day
in all.

LIKELY ABANDONED TO STARVE.

Probable Fate of Sister-in-Law of At-
torney General Sheets, of Ohio,
in Alaska.

Columbus, O., Nov. 12.—Attorney
General John M. Sheets received ad-
vice by wire from Tacoma that Miss
Emma Scott, who was Mrs. Sheets' sister,
has in all probability died from
starvation and cold in the interior of
Alaska. She was 40 years of age and
a successful dealer in real estate in
Tacoma.

She went to Cape Nome last year
to try her fortune in the gold fields,
and later joined a party going to a
new gold region in the interior. One
by one the members dropped out until
only Miss Scott and one George Dun-
can were left. She gave Duncan all
the money she had to return to Nome
for supplies, and he did not return.
Beyond all doubt it is said Miss Scott
has died of starvation.

KENTUCKY COLLECTORSHIP.

A Spirited Contest on For the
Place.

Washington, Nov. 12.—A spirited
contest is in progress for the Ken-
tucky collectorship of internal reve-
nue, made vacant by the resignation
last Saturday of C. E. Sapp. Senator
Deboe, ex-Governor Bradley, Com-
missioner of Internal Revenue
Yerkes, Representative Boreling, Rep-
resentative Irwin and several other
prominent Kentuckians saw the pre-
sident on that subject. The candidates
are S. H. Stone, Ed Green, J. H. Craft,
John A. Stratton and Mr. Sterne.
Representative Irwin presented Dr. T.
H. Baker, prominent at Louisville, and
asked for his reappointment.

Regarding the collectorship, the
president said definitely that he would
not appoint Colonel Stone and asked
the Kentuckians to try to agree on a
man. If they cannot do so, it is said
to be nearly certain that the presi-
dent will appoint Mr. Craft or General
Basil Duke. Colonel Stone is a
brother of ex-Governor Stone, of Mis-
souri.

DEVERY TURNED DOWN.

Judge Decided Jerome Could Hear
Charges Against Him.

New York, Nov. 12.—The applica-
tion of Deputy Police Commissioner
William S. Devery to make absolute
a temporary writ of prohibition re-
straining Justice William Travers
Jerome from trying charges of neglect
of duty preferred against him, was de-
nied by Justice O'Gorman in the su-
preme court, the justice holding that
the magistrate has jurisdiction to en-
tertain the complaint.

PITTSBURGH CONCERT COMPANY
AT THE CHRISTIAN CHURCH WED-
NESDAY EVENING, NOV. 13, 1901.
ADMISSION, 25 CENTS. TICKETS
WITH MISS LLOYD AT OGILVIE'S
STORE. 127-l

Sterling Silver,
Libbey Cut Glass,
Rookwood Art
Ware,
Carving Sets and
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We have the largest and best selection of the above
goods to be found in Eastern Ohio. We invite you
to call.

THE MILLIGAN HARDWARE &
SUPPLY Co.

The New \$1 The New

VINCENT
GAS
LAMP.....

Will produce on an eight ounce pressure of gas a light
equal to 150 candle power or about three times that of
the ordinary burner. It is cheaper and better to use one
good lamp than several poor ones. This burner will be
delivered to any part of the city and connected up free of
extra charge.

Sold Only by **Risinger Bros.**
215 Broadway. Bell Phone 301.

Edged Tools

Hatchets, Chisels, Gauges, Draw
Knives—the Famous Buck Bros.
Brand, Warranted at

Adams The Hardware Man.



Avoid Exposure

Keep the chest, back and throat warm, and there
will be little danger of colds, coughs, pneumonia,
chest or lung troubles.

FROST KING Chamols Vests
for Men and Boys

MADE OF CHAMOIS LINED WITH FLANNEL

FROST QUEEN Chamols Vests
for Women and Girls

MADE OF CHAMOIS COVERED WITH FLANNEL

IN SIX DIFFERENT COLORS

(Tailor Made)

These vests are made to keep the entire upper por-
tion of the body warm—the throat, chest and back.
They hold the heat of the body and keep out the cold.
Woven fabrics do not give security in changing
climates. Chamols does! It is the best cold resister
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help you enjoy the winter days.

Made by Bauer & Black, Chicago, U. S. A.

For Sale By
Chas. F. Craig, Druggist.

Cor. Fifth and
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LOTS FOR
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In the Thomas F. Starkey,
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at Washington House, Second and
Washington. 127-ff

THE old and reliable Army Veterin-
ary Surgeon, Dr. James Harvey, has
located in East Liverpool for the pur-
pose of treating all domestic animals.
Making a specialty of all chronic dis-
eases, such as has been pronounced in-
curable. I have a standing offer of \$10
for any blue spavin I can't remove by
an external application of medicine
without the use of instruments. Give me
a call. No charge for consultation.
Moderate charges for all cases I may
be called upon to treat, 115 Norton
street.

POTTERY NEWS

Robert Workman, who has been em-
ployed at the C. C. Thompson pottery,
has resigned his position and with his
family left this morning for New Mar-
tinsville, W. Va., where he will make
his home.

Thomas Taylor has resigned his po-
sition as turner at the Wallace & Chet-
wynd pottery, and left yesterday for
New Castle, where he will work.

T. C. Smith left yesterday for a west-
ern trip in the interest of the E. M.
Knowles pottery.

LEADER OF MUTINY CAPTURED.

The Negro Thompson Caught, After
Being Wounded, but Not Se-
verely Hurt.

Topeka, Kan., Nov. 12.—Frank
Thompson, the negro leader of the
mutiny at the federal prison at Leaven-
worth, which resulted in the escape
last Thursday of 26 prisoners, was
captured eight miles north of Council
Grove last evening by a posse under
command of Deputy United States
Marshal E. A. Prescott. Thompson
would not surrender, but was taken
after a hard fight with the officers,
in which he was shot in the head, but
not severely injured. No member of
the posse was hurt.

MRS. PISK RE-ELECTED.

Chosen President of M. E. Foreign
Missionary Society.

New York, Nov. 12.—The Woman's
Home Missionary society of the Meth-
odist Episcopal church, at yesterday's
session of its convention, re-elected
Mrs. Clinton B. Fisk as president and
Mrs. Delia Lathrop Williams cor-
responding secretary; Mrs. F. A. Allen,
recording secretary; Mrs. George H.
Thompson, treasurer, and Mrs. Jane
Bancroft Robinson, first vice presi-
dent.

Reports from the Atlanta, Alabama,
Baltimore, Detroit, Austin, Des
Moines and Cincinnati conferences
were read by bureau secretaries.
Joseph F. Smith Elected

Mormon Church President.

Salt Lake, Utah, Nov. 12.—At a con-
ference of general officers of the Mor-
mon church, the action of the council
of apostles in selection of Joseph F.
Smith as president of the church, in



PRESIDENT JOSEPH F. SMITH.

succession to the late Lorenzo Snow,
was sustained. The conference also
ratified the selection of Joseph F.
Smith, John R. Winder and Anton H.
Lund as members of the first presi-
dency.

ROOSEVELT'S GOOD MEMORY.

Remembers a Negro's Regular and
Volunteer Service.

Washington, Nov. 12.—President
Roosevelt gave an illustration of his
retentive memory when Senator Ma-
son presented to him a colored man
named Thompson, who is a candidate
for a commission in the regular army.
Thompson served five years in the
regular army, and during the Spanish
war was a member of the Eighth Illi-
nois volunteers. He is now on the
Washington police force. When intro-
duced the president remarked:
"I know you," and then proceeded
to recount accurately Thompson's ser-
vice in the regular and volunteer
armies, recalling the fact that his reg-
iment policed Santiago after the sur-
render.

Mean Advice.

Old Gent.—On the eve of your mar-
riage let me give you a piece of advice.
Remember when your wife's next birth-
day comes and give her a handsome
present.

Young Man.—Yes, of course.
"Give her the best your pocket can
buy every birthday, but at Christmas,
New Year's and such times give her
only inexpensive little tokens. Form
that habit."

"Yes, but why?"
"It will pay."
"I presume so."
"Yes. In a few years you can begin
to forget the birthdays, and she won't
say a word."—New York Weekly.

His Ability.

"And how is my old school friend
Bimson getting on?" said the man who
had returned to his native city after a
long absence.

"Oh, he's doing first rate."
"But he was such a bright boy we al-
ways expected he would display espe-
cial ability."

"Well, I don't know that he hasn't
displayed especial ability."

"I never hear him mentioned in con-
nection with any of your elections."
"No; that's just the point. He has
shown ability to go ahead quietly and
build up a business. He doesn't have
to run for office."—Washington Star.

FRIENDS AND VISITORS

H. H. Harrison spent yesterday at
Pittsburg.

Mrs. Ed Hassey is visiting at Mc-
Keesport.

John Godwin is spending a few days
in Cleveland.

William Colley is the guest of his
parents at Salineville.

Miss Martha Taite has returned
from a visit at Wheeling.

Paul Kinsey left yesterday for Pitts-
burgh where he expects to secure employ-
ment.

J. C. Crable has returned to his home
at Pittsburg, after a visit with his son,
I. N. Crable.

Mrs. Mary E. Long, of Carrollton,
is the guest of her sister, Mrs. M. M.
Gardner, Chester.

John Ecker left yesterday afternoon
for Canton, being called there by the
serious illness of his mother.

Emmet Fickes has returned to his
home at Toronto after a visit with
relatives on McKinley avenue.

Misses Mary and Kate Long, who
have been visiting at the home of Mrs.
K. T. Long, Sixth street, left yesterday
afternoon for Wheeling.

Mrs. Ada Brooks and daughter, Miss
Gladys, have returned to their home
at Salineville after a visit at the home
of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Bertele, Sixth
street.

The Misses Bertha Noble and Hat-
tie Orr, two of the most popular young
ladies of the Scotch settlement, are
visiting at the home of Mrs. Thomas
Modge, Walnut street.

Mrs. Hattie Coffee, who has been
the efficient chief operator at the Co-
lumbiana County Telephone office, has
resigned her position to accept a simi-
lar berth at Sebring, O.

FOR MCKINLEY MEMORIAL.

First Instalment of Circulars Sent
Out to Business Men by Pitts-
burgh Committee.

Pittsburg, Nov. 12.—The first in-
stalment of circulars to business men
asking co-operation in raising funds
for the proposed McKinley memorial,
were sent out by Francis L. Robbins,
president, and W. W. Colville, secre-
tary of the McKinley Memorial asso-
ciation. The circular asks assistance
in the work of the McKinley National
Memorial association to the extent of
making up a small committee to can-
vass for subscriptions to the fund.

It is pointed out that the work can
be so sub-divided as to make the task
a very light one in detail. The larger
plan is intended, ultimately, to cover
the western end of the state. The ob-
ject is not so much solicitation as it
is to give everyone who has the desire
to subscribe the opportunity to do so
through a responsible channel. The sub-
division of the work makes it possi-
ble that the time consumed by any
one person need not exceed a half day
in all.

LIKELY ABANDONED TO STARVE.

Probable Fate of Sister-in-Law of At-
torney General Sheets, of Ohio,
in Alaska.

Columbus, O., Nov. 12.—Attorney
General John M. Sheets received ad-
vice by wire from Tacoma that Miss
Emma Scott, who was Mrs. Sheets' sister,
has in all probability died from star-
vation and cold in the interior of
Alaska. She was 40 years of age and
a successful dealer in real estate in
Tacoma.

She went to Cape Nome last year
to try her fortune in the gold fields,
and later joined a party going to a
new gold region in the interior. One
by one the members dropped out until
only Miss Scott and one George Du-
can were left. She gave Duncan all
the money she had to return to Nome
for supplies, and he did not return.
Beyond all doubt it is said Miss Scott
has died of starvation.

KENTUCKY COLLECTORSHIP.

A Spirited Contest on For the
Place.

Washington, Nov. 12.—A spirited
contest is in progress for the Ken-
tucky collectorship of internal reve-
nue, made vacant by the resignation
last Saturday of C. E. Sapp. Senator
Deboe, ex-Governor Bradley, Com-
missioner of Internal Revenue
Yerkes, Representative Boreling, Rep-
resentative Irwin and several other
prominent Kentuckians saw the presi-
dent on that subject. The candidates
are S. H. Stone, Ed Green, J. H. Craft,
John A. Stratton and Mr. Sterne.
Representative Irwin presented Dr. T.
H. Baker, prominent at Louisville, and
asked for his reappointment.

Regarding the collectorship, the
president said definitely that he would
not appoint Colonel Stone and asked
the Kentuckians to try to agree on a
man. If they cannot do so, it is said
to be nearly certain that the presi-
dent will appoint Mr. Craft or General
Basil Duke. Colonel Stone is a
brother of ex-Governor Stone, of Mis-
souri.

DEVERY TURNED DOWN.

Judge Decided Jerome Could Hear
Charges Against Him.

New York, Nov. 12.—The applica-
tion of Deputy Police Commissioner
William S. Devery to make absolute
a temporary writ of prohibition re-
straining Justice William Travers
Jerome from trying charges of neglect
of duty preferred against him, was de-
clined by Justice O'Gorman in the su-
preme court, the justice holding that
the magistrate has jurisdiction to en-
tertain the complaint.

PITTSBURGH CONCERT COMPANY
AT THE CHRISTIAN CHURCH WED-
NESDAY EVENING, NOV. 13, 1901.
ADMISSION, 25 CENTS. TICKETS
WITH MISS LLOYD AT OGILVIE'S
STORE. 127-4

Sterling Silver,
Libbey Cut Glass,
Rookwood Art
Ware,
Carving Sets and
Lamps.

We have the largest and best selection of the above
goods to be found in Eastern Ohio. We invite you
to call.

THE MILLIGAN HARDWARE &
SUPPLY Co.

The New \$1 The New

VINCENT
GAS
LAMP.....

WILL produce on an eight ounce pressure of gas a light
equal to 150 candle power or about three times that of
the ordinary burner. It is cheaper and better to use one
good lamp than several poor ones. This burner will be
delivered to any part of the city and connected up free of
extra charge.

Sold Only by Risinger Bros.

215 Broadway. Bell Phone 301.

Edged Tools

Hatchets, Chisels, Gauges, Draw
Knives—the Famous Buck Bros.
Brand, Warranted at

Adams The Hardware Man.



Avoid Exposure

Keep the chest, back and throat warm, and there
will be little danger of colds, coughs, pneumonia,
chest or lung troubles.

FROST KING Chamols Vests
for Men and Boys

MADE OF CHAMOIS LINED WITH FLANNEL

FROST QUEEN Chamols Vests
for Women and Girls

MADE OF CHAMOIS COVERED WITH FLANNEL

IN SIX DIFFERENT COLORS

(Tailor Made)

These vests are made to keep the entire upper
portion of the body warm—the throat, chest and back.
They hold the heat of the body and keep out the cold.
Woven fabrics do not give security in changing
climates. Chamols does! It is the best cold resister
known. These garments will keep you well, and
help you enjoy the winter days.

Made by Bauer & Black, Chicago, U. S. A

For Sale By
Chas. F. Craig, Druggist.
Cor. Fifth and
Market Streets Prices \$2.00
and up.

LOTS FOR
SALE

In the Thomas F. Starkey,
1st Addition.

Why climb hills when you
can buy Lots within three
squares of the Diamond, on
easy terms.

Inquire of

THOS. F. STARKEY,

137 Sheridan Ave.

WELLSVILLE

WELLSVILLE WANTS
SOME FREE LIGHT

Council Will Endeavor to Establish a Precedent For Other Ohio Towns.

SOLICITOR WELLS' OPINION

Thinks Street Railway Company Can Be Made to Furnish Light for Several Streets—Contracts for Paving Streets Were Let.

The city council held a very busy session last night. It was a called meeting and all the members responded but Mr. Aughinbaugh, of the Fifth ward, who was reported sick.

Resolutions were adopted to borrow sufficient money from the Silver Banking company, of this city, at a rate, not exceeding 6 per cent for the purpose of having a temporary fund on hand to start the paving and improvement of certain streets; \$8,600 is to be borrowed for Lisbon street, \$22,000 for Clark avenue, \$7,300 for Commerce street and \$10,600 for Liverpool street.

The city clerk was ordered to serve notice to property holders along these streets, that the improvement is to be made.

Ordinances were read and adopted to have grades established on the following streets and avenues: Kelly avenue, Steubenville street from Eighteenth to Twenty-first street, Clark avenue from Eighteenth street to Kelly avenue, Fifteenth street from Commerce street west, Aten avenue from Clark avenue to Davidson alley, Crawford avenue from Kelly to May alley, Liverpool street to James street and Chester avenue from May alley to Aten land.

The following ordinances were passed to take effect at the earliest date provided by law:

An ordinance regulating the transportation or keeping of powder or other combustibles in the city limits.

An ordinance to prevent the destruction or mutilation of monuments, graves, etc., in Spring Hill cemetery.

An ordinance to regulate the weighing of coal and hay.

An ordinance licensing theatrical exhibitions or public shows.

An ordinance prohibiting persons injuring or removing property used by the city fire department.

The last ordinance provides for the lighting of street intersections by the railway of the United Power company on the streets where their cars are run. The city solicitor stated that there was not a case on record in the state of Ohio where an electric railway company had been forced to do this, but he believed that the law called for it and that it would be a good plan to experiment and if the law is proven constitutional greater demands can be made.

The lowest bidders for paving several streets were granted the contracts. Rinehart Bros., of East Liverpool, were granted three—Clark avenue from Eighteenth street to Steubenville street at \$1.30 per square yard; Lisbon street from Little Yellow creek to Fourth street at \$1, and Commerce street from Fifteenth to Eighteenth street at 99 cents. E. A. Freshwater, of Penrith, W. Va., was given the contract at \$1.25 to pave Liverpool street from Yellow Creek bridge to corporation line.

The city clerk was ordered to return the certified checks to the unsuccessful bidders.

Council then adjourned to meet again next Tuesday night.

Fell From an Engine.

W. S. Robinson, of the West End, met with a painful but not serious accident last Saturday evening. He was working on a switch engine when he lost his balance and fell to the ground

THE LATEST
SHIRT

Made with Fine
Pleated Bosom
in Solid Colors

\$1.50

THE LEADER

Knowles Block,
Washington St.

receiving a shaking up. He will be laid up for some time.

MINOR NEWS OF WELLSVILLE.

R. A. Worth and family moved to Toronto yesterday.

H. M. McCreary has moved into the McDonald property on Main street. Ernest King, of Lisbon, is the guest of George Clark on Highland Heights. S. A. Snediker remains quite poorly. His friends are a little anxious as to his recovery.

Miss Mabel Gossitt has resigned her position as bookkeeper for J. H. Aten, the West End groceryman.

Mrs. A. H. Sanford returned yesterday to Avalon, Pa., after a pleasant visit with West End relatives.

Officers Morrissey and Madden, Dr. Hutcheson and Attorney Boyd went hunting yesterday and got their share of quail.

J. H. Wilson left this morning for Toronto to act as electrician for the Toronto and New Cumberland Telephone company.

C. A. Bradley, one of the wreck crew on the C. & P. road, is not able for duty, having had his right eye badly injured by a flying cinder last week.

Will McSweeney, of this city, and Miss Nannie Fitzgerald, of East Liverpool, will be united in marriage in the near future. Their announcement cards are out.

SPECULATION WAS ACTIVE

And Broad, In Stock Market, Tuesday—Demand For Bonds—Some of the Features.

New York, Nov. 12.—There was another day of broad and active speculation in stocks Monday and a large and well distributed demand for bonds outside of the extraordinary dealings in some of the convertible and speculative bonds. The demand for stocks Monday was exceedingly varied, as was the movement of prices, owing to the fact that the buying demand shifted to new quarters and realizing of profits proceeded actively in last week's favorites, taking advantage of the sustaining force of the new favorites. Monday the Northwestern railroad settlement and the Vanderbilt plan of merger, which furnished the material of the bulls during the last week's rise, fell into the background decidedly, while discussion became very active on the favorable prospects of the coal trade, the iron and steel trade and the extraordinary railroad traffic of which reports are heard on all hands. In accordance with this tendency, the coal carriers and the iron and steel industries made conspicuous advances Monday, while the professionals sold the Trans-Continental stocks and the Vanderbilts to take their profits. The urgent demands for freight cars and other forms of railroad equipment made the movement Monday in the car and steel industries a natural corollary of the movement in the railroad stocks. The day's conspicuous advances will be seen to have centered in the anthracite and soft coal carriers and in the car and steel industries. Hocking Valley, with a rise of 3/4; American Car preferred, with a gain of 1/2, and several others with 2 or more points to their credit, were conspicuous in the movement. Sugar and Amalgamated Copper were affected by an active demand from the shorts, and both stocks were very largely dealt in for Boston account. Chicago and Eastern Illinois jumped 9 points, but reacted 5. Union Pacific preferred rose 4 points and Great Northern preferred and Northern Pacific preferred moved strongly upward at the last on revived reports of an early settlement. Sentiment continued confident over the money outlook, although foreign exchange continued strong, and additional gold shipments are expected later in the week. Realizing became very general in the late dealings, but a number of rallies made the closing irregular.

The bond market was very active and generally strong, the convertible and speculative bonds especially so. Standard rope 6s rose 4 1/2. Total sales, par value, \$6,625,000.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Ohio—Rain and colder today. Tomorrow fair and colder in southeast; brisk to high southerly winds, shifting to northwesterly.

Western Pennsylvania—Rain today; colder in the afternoon. Tomorrow colder and probably fair; winds shifting to westerly and northwesterly, becoming high.

West Virginia—Rain today; colder in western portion. Tomorrow fair and colder; southerly winds, shifting to northwesterly.

TO GET ALL THE NEWS

Buy the Evening News Review—List of Those Who Sell It.

Job R. Manley's,

Cor. Sixth and Franklin Streets

Pierce & Cartwright's,

276 Eighth Street.

John H. Peake's,

304 Eighth Street.

Bagley's,

153 Second Street.

Bagley's,

Second Street.

John Peake's,

Market and Second Streets.

Ryan Bros.,

289 East Market Street.

Wilson's,

Fifth Street.

Rose's Cigar Store,

Washington Street.

Gill's Grocery,

Calcutta Road.

Harrison News Stand,

143 Mulberry St., East End.

C. T. McCutcheon,

Drug Store, Southside.

Marshall News Stand,

First St., Chester, W. Va.

SOUTH SIDE

INTERESTING CASE

Cameron Vs. Rinehart Action Will Have a Hearing at Cumberland Tomorrow.

At New Cumberland tomorrow the case of Samuel Cameron, of Fairview, versus John Rinehart, of East Liverpool, will be tried.

About a year ago Cameron sold some hay to Rinehart at \$8 per ton. Only one load was hauled and when Rinehart went after the remainder of the hay, Mr. Peters, Cameron's landlord, had taken the hay for rent claimed to be due. Cameron has now sued for the entire amount.

Attorney George Ingram will represent Rinehart in New Cumberland.

Foutts Was Non-Suited.

In the case of Robert Foutts versus J. H. Snyder for W. H. Gardner, which came off at New Cumberland, Foutts was non-suited, the court holding that the plaintiff had not sufficient evidence. Foutts claimed 16 feet of ground across the line between his and Gardner's farm, the latter a recent purchase from Snyder.

A Delightful Social.

A delightful social function took place in Chester last evening, when Mayor Robert Dunn entertained the Rock Springs street car men. All Nowling gave phonograph selections and a fine supper was served, at which toasts were given.

CHESTER NOTES.

Kennedy Irwin, of Beaver, Pa., is building a house on Stephenson's hill.

George Weaver, of Irondale, is moving into his new house on Indiana avenue.

Joseph Allison has purchased a lot on Indiana avenue and will build a residence.

George Hineman was summoned yesterday to Industry, Pa., by the dangerous illness of his brother.

Five Italians were discharged this morning by Arch Severs on the curbing work in the mill addition.

George Wynn and Harvey Allison, of the Rock Springs line, had a very successful hunt trip south of Chester yesterday.

Woes of the Grocer.

It was an uptown grocery which a little girl about five years of age entered the other day, saying "I want a spool of cotton." "You won't get that here," replied the grocer jokingly. "You'll have to go to the blacksmith's shop for that." "I want a spool of cotton," the child repeated, clutching something very tightly in her right hand. And she continued to reiterate the request for a long time before quitting the store.

Presently her mother appeared in the door, with a very irate countenance. "D'you mean to tell me that you haven't got a nutmeg?" she inquired indignantly. "Was that what the child wanted?" exclaimed the grocer. "She asked for a spool of cotton." "Couldn't you see the nutmeg in her hand?" retorted the mother. "I saw something in her hand, but I didn't know what it was." "Well, all you had to do was to smell it," was the final shot with which the matron departed.

Witnesses to this scene have amused themselves ever since, asking the grocer why he doesn't exercise greater detective skill in finding out what his customers require when they don't know themselves.—Philadelphia Record.

She Was Looking For a Job.

An Englishman who was staying for a short time at Nice decided one morning to have a dip in the sea.

On proceeding to the shore he began to look out for some secluded spot where he might undress. At last he got clear of every one except some old women who followed him everywhere and whom he could not manage to shake off. He walked and walked until at last there was only one left. Finding it impossible to shake her off and through ignorance of the language being unable to ask her to leave, he decided to begin undressing in the hopes that she would withdraw when she saw what he was about.

As he removed his coat he was horrified to see her making a rush for him. He did not know what to do, when, to his relief, she rapidly undid a huge bundle she carried and began to erect a portable tent round him.

Then he perceived it was for this the women had been following him all the time.

Stack.

Penner—Say, give me a synonym for "psychic," will you?

Wright—Well, there's "psychological."

Penner—All right. How do you spell it?

Wright—Why—er—oh, I give it up. Why not use "psychic"?

Penner—I would, but I don't know how to spell that.—Philadelphia Press.

Why Care if the Baby Is Healthy?

Muggins is not handsome, and he knows it. When his first baby was born, he asked, "Does it look like me?"

Of course they replied in the affirmative.

"Well," said he, with a sigh, "break it to my wife gently."—London Tit-Bits.

IN THE CAR KITCHEN

SNUG MANNER IN WHICH Eatables ARE STOWED AWAY.

Methods by Which Stores Are Replenished Which Give Out En Route—The Room For the Waiters. The Cooks and Their Work.

The actual standing room in the car kitchen consists of an aisle only wide enough for two men to pass each other and about fifteen feet long. On one side is an unbroken row of ranges, the very best sort invented, for when men do women's work they are not content with makeshift tools. On the other side is a steam table for keeping things hot, other tables and some of the refrigerators, for there are many. Hot water and cold is held in cylinders which lie along the ceiling and look like the projectiles used on torpedo boats.

One refrigerator is devoted exclusively to fish, which lie shining on blocks of clear ice as tempting as in any fish market. Until I had actually seen this refrigerator it had been my practice to refuse fish in traveling, feeling there was some mystery about its preservation, but now—indeed, no such thing. I had fancied the whole menu cooked at once in enormous quantities, like a soldiers' mess at camp, and my fastidious car appetite had revolted and faded away during the first course, but now I eat with relish, knowing the condition of the source of supply.

Another refrigerator is entirely for meats and game, another for fruit, and even bread and cake are kept in a refrigerator that they retain their moisture. Outside the kitchen there is a sacred icebox under lock and key, and no man may put his hand therein except the steward or housekeeper of the dining car. There twenty-five kinds of wine are kept, and there will be shown to you, with a manner aimed but proud, the royal family of champagne with cool, gold crowned heads sitting on an icy throne.

But, to go back to the kitchen, that apartment is occupied by three men all in white, with perhaps a blue cord on for tradition's sake, who serve deftly and capably the hived of waiters that swarm at the open square at the inner end of the room. It is a wise provision that prevents close contacts, for cooks are apt to be "redhot" at the crucial hour of dinner serving, and, besides, the car kitchen can contain more men than the three cooks, who broil, roast, stew and fry the numberless fancies of the patrons' palates. These men work hard. The head cook, whose salary is about \$70 per month, stands farthest from the window where the waiters clamor and is a bit more serious. The middle cook, on \$45 salary, is lively or submissive according to the man he addresses, and the end cook finds time to chaff the owners of the dark faces who call orders, and sometimes he sings as happily as a conceited boy who fancies his future on the operatic stage.

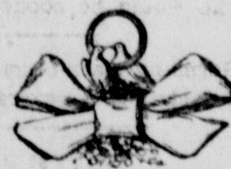
These three men make up the white capped trio we see peering out of the windows of the dining car as it slips into the station. All the other employees of the train come into contact with passengers and have interesting experiences, but these are confined in the galley and are eager for scant glimpses at the station. Sometimes the car has a little balcony at the end, where they can escape the heat of their quarters, a needed relief in summer time.

The waiters have a pantry adjoining the kitchen and opening into it only by the little square window with a counter on either side. When your order is given and the waiter disappears, this is where he has gone. Here are kept supplies of dishes and silver, and here it is the waiter makes up the dishes of cakes, fruit and cheese you call for with which to tie up the ends of your appetite.

Before the dining car is drawn away from the caryards the special housekeeper who has it in charge must see that every sort of supply is on hand and in sufficient, but not too lavish, quantity. Sometimes there are ninety persons to feed, sometimes one-third that number, but the probable number on the various runs is known. In long journeys there are commissary stations along the way where the car may be restocked, but this is seldom necessary except with such perishables as cream and milk. Have you ever heard a porter agitating that subject with station employees at Buffalo or elsewhere? That means the emergency has arisen in the dining car. Such things might easily happen in a larger where demands are irregular and markets scores of miles away. It is a wonder they do not happen oftener when we reflect that economy in perishable things is exacted from the steward housekeeper.

Just before he sends his black commissary to announce dinner to the hungry passengers every man slips on jacket and apron of whitest linen and by this little act of costuming is converted at once from the nondescript man of the streets into the most spruce of servants. Then, with everything ready in the kitchen and with his flock of assistants about him, the housekeeper of the dining car awaits the coming of his guests. And in they come, thoughtless blessing takers, with never a reflection on the hours of preparation by the army of men that it has taken to give them the degree of comfort which is purchasable for a dollar bill.—Ainslee's Magazine.

The river flows quietly along toward the sea, yet it always gets there. It might be well to remember this when you are trying to rush things.—Chicago News.

BUCKEYE
HARNESS
SHOP

R. G. STENGER, Mgr.,
Successor to G. L. FREDERICK,
East Market Street, North of
the Diamond, Buckeye Harness
Shop at Fredrick's Old Stand.

Here you will find a complete line of all kinds of

Harness and
Strap Work,
Whips,
Robes and
Blankets,
Water Proof
Covers,
Harness,
Oils,
Metal Polish,
Etc., Etc.

If you are wanting a first class

Hand Made
Harness,

Made from selected
stocks and by competent
workmen, you should try
the Buckeye Shop.

Repair work promptly
and neatly done and
charges reasonable.

THE POULTRY YARD.

Gravel or coarse sand is as much needed as ordinary food.

All chickens want for health, growth and good conditions is plain, nutritious food.

Even when the fowls have an unlimited range it is a good plan to feed them every evening.

One of the first things to learn about poultry is that they must be kept clean and free from vermin.

Peafowls are handsome and subsist with the least care of any kind of fowls. They are prolific layers and a good protection against hawks.

Raw bone contains every part of an egg—white, yolk and shell. Therefore it should be kept constantly before laying hens in the granulated form.

One of the best ways of removing lice from fowls is to make them do it themselves by having a lot of dry earth where they can dust themselves whenever they feel like it.

The comb is always an index to the condition of the bird. When the comb is white or very pale or very black, something is wrong. A healthy fowl shows a bright scarlet color in the comb.

Slave to a Pillow.

There is in this city a young man who sleeps on a pillow that is one foot square and only four inches thick, a pillow that resembles a pancake. He has used it ever since he was a baby. When, at the age of twelve, he entered St. Paul's school, he took it all the way to New Hampshire with him, and when he entered Harvard he took it to Cambridge also. Starting on his wedding journey, he carried it in his suitcase. When he went abroad, the pillow went along. And now, when he is twenty-five, he is more attached to the tiny thing than ever and will take it on the briefest trips—on trips of a day, say, to New York or on trips over night to the country houses of his friends. He says that he has not once slept on anything but this pillow since he was seven years old.—Philadelphia Record.

It is easy enough to smile when you tread upon rose leaves, but try it when each step leaves blood prints upon the thorns. Some of the lines in your face may curve downward then.

THE MARKETS.

Pittsburg, Nov. 11.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, 67¢@68¢.
CORN—No. 2 yellow shelled, 66¢@67¢; No. 2 yellow ear, 66¢@67¢.
OATS—No. 2 white, 46¢@47¢; extra No. 3 white, 45¢@46¢; regular No. 3, 44¢@45¢.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$14.50@14.75; No. 2, \$13.00@14.00; No. 1 timothy hay, \$11.00@11.50; hay, \$10.50@11.00.
BUTTER—Elgin creamery prints, 25¢@25 1/2¢; do tubs, 24¢@24 1/2¢; Ohio and Pennsylvania creamery, 22¢@22 1/2¢; dairy butter, 15¢@15 1/2¢; fresh country roll, 15¢@16¢; cooking butter, 12¢@15¢.

CHEESE—New York, full cream, 11¢@11 1/2¢; Ohio, 11¢@11 1/2¢; cream, Ohio, 9 1/2¢@9 3/4¢; Ohio Swiss, tubs, 13¢@14¢; Wisconsin Swiss, tubs, 15¢@15 1/2¢; 20-lb block, Swiss, new, 14 1/2¢@15¢; 5-lb brick cheese, 13¢@13 1/2¢; Limburger, new, 12¢@13¢.

EGGS—Fresh candied, doz., 23¢@24¢; storage, 18¢@18 1/2¢.

POULTRY—Chickens, live, hens, per lb., 8 1/2¢@9¢; springers, 9¢@10 1/2¢; roosters, 5¢@6¢ per lb; turkeys, old, per lb., 9¢@10¢; turkeys, spring, 10¢@11¢; old turkeys, dressed, 14¢@15¢; spring turkeys, dressed, 15¢@16¢; hens, dressed, per lb., 13¢@14¢; fresh spring broilers, dressed, per lb., 13¢@14¢; geese, live, 75¢@1.00 per pair; ducks, spring, 10¢@11¢; dressed, 15¢@16¢.

CATTLE—Pittsburg, Nov. 11.
Choice, \$5.60@5.90;
prime, \$5.30@5.50; good, \$5.00@5.25;
tidy butchers', \$4.60@4.90; fair, \$3.75@4.25; common, \$2.50@3.50; fat cows, \$1.50@4.00; bulls and stags, \$2.00@4.00; common to fresh cows, \$2.00@3.50; good to fresh cows, \$3.50@5.00.

HOGS—Prime heavies, \$5.90@6.00; heavy mediums, \$5.80@5.85; light mediums, \$5.75@5.80; heavy Yorkers, \$5.65@5.70; light Yorkers, \$5.50@5.60; pigs, \$5.40@5.50; roughs, \$4.25@5.00.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Best wethers, \$3.40@3.50; good, \$3.20@3.35; mixed, \$2.50@3.10; culls and common, \$1.00@2.00; yearlings, \$2.50@3.75; spring lambs, \$3.00@5.00; veal calves, \$7.00@7.50; heavy and thin, \$4.00@5.00.

THE
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A PROFESSIONAL PENMAN
of 14 years experience
gives instruction in Pen-
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Individual
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Large classes in Bookkeep-
ing, Shorthand, Typewriting
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attendance.

If you want a practical
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We shall be very
glad to have you
open an account
with us on trial
subject to termina-
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ure.

The Potters National
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STRIPES



Our new 1902 sam-
ples of fine and cheap
WALL
PAPERS

are in. Select your
papers now and we
will deliver them in
1902 and allow you 10
per cent. off.

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Low rate Home-Seekers' excursion tick-
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November 10th and 11th, excursion tickets to
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130 e-o-d-w

WELLSVILLE

WELLSVILLE WANTS
SOME FREE LIGHT

Council Will Endeavor to Establish a Precedent For Other Ohio Towns.

SOLICITOR WELLS' OPINION

Thinks Street Railway Company Can Be Made to Furnish Light for Several Streets—Contracts for Paving Streets Were Let.

The city council held a very busy session last night. It was a called meeting and all the members responded but Mr. Aughinbaugh, of the Fifth ward, who was reported sick.

Resolutions were adopted to borrow sufficient money from the Silver Banking company, of this city, at a rate not exceeding 6 per cent for the purpose of having a temporary fund on hand to start the paving and improvement of certain streets; \$8,600 is to be borrowed for Lisbon street, \$22,000 for Clark avenue, \$7,300 for Commerce street and \$10,600 for Liverpool street.

The city clerk was ordered to serve notice to property holders along these streets, that the improvement is to be made.

Ordinances were read and adopted to have grades established on the following streets and avenues: Kelly avenue, Steubenville street from Eighteenth to Twenty-first street, Clark avenue from Eighteenth street to Kelly avenue, Fifteenth street from Commerce street west, Aten avenue from Clark avenue to Davidson alley, Crawford avenue from Kelly to May alley, Liverpool street to James street and Chester avenue from May alley to Aten land.

The following ordinances were passed to take effect at the earliest date provided by law:

An ordinance regulating the transportation or keeping of powder or other combustibles in the city limits.

An ordinance to prevent the destruction or mutilation of monuments, graves, etc., in Spring Hill cemetery.

An ordinance to regulate the weighing of coal and hay.

An ordinance licensing theatrical exhibitions or public shows.

An ordinance prohibiting persons injuring or removing property used by the city fire department.

The last ordinance provides for the lighting of street intersections by the railway of the United Power company on the streets where their cars are run. The city solicitor stated that there was not a case on record in the state of Ohio where an electric railway company had been forced to do this, but he believed that the law called for it and that it would be a good plan to experiment and if the law is proven constitutional greater demands can be made.

The lowest bidders for paving several streets were granted the contracts. Rinehart Bros., of East Liverpool, were granted three—Clark avenue from Eighteenth street to Steubenville street at \$1.30 per square yard; Lisbon street from Little Yellow creek to Fourth street at \$1, and Commerce street from Fifteenth to Eighteenth street at 99 cents. E. A. Freshwater, of Penrith, W. Va., was given the contract at \$1.25 to pave Liverpool street from Yewow Creek bridge to corporation line.

The city clerk was ordered to return the certified checks to the unsuccessful bidders.

Council then adjourned to meet again next Tuesday night.

Fell From an Engine.
W. S. Robinson, of the West End, met with a painful but not serious accident last Saturday evening. He was working on a switch engine when he lost his balance and fell to the ground.

THE LATEST
SHIRT

Made with Fine
Pleated Bosom
in Solid Colors

\$1.50

THE LEADER

Knowles Block,
Washington St.

receiving a shaking up. He will be laid up for some time.

MINOR NEWS OF WELLSVILLE.

R. A. Worth and family moved to Toronto yesterday.

H. M. McCreary has moved into the McDonald property on Main street. Ernest King, of Lisbon, is the guest of George Clark on Highland Heights. S. A. Snediker remains quite poorly. His friends are a little anxious as to his recovery.

Miss Mabel Gossitt has resigned her position as bookkeeper for J. H. Aten, the West End groceryman.

Mrs. A. I. Sanford returned yesterday to Avalon, Pa., after a pleasant visit with West End relatives.

Officers Morrissey and Madden, Dr. Hutcheson and Attorney Boyd went hunting yesterday and got their share of quail.

J. H. Wilson left this morning for Toronto to act as electrician for the Toronto and New Cumberland Telephone company.

C. A. Bradley, one of the wreck crew on the C. & P. road, is not able for duty, having had his right eye badly injured by a flying cinder last week.

Will McSweeney, of this city, and Miss Nannie Fitzgerald, of East Liverpool, will be united in marriage in the near future. Their announcement cards are out.

SPECULATION WAS ACTIVE

And Broad, In Stock Market, Tuesday—Demand For Bonds—Some of the Features.

New York, Nov. 12.—There was another day of broad and active speculation in stocks Monday and a large and well distributed demand for bonds outside of the extraordinary dealings in some of the convertible and speculative bonds. The demand for stocks Monday was exceedingly varied, as was the movement of prices, owing to the fact that the buying demand shifted to new quarters and realizing of profits proceeded actively. In last week's favorites, taking advantage of the sustaining force of the new favorites. Monday the Northwestern railroad settlement and the Vanderbilt plan of merger, which furnished the material of the bulls during the last week's rise, fell into the background decidedly, while discussion became very active on the favorable prospects of the coal trade, the iron and steel trade and the extraordinary railroad traffic of which reports are heard on all hands. In accordance with this tendency, the coal carriers and the iron and steel industries made conspicuous advances Monday, while the professionals sold the Trans-Continental stocks and the Vanderbilt demands for freight cars and other forms of railroad equipment made the movement Monday in the car and steel industries a natural corollary of the movement in the railroad stocks. The day's conspicuous advances will be seen to have centered in the anthracite and soft coal carriers and in the car and steel industries. Hocking Valley, with a rise of 3/4; American Car preferred, with a gain of 1/2, and several others with 2 or more points to their credit, were conspicuous in the movement. Sugar and Amalgamated Copper were affected by an active demand from the shorts, and both stocks were very largely dealt in for Boston account. Chicago and Eastern Illinois jumped 9 points, but reacted 5. Union Pacific preferred rose 4 points and Great Northern preferred and Northern Pacific preferred moved strongly upward at the last on revived reports of an early settlement. Sentiment continued confident over the money outlook, although foreign exchange continued strong, and additional gold shipments are expected later in the week. Realizing became very general in the late dealings, but a number of rallies made the closing irregular.

The bond market was very active and generally strong, the convertible and speculative bonds especially so. Standard rose 6 1/2, rose 4 1/2. Total sales, par value, \$6,625,000.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Ohio—Rain and colder today. Tomorrow fair and colder in southeast; brisk to high southerly winds, shifting to northwesterly.

Western Pennsylvania—Rain today; colder in the afternoon. Tomorrow colder and probably fair; winds shifting to westerly and northwesterly, becoming high.

West Virginia—Rain today; colder in western portion. Tomorrow fair and colder; southerly winds, shifting to northwesterly.

TO GET ALL THE NEWS

Buy the Evening News Review—List of Those Who Sell It.

Job R. Manley's,
Cor. Sixth and Franklin Streets

Pierce & Cartwright's,
276 Eighth Street.

John M. Peake's,
304 Eighth Street.

Bagley's,
153 Second Street.

Bagley's,
Second Street.

John Peake's,
Market and Second Streets.

Ryan Bros.,
289 East Market Street.

Wilson's,
Fifth Street.

Rose's Cigar Store,
Washington Street.

Gill's Grocery,
Calcutta Road.

Harrison News Stand,
143 Mulberry St., East End.

C. T. McCutcheon,
Drug Store, Southside.

Marshall News Stand,
First St., Chester, W. Va.

SOUTH SIDE

INTERESTING CASE

Cameron Vs. Rinehart Action Will Have a Hearing at Cumberland Tomorrow.

At New Cumberland tomorrow the case of Samuel Cameron, of Fairview, versus John Rinehart, of East Liverpool, will be tried.

About a year ago Cameron sold some hay to Rinehart at \$8 per ton. Only one load was hauled and when Rinehart went after the remainder of the hay, Mr. Peters, Cameron's landlord, had taken the hay for rent claimed to be due. Cameron has now sued for the entire amount.

Attorney George Ingram will represent Rinehart in New Cumberland.

Foutts Was Non-Suited.

In the case of Robert Foutts versus J. H. Snyder for W. H. Gardner, which came off at New Cumberland, Foutts was non-suited, the court holding that the plaintiff had not sufficient evidence. Foutts claimed 16 feet of ground across the line between his and Gardner's farm, the latter a recent purchase from Snyder.

A Delightful Social.

A delightful social function took place in Chester last evening, when Mayor Robert Dunn entertained the Rock Springs street car men. All Nowling gave phonograph selections and a fine supper was served, at which toasts were given.

CHESTER NOTES.

Kennedy Irwin, of Beaver, Pa., is building a house on Stephenson's hill.

George Weaver, of Irondale, is moving into his new house on Indiana avenue.

Joseph Allison has purchased a lot on Indiana avenue and will build a residence.

George Hineman was summoned yesterday to Industry, Pa., by the dangerous illness of his brother.

Five Italians were discharged this morning by Arch Severs on the curbing work in the mill addition.

George Wynn and Harvey Allison, of the Rock Springs line, had a very successful hunt trip south of Chester yesterday.

Woes of the Grocer.

It was an uptown grocery which a little girl about five years of age entered the other day, saying "I want a spool of cotton." "You won't get that here," replied the grocer jokingly. "You'll have to go to the blacksmith's shop for that." "I want a spool of cotton," the child repeated, clutching something very tightly in her right hand. And she continued to reiterate the request for a long time before quitting the store.

Presently her mother appeared in the door, with a very irate countenance. "D'you mean to tell me that you haven't got a nutmeg?" she inquired indignantly. "Was that what the child wanted?" exclaimed the grocer. "She asked for a spool of cotton." "Couldn't you see the nutmeg in her hand?" retorted the mother. "I saw something in her hand, but I didn't know what it was." "Well, all you had to do was to smell it," was the final shot with which the mother departed.

Witnesses to this scene have amused themselves ever since, asking the grocer why he doesn't exercise greater detective skill in finding out what his customers require when they don't know themselves.—Philadelphia Record.

She Was Looking For a Job.

An Englishman who was staying for a short time at Nice decided one morning to have a dip in the sea.

On proceeding to the shore he began to look out for some secluded spot where he might undress. At last he got clear of every one except some old women who followed him everywhere and whom he could not manage to shake off. He walked and walked until at last there was only one left. Finding it impossible to shake her off and through ignorance of the language being unable to ask her to leave, he decided to begin undressing in the hopes that she would withdraw when she saw what he was about.

As he removed his coat he was horrified to see her making a rush for him. He did not know what to do, when, to his relief, she rapidly undid a huge bundle she carried and began to erect a portable tent round him.

Then he perceived it was for this the women had been following him all the time.

Stuck.

Penner—Say, give me a synonym for "psychic," will you?

Wright—Well, there's "psychological."

Penner—All right. How do you spell it?

Wright—Why—er—oh, I give it up. Why not use "psychic"?

Penner—I would, but I don't know how to spell that.—Philadelphia Press.

Why Care If the Baby Is Healthy?
Muggins is not handsome, and he knows it. When his first baby was born, he asked, "Does it look like me?" Of course they replied in the affirmative.

"Well," said he, with a sigh, "break it to my wife gently."—London Tit-Bits.

IN THE CAR KITCHEN

SNUG MANNER IN WHICH Eatables ARE STOWED AWAY.

Methods by Which Stores Are Replenished Which Give Out En Route—The Room For the Waiters. The Cooks and Their Work.

The actual standing room in the car kitchen consists of an aisle only wide enough for two men to pass each other and about fifteen feet long. On one side is an unbroken row of ranges, the very best sort invented, for when men do women's work they are not content with makeshift tools. On the other side is a steam table for keeping things hot, other tables and some of the refrigerators, for there are many. Hot water and cold is held in cylinders which lie along the ceiling and look like the projectiles used on torpedo boats.

One refrigerator is devoted exclusively to fish, which lie shining on blocks of clear ice as tempting as in any fish market. Until I had actually seen this refrigerator it had been my practice to refuse fish in traveling, feeling there was some mystery about its preservation, but now—indeed, no such thing. I had fancied the whole menu cooked at once in enormous quantities, like a soldiers' mess at camp, and my fastidious car appetite had revolted and faded away during the first course, but now I eat with relish, knowing the condition of the source of supply.

Another refrigerator is entirely for meats and game, another for fruit, and even bread and cake are kept in a refrigerator that they retain their moisture. Outside the kitchen there is a sacred icebox under lock and key, and no man may put his hand therein except the steward or housekeeper of the dining car. There twenty-five kinds of wine are kept, and there will be shown to you, with a manner awed but proud, the royal family of champagne with cool, gold crowned heads sitting on an icy throne.

But, to go back to the kitchen, that apartment is occupied by three men all in white, with perhaps a blue cord for tradition's sake, who serve deftly and capably the hiveful of waiters that swarm at the open square at the inner end of the room. It is a wise provision that prevents close contacts, for cooks are apt to be "red-hot" at the crucial hour of dinner serving, and, besides, the car kitchen can contain no more men than the three cooks, who broil, roast, stew and fry the numberless fancies of the patrons' palates. These men work hard. The head cook, whose salary is about \$70 per month, stands farthest from the window where the waiters clamor and is a bit more serious. The middle cook, on \$45 salary, is lively or submissive according to the man he addresses, and the end cook finds time to chaff the owners of the dark faces who call orders, and sometimes he sings as happily as a conceited boy who fancies his future on the operatic stage.

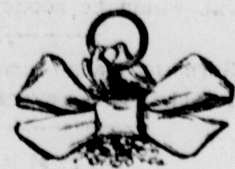
These three men make up the white capped trio we see peering out of the windows of the dining car as it slips into the station. All the other employees of the train come into contact with passengers and have interesting experiences, but these are confined in the galleys and are eager for scant glimpses at the station. Sometimes the car has a little balcony at the end, where they can escape the heat of their quarters, a needed relief in summer time.

The waiters have a pantry adjoining the kitchen and opening into it only by the little square window with a counter on either side. When your order is given and the waiter disappears, this is where he has gone. Here are kept supplies of dishes and silver, and here it is the waiter makes up the dishes of cakes, fruit and cheese you call for with which to tie up the ends of your appetite.

Before the dining car is drawn away from the caryards the special housekeeper who has it in charge must see that every sort of supply is on hand and in sufficient, but not too lavish, quantity. Sometimes there are ninety persons to feed, sometimes one-third that number, but the probable number on the various runs is known. In long journeys there are commissary stations along the way where the car may be restocked, but this is seldom necessary except with such perishables as cream and milk. Have you ever heard a porter agitating that subject with station employees at Buffalo or elsewhere? That means the emergency has arisen in the dining car. Such things might easily happen in a larger where demands are irregular and markets scores of miles away. It is a wonder they do not happen oftener when we reflect that economy in perishable things is exacted from the steward housekeeper.

Just before he sends his black commissary to announce dinner to the hungry passengers every man slips on jacket and apron of whitest linen and by this little act of costuming is converted at once from the nondescript man of the streets into the most spruce of servants. Then, with everything ready in the kitchen and with his flock of assistants about him, the housekeeper of the dining car awaits the coming of his guests. And in they come, thoughtless blessing takers, with never a reflection on the hours of preparation by the army of men that it has taken to give them the degree of comfort which is purchasable for a dollar bill.—Ainslee's Magazine.

The river flows quietly along toward the sea, yet it always gets there. It might be well to remember this when you are trying to rush things.—Chicago News.

BUCKEYE
HARNESS
SHOP

R. G. STENGER, Mgr.,
Successor to G. L. FREDERICK,
East Market Street, North
of the Diamond, Buckeye Harness
Shop at Fredrick's Old Stand.

Here you will find a complete line of all kinds of

Harness and
Strap Work,
Whips,
Robes and
Blankets,
Water Proof
Covers,
Harness,
Oils,
Metal Polish,
Etc., Etc.

If you are wanting a first class

Hand Made
Harness,

Made from selected
stocks and by competent
workmen, you should try
the Buckeye Shop.

Repair work promptly
and neatly done and
charges reasonable.

THE POULTRY YARD.

Gravel or coarse sand is as much needed as ordinary food.

All chickens want for health, growth and good conditions is plain, nutritious food.

Even when the fowls have an unlimited range it is a good plan to feed them every evening.

One of the first things to learn about poultry is that they must be kept clean and free from vermin.

Peafowls are handsome and subsist with the least care of any kind of fowls. They are prolific layers and a good protection against hawks.

Raw bone contains every part of an egg—white, yolk and shell. Therefore it should be kept constantly before laying hens in the granulated form.

One of the best ways of removing lice from fowls is to make them do it themselves by having a lot of dry earth where they can dust themselves whenever they feel like it.

The comb is always an index to the condition of the bird. When the comb is white or very pale or very black, something is wrong. A healthy fowl shows a bright scarlet color in the comb.

Slave to a Pillow.

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CHEESE—New York, full cream, 11¢@11½¢; Ohio, 11¢@11½¢; ¾ cream, Ohio, 9½¢@9¾¢; Ohio Swiss, tubs, 13¢@14¢; Wisconsin Swiss, tubs, 15¢@15½¢; 20-lb block, Swiss, new, 14½¢@15¢; 5-lb brick cheese, 13¢@13½¢; Limburger, new, 12¢@13¢.
EGGS—Fresh candled, doz., 23¢@24¢; storage, 18¢@18½¢.
POULTRY—Chickens, live hens, per lb, 8½¢@9¢; springers, 9½¢@10½¢; roosters, 5¢@6¢ per lb; turkeys, old, per lb, 9¢@10¢; turkeys, spring, 10¢@11¢; old turkeys, dressed, 14¢@15¢; spring turkeys, dressed, 15¢@16¢; hens, dressed, per lb, 13¢@14¢; fresh spring broilers, dressed, per lb, 13¢@14¢; geese, live, 75¢@1.00 per pair; ducks, spring, 10¢@11¢; dressed, 15¢@16¢.

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A PROFESSIONAL PENMAN of 14 years experience gives instruction in Penmanship. Students receive

Individual instruction in Arithmetic and other Common Branches

Large classes in Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting and Rapid Calculations are in attendance.

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Bank.

STRIPES



Our new 1902 samples of fine and cheap WALL PAPERS are in. Select your papers now and we will deliver them in 1902 and allow you 10 per cent off.

KINSEY'S
Wall Paper Store

Home-Seekers' Excursion via Penna. Lines.

Low rate Home-Seekers' excursion tickets to points in West and South will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines November 5th and 19th; also on December 3d and 17th. Particular information about fares, time of trains and other details will be furnished upon application to Passenger and Ticket Agents of the Penna. Lines. 130-e-o-d-w

Low Rates to Texas via Penna. Lines.

November 16th and 17th, excursion tickets to Ft. Worth, Texas, account Woman's Christian Temperance Union National Convention, will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines. See local ticket agents for particulars. 130-e-o-d-w

RUSSIA AND JAPAN ON FRIENDLY TERMS

By MARQUIS HIROBUMI ITO, Ex-Premier of Japan



A SIGNIFICANT thing in the far east owing to its recent development is the attitude of Russia at the present time. RUSSIA IS DISPLAYING A VERY FAIR AND LIBERAL SPIRIT, AND THE FRIENDLY RELATIONS OF THE TWO GOVERNMENTS OF RUSSIA AND JAPAN ARE FAST BEING CELEBRATED. It is very gratifying owing to the unfriendly spirit and unrest which previously obtained.

PERHAPS THE UNITED STATES AND JAPAN MAY YET CONTROL THE TRADE OF THE PACIFIC. BUT IT WILL NOT BE AN UNDIVIDED CONTROL. OUR POLICY AND YOURS MUST BE IN COMPLETE HARMONY WITH THAT OF OTHER NATIONS.

Our destiny is the same, and the theater of action, you must remember, is immense. Every nation is represented in the Japan and Chinese oceans.

WORK OF THE LUNGS

THE NECESSITY FOR PURE AIR AND PROPER BREATHING.

Respiratory Gymnastics Tend to Strengthen the Resisting Force of Nature to Disease—The Lesson of the Black Hole of Calcutta.

To my mind the part of the physical man upon which depends all the possibilities of mental resource is that part which has relation to respiration and which for its perfect work depends upon the quality of the air we breathe, the quantity respired and the method thereof. The apparatus for respiration consists of the lungs, which are double, the one on the right side having three lobes, the other on the left only two. We must always bear in mind that nature is generous in her provisions, and she has given us so much of lung tissue that a large part can be quickly exhausted and become inactive, yet life endure for its legitimate three score years and ten and its duties and activities continue unhindered by any conscious lack. Under the microscope the lung tissue shows an infinite number of tiny cells or ultimate lobules. Some have estimated these at five or six hundred million, and, wonderful to relate, only with the first breath that the infant draws are both lungs ever filled with absolutely new air. All through life there is necessarily what we call a residual air, which may be of a greater or less amount, according to the breathing habit of the individual. It is said that the extent of surface through which the air breathed passes is approximately about 1,300 square feet, and the excretion from the lungs daily is over two pounds of poisonous matter. In fact, it is certain that at least one-third of the waste and poisonous matter caused by the activities of the organism, its growth, repair, decay, is excreted through the lungs.

Unfortunately, a great majority of mankind breathe very superficially, using only part of this large area of lung tissue. Even if persons are out of doors, unless by wise activity, the deep cells of the lungs are not aerated for the simple reason that very few men or women know how to free the lungs properly. Dettweiler states that "deep breathing not only ventilates the lungs and aids the circulation, but in many cases is able to strengthen the muscles of the thorax, especially those about the upper part of the chest." And I believe that we have a right to expect from respiratory gymnastics a real strengthening of the resisting force of nature to disease. Even if the lungs have begun to break down, honest effort in this direction will supplement medication.

One of the methods of correct breath-

ing is to put the hands lightly on the hips, fingers backward; throw the shoulders well back, hold the chest up, chin in, and then inhale slowly through the nose as long as possible. When the lungs are filled, retain the air until some discomfort is experienced, then, forming the lips in the shape of a letter O, exhale as slowly and evenly as is consistent with comfort, making a slight blowing sound. Such an exercise for five minutes, clad only in one garment or, better, with no garment at all, night and morning, in a well ventilated room, will do very much in man, woman or child to develop the lung capacity, improve the carriage of the body and enrich the quality of the blood, which depends upon the activity of the lungs for its purification.

It is no wonder that so much care has been given by nature to the apparatus for the respiratory function, for we know perfectly well that man has lived as much as sixty days without food, he has been forced to exist for some time without water; but, alas, without air death must come in a brief space of time!

For instance, in 1756, 146 persons were confined over night in a small space not larger than 5,900 cubic feet, with only two little windows on one side. Within an hour all broke out in a profuse sweat. They were tortured with thirst and difficult breathing, and in three and a half hours the majority were delirious. Then when the morning came forty-three only lived to tell the tale. Another extreme case was at the battle of Austerlitz. Three hundred captured soldiers were confined in a small cellar, and within a few hours all but forty were dead. The reason is self evident. The air was insufficient for the demands of each individual, the poisonous exhalations from the body were thrown off through the lungs, and a most agonizing death ensued. It behooves us, then, most carefully to consider in arranging for the ventilation of homes, hotels, hospitals and jails not only that a proper quantity of pure air shall be allowed free circulation, but also to be watchful lest this pure air shall be vitiated by retained impurities.

A great many investigations have been made to ascertain the relation of air to disease, and perhaps the simple statement of the fact that among all industrial classes those are healthier and have the lowest death rate who are gardeners, farmers, agricultural laborers and fishermen—in other words, those whose occupations are carried on in the open air—will be a truth all can understand.

What a lesson, then, to all who may have families of children to rear! How important that every effort should be made to secure the largest amount of air space about the dwelling, plenty of room for the children to play out of doors, and by all means avoid having little ones sleep in an apartment which the winds of heaven do not visit.—Julia Holmes Smith, D. D., in Pilgrim.

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Little Ima had always lived in the country until her parents moved to the seat of the State Normal college. Ima was sent to the "practice school" of that institution, where during one hour of each day she was taught by members of the senior training class.

When asked how she liked the school, she replied, "I love my regular teacher dearly, but I don't much like it when those false teachers come in."—Harper's Magazine.

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Tired of life and the ever present necessity of earning his daily bread by working he had taken a dose of carbolide acid and laid down to die. But the meddling doctors pumped him out and saved him to society. "Oh, Horace," moaned his wife, leaning over him, "why did you take that awful stuff? Laudanum would have been less painful and so much surer!"—Chicago Tribune.

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When my mother was a little girl, the narrator went on, to have one's letters regularly brought and handed in at the door would have seemed a miracle of privilege, and to get them without paying postage would have been another. Mails were so slow and uncertain that the safe arrival of an expected letter by any means was an event in a country family, with the postoffice miles away.

Sometimes the delivery was helped along by volunteer carriers—a farmer going home from the grist mill, a housewife returning from market town with her bargains of lamp oil, West India molasses and green tea, or even a passing peddler with his load of tinware and corn brooms. In the old war-time the army had post riders, but they were few and far between.

My grandfather was a soldier of the Revolution, and grandmother kept the home fire burning here, and provided for their three children as well as she could while he was at the front. All summer she had heard no word of him, and when one autumn day a man in a military cloak rode to the door on a white horse her heart beat quick.

"Does Ruth Fuller live here?" he says, holding a thick letter in his hand. "Yes, I am Ruth Fuller," and grandmother reached eagerly for the letter, for she saw the address in her husband's handwriting.

"The postage is 2 shillings."

Grandmother's countenance fell, for there wasn't so much money in the house.

"Guess you don't know me," remarked the man, opening his cape and tipping back his cocked hat, but still holding the letter. She knew him then—an enemy capable of a mean revenge.

"Ah, yes, you remember Tom Turner and how he asked you to marry him and you gave him 'No, I thank,' and took John Fuller. I wasn't good enough to marry ye, but I'm good enough now to bring ye letters from the man that did, and I'm good enough to charge ye a steep price for goin' out o' my way. So hand over your 2 shillings and take your letter."

The poor woman told him she had no money. To be held up in this heartless and insulting way was a bitter hurt to her. Her grief was deeper than her resentment, but she was too proud to let the cruel fellow see her weep.

"I will get you a good dinner," she said, "and feed your horse and give you a pair of nice long stockings."

It was a humiliation to plead with Tom Turner, but she could do no less.

"Money or nothin'," he says, and he put the letter in his pocket and rode away.

Grandmother went into the house and sat down and cried, and her children, clinging about her, cried too. During her long months of waiting, at odd hours she had spun and woven cloth and sewed garments and knitted woolen stockings for John's winter comfort, trusting to find some way to send them to him. Now the messenger had come and gone who could at least have carried word, and he had refused even to give her husband's letter.

"Ma, God knows what the bad man did," sobbed one of the little ones. "He knows what nice things you've made for pa, and he'll send a good man next time."

The baby's thought relieved the mother's despair, and the three lonely hearts prayed and waited anxiously for the "next time," and, sure enough, before winter came they saw the same white horse galloping toward the house. "He's brought the letter back!" they all cried out together, for they believed the rider to be the same man.

Grandmother rushed from the door with all her children. The horseman held out the same letter, and as he gravely put it into her hands she glanced up to his face and screamed for joy.

"John! It is you!"

It did not take her husband long to tell the rest of the story. Tom Turner had returned to headquarters, and one night, made talkative by an extra ration of rum, he had bragged how he "got even" with an old sweetheart who jilted him. His exploit reached the ears of his commanding officer, who took away his commission and put my grandfather in his place. The new post rider had brought his own letter to his wife. It was the first rural free delivery in Mansfield town.—Youth's Companion.

And There Are Others.

Waggs—Old man Blowitz has a remarkable memory, hasn't he? Naggs—Wonderful. Why, he actually remembers a lot of things that never happened.—Chicago Record-Herald.

A good friend is one's nearest relation. One's greatest relation is not always a good friend.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Dr. Penner's GOLDEN RELIEF

Old Sores, Wounds, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Inflammation, etc.

Dr. Penner's Golden Relief is a

Sores, Headache, Cold Sores, Eruptions, Toothache, etc.

"Golds." Forming Fevers, Grip, etc.

CURES ALL PAIN INSIDE OR OUT

In one to thirty minutes.

For Sale at HODSON'S DRUG STORE

The Greatest Railroad in the World

uses Walker's Soap because it is free from alkali and saves the company thousands of dollars in a year in preserving paint, varnish, and fabrics washed with it. Before the Pennsylvania Railroad used Walker's Soap, newly varnished cars were found to be shabby and need re-varnishing. The cause was a mystery till the company's chemist investigated and found it was the alkali in common soaps that was destroying property. A standard of soap purity was then set up, and now the cars are washed with



Walker's Soap

Many housekeepers find paint and varnish washing off or losing its glossy surface. Blame the soap you use. Get Walker's Soap and be as wise as the Pennsylvania Railroad. Look for the game rooster on the wrapper and you will know you have the genuine.

THE RUG DESIGNERS

PATTERNS DESCEND FROM PARENT TO CHILD IN THE ORIENT.

Reasons Why Animal Figures Are Rarely Seen on Persian Rugs. Prayer Rugs of the Mohammedans and Their Use—The Rugs of Sivas.

The designs of eastern rugs are often the spontaneous outcome of the fancy of the weaver. Sometimes they are handed down from one generation to another. In some cases young girls are taught the design by an adult, who marks it in the sand. At other times a drawing of the rug is made on paper, the instructor showing her pupils the arrangement of every thread and the color to be used. When all this has been done, the pupils must make the rug without looking at the drawing.

Persian rugs excel those of other countries in artistic design as well as in harmonious coloring. The Persians seem to have a natural intuition in the use and blending of different shades, and in the designs that contain these certain colors they achieve the happiest results. It is really wonderful what exquisite fabrics these people, born and reared in ignorance and poverty, produce.

The designs in Persian rugs are generally floral, and in some districts, especially Fars, the women weavers invent the designs, varying them every two or three years. The Mohammedan religion does not allow any direct representation of animal forms, consequently rugs woven under its influence take floral, geometric and vegetable forms. The Shah sect of Moslems, however, numbering about 15,000,000, of whom 8,000,000 are Persians, do not regard representations of animals as unlawful. By the industry of this sect and that of infidels and of all who disregard the law of the Koran animal forms are seen on some Persian rugs.

The prayer rug was evidently invented for the purpose of providing the worshipers with one absolutely clean place on which to offer prayers. It is not lawful for a Moslem to pray on any place not perfectly clean, and unless each one has his own special rug he is not certain that the spot has not been polluted. With regard to the purity of the place of prayer Mohammedans are specially careful when making their pilgrimages, the rugs which they take with them having been preserved from pollution by being rolled up until the journey is begun or until the hour for prayer arrives. It does not matter to these followers of Mohammed how unclean a rug, that is on the floor may be, because over it they place the prayer rug when their devotions begin.

The Turkish rugs made at Sivas are always woven of wool, and almost every hamlet carries on the industry of weaving in the homes. There are no factories, the young girls and women doing the work here as in other parts of Turkey. Sivas rugs are in most cases small, measuring about eight by four feet, but in these years larger and more attractive rugs are being made. Even the poorest families have fine rugs, for they regard them as valuable property, to be sold only under the pressure of great extremity. The weavers are so frugal in their manner of living that their daily earnings of 15 to 19 cents is sufficient to supply their wants. Their food consists usually of rice and crushed wheat, with occasionally a small piece of mutton.

Smyrna is only a mart for the sale of comparatively inferior rugs that are made in the interior from the coarse hair of the Angora goat. These are woven in irregular designs and, although not artistic, are largely sought as coverings for the bare floors and to add warmth. The weaving of these

rugs is crudely done by girls and women. Sometimes the loom is primitively constructed from the trunks of trees. The designs are very simple and have either been handed down from earlier generations or are supplied from the city.

Yuruk rugs are so called from a band of nomads who dwell among the mountains of Anatolia. They have large flocks of fine sheep and weave rugs of firm, even texture. The colors are very good, the field often of dark brown, ornamented with large designs.

About 200 years ago small embroidered rugs were largely made in Persia, chiefly at Ispahan. These were prayer rugs, and on each of them, near one end, was a small embroidered mark to show where the bit of sacred earth from Mecca was to be placed. In obedience to a law of the Koran that the head must be bowed to the ground in prayer this was touched by the forehead when the presentation was made, and so the letter of the law was carried out. The custom prevails. The Persian women who weave the finest prayer rugs seldom weave any other kind of rug.—Rugs, Oriental and Occidental.

His Error.

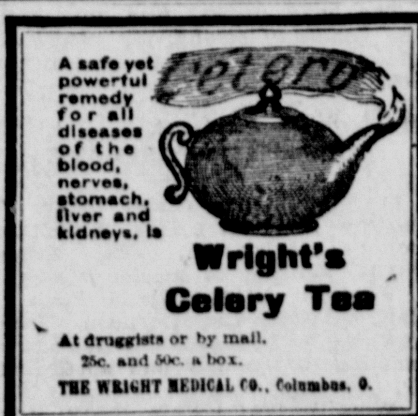
Consumer—I say, what kind of a cigar do you call this? It's the worst tobacco I ever tasted.

Dealer—Beg your pardon, but you are wholly in error. There isn't a particle of tobacco in that cigar. It is so easy to be mistaken, don't you see?—Boston Transcript.

Uninteresting.

"I supposed all grass widows attracted the men, but this one doesn't, and she's rather pretty too. I wonder why they permit her to stand around alone."

"Well, you see, it was all her husband's fault. She got the divorce."—Chicago Record-Herald.



Diseases of Skin and Scalp, eruptions, eczema, old sores, itching, dandruff, scalds, burns, quick relief in Piles. Clean and cooling. Vegetable antiseptic. 50 cts. Guaranteed. If your druggist does not keep it, address SAGINE COMPANY, COLUMBUS, O. For sale by Chas. F. Craig, East Liverpool, O.

THE FIRST NATIONAL...

BANK

OF EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO.

President—David Boyce.
Vice President—J. M. Kelly.
Cashier—N. G. Macrum.
Asst. Cashier—Thos. H. Fisher.

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B. C. Simms, Jno. C. Thompson
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SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT.
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MAKE KNOWN YOUR WANTS

Inform the public of what you have For Sale, For Rent or For Exchange; what you have Lost or found. The cheapest and Best Way is to place a small ad. in the Favorite Home Newspaper.

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Real Estate Offices, Drug Stores and News Stands throughout the city will supply you with cards on which to write your ad. Pay 25 cents for a card, write it and mail it, and

You Will Get What You Want

Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Division

In Effect May 26, 1901.

From East Liverpool.

Cleveland and Pittsburg Division.

| EASTBOUND. | | WESTBOUND. | |
|------------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| No. | Time | No. | Time |
| 302 | 3:56 a. m. | 301 | 12:58 a. m. |
| 304 | 6:51 a. m. | 303 | 7:05 a. m. |
| 306 | 11:51 a. m. | 305 | 9:06 a. m. |
| 308 | 3:56 p. m. | 307 | 2:50 p. m. |
| 310 | 5:40 p. m. | 309 | 4:30 p. m. |
| 312 | 7:30 a. m. | 311 | 6:38 p. m. |
| 314 | 5:25 p. m. | 313 | 6:48 p. m. |

From Chester.
Pittsburg (Pan Handle) Division.

| EASTBOUND. | | WESTBOUND. | |
|------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| No. | Time | No. | Time |
| 320 | 5:32 a. m. | 321 | 6:57 a. m. |
| 322 | 8:40 a. m. | 323 | 11:35 a. m. |
| 324 | 2:27 p. m. | 325 | 3:45 p. m. |

*Runs Daily. †Daily, except Sunday.
**Sunday only.

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 301 and 302 and Parlor Cars on Nos. 303 and 304 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek—id Alliance. No. 326 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations; No. 340 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations; No. 360 for Youngstown, Niles, Jamestown, Erie and intermediate stations.

Nos. 305 and 306 connect at Bayard to New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch.
For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains, apply to ADAM HILL, Passenger and Ticket Agent East Liverpool, Ohio.

Eczema for Forty Years.

The Unqualified Statement of a Well Known Attorney, St. Ignace, Mich.

Some of the cures made by Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment of stubborn and long continued eczema and skin diseases are causing much comment.

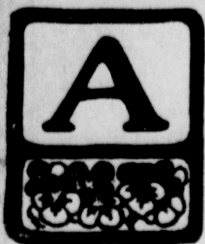
People are beginning to realize that this Ointment is a wonder worker with all kinds of skin trouble. Attorney Jas. J. Brown, St. Ignace, Michigan, writes as follows:

Dr. A. W. Chase Med. Co., Buffalo, N. Y.—Gents:—I cannot refrain from expressing my acknowledgment for the relief I have felt from Dr. Chase's Ointment. For 40 years I was afflicted with a skin disease which was located in one spot—on my leg. I have spent at a rough estimate five hundred dollars trying to effect a cure, and not until I applied this ointment did I get relief. You are strangers to me and this letter is prompted directly because I want to say and I feel as though I ought to say it. That Chase's Ointment has effected a complete cure of my affliction. Three boxes did the work on my leg. I was also suffering from itching piles and applied the ointment which gave the best of satisfaction by affording me rest at night and rapidly causing the disease to disappear. I have received such relief and comfort from the ointment that I cannot withhold expressing my gratitude. I was so long afflicted with the tortures of eczema. I feel now that I am cured, a word of recommendation is due from me.

Yours truly,
JAS. J. BROWN.
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Sold in East Liverpool by Charles T. Larkins.

RUSSIA AND JAPAN ON FRIENDLY TERMS

By MARQUIS HIROBUMI ITO, Ex-Premier of Japan



SIGNIFICANT thing in the far east owing to its recent development is the attitude of Russia at the present time. RUSSIA IS DISPLAYING A VERY FAIR AND LIBERAL SPIRIT, AND THE FRIENDLY RELATIONS OF THE TWO GOVERNMENTS OF RUSSIA AND JAPAN ARE FAST BEING CELEBRATED. It is very gratifying owing to the unfriendly spirit and unrest which previously obtained.

PERHAPS THE UNITED STATES AND JAPAN MAY YET CONTROL THE TRADE OF THE PACIFIC. BUT IT WILL NOT BE AN UNDIVIDED CONTROL. OUR POLICY AND YOURS MUST BE IN COMPLETE HARMONY WITH THAT OF OTHER NATIONS.

Our destiny is the same, and the theater of action, you must remember, is immense. Every nation is represented in the Japan and Chinese oceans.

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"I will get you a good dinner," she said, "and feed your horse and give you a pair of nice long stockings."

It was a humiliation to plead with Tom Turner, but she could do no less. "Money or nothin'," he says, and he put the letter in his pocket and rode away.

Grandmother went into the house and sat down and cried, and her children, clinging about her, cried too. During her long months of waiting, at odd hours she had spun and woven cloth and sewed garments and knitted woolen stockings for John's winter comfort, trusting to find some way to send them to him. Now the messenger had come and gone who could at least have carried word, and he had refused even to give her his husband's letter.

"Ma, God knows what the bad man did," sobbed one of the little ones. "He knows what nice things you've made for pa, and he'll send a good man next time."

The baby's thought relieved the mother's despair, and the three lonely hearts prayed and waited anxiously for the "next time," and, sure enough, before winter came they saw the same white horse galloping toward the house. "He's brought the letter back!" they all cried out together, for they believed the rider to be the same man.

Grandmother rushed from the door with all her children. The horseman held out the same letter, and as he glanced up to his face and screamed for joy.

"John! It is you!"

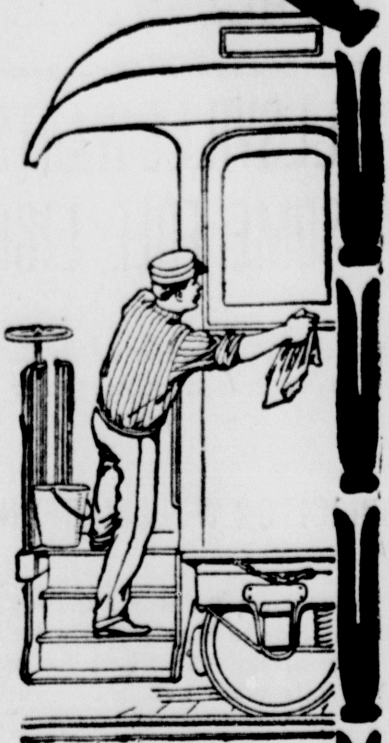
It did not take her husband long to tell the rest of the story. Tom Turner had returned to headquarters, and one night, made talkative by an extra ration of rum, he had bragged how he "got even" with an old sweetheart who jilted him. His exploit reached the ears of his commanding officer, who took away his commission and put my grandfather in his place. The new post rider had brought his own letter to his wife. It was the first rural free delivery in Mansfield town.—Youth's Companion.

And There Are Others. Waggs—Old man Blowitt has a remarkable memory, hasn't he? Naggs—Wonderful. Why, he actually remembers a lot of things that never happened.—Chicago Record-Herald.

A good friend is one's nearest relation. One's greatest relation is not always a good friend.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Dr. Penner's GOLDEN RELIEF. Old Sores, Wounds, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, A TRIPLE SPECIFIC IN ALL INFLAMMATIONS. Sore Throat, Headache (5 minutes), Toothache (1 minute), Cold Sores, Follies, etc., etc. "Colds," "Forming Fevers," GRIP. CURES ANY PAIN INSIDE OR OUT. By Dealers. The 50c size by mail 10c. Predonia, N. Y. FOR SALE AT HODSON'S DRUG STORE

The Greatest Railroad in the World



uses Walker's Soap because it is free from alkali and saves the company thousands of dollars in a year in preserving paint, varnish, and fabrics washed with it. Before the Pennsylvania Railroad used Walker's Soap, newly varnished cars were found to be shabby and need re-varnishing. The cause was a mystery till the company's chemist investigated and found it was the alkali in common soaps that was destroying property: A standard of soap purity was then set up, and now the cars are washed with

Walker's Soap



Many housekeepers find paint and varnish washing off or losing its glossy surface. Blame the soap you use. Get Walker's Soap and be as wise as the Pennsylvania Railroad. Look for the game rooster on the wrapper and you will know you have the genuine.

THE RUG DESIGNERS

PATTERNS DESCEND FROM PARENT TO CHILD IN THE ORIENT.

Reasons Why Animal Figures Are Rarely Seen on Persian Rugs. Prayer Rugs of the Mohammedans and Their Use—The Rugs of Sivas.

The designs of eastern rugs are often the spontaneous outcome of the fancy of the weaver. Sometimes they are handed down from one generation to another. In some cases young girls are taught the design by an adult, who marks it in the sand. At other times a drawing of the rug is made on paper, the instructor showing her pupils the arrangement of every thread and the color to be used. When all this has been done, the pupils must make the rug without looking at the drawing.

Persian rugs excel those of other countries in artistic design as well as in harmonious coloring. The Persians seem to have a natural intuition in the use and blending of different shades, and in the designs that contain these certain colors they achieve the happiest results. It is really wonderful what exquisite fabrics these people, born and reared in ignorance and poverty, produce.

The designs in Persian rugs are generally floral, and in some districts, especially Fars, the women weavers invent the designs, varying them every two or three years. The Mohammedan religion does not allow any direct representation of animal forms, consequently rugs woven under its influence take floral, geometric and vegetable forms. The Shah sect of Moslems, however, numbering about 15,000,000, of whom 8,000,000 are Persians, do not regard representations of animals as unlawful. By the industry of this sect and that of infidels and of all who disregard the law of the Koran animal forms are seen on some Persian rugs.

The prayer rug was evidently invented for the purpose of providing the worshipers with one absolutely clean place on which to offer prayers. It is not lawful for a Moslem to pray on any place not perfectly clean, and unless each one has his own special rug he is not certain that the spot has not been polluted. With regard to the purity of the place of prayer Mohammedans are specially careful when making their pilgrimages, the rugs which they take with them having been preserved from pollution by being rolled up until the journey is begun or until the hour for prayer arrives. It does not matter to these followers of Mohammed how unclean a rug, that is on the floor may be, because over it they place the prayer rug when their devotions begin.

The Turkish rugs made at Sivas are always woven of wool, and almost every hamlet carries on the industry of weaving in the homes. There are no factories, the young girls and women doing the work here as in other parts of Turkey. Sivas rugs are in most cases small, measuring about eight by four feet, but in these years larger and more attractive rugs are being made. Even the poorest families have fine rugs, for they regard them as valuable property, to be sold only under the pressure of great extremity. The weavers are so frugal in their manner of living that their daily earnings of 15 to 19 cents is sufficient to supply their wants. Their food consists usually of rice and crushed wheat, with occasionally a small piece of mutton.

Smyrna is only a mart for the sale of comparatively inferior rugs that are made in the interior from the coarse hair of the Angora goat. These are woven in irregular designs and, although not artistic, are largely sought as coverings for the bare floors and to add warmth. The weaving of these

rugs is crudely done by girls and women. Sometimes the loom is primitively constructed from the trunks of trees. The designs are very simple and have either been handed down from earlier generations or are supplied from the city.

Yuruk rugs are so called from a band of nomads who dwell among the mountains of Anatolia. They have large flocks of fine sheep and weave rugs of firm, even texture. The colors are very good, the field often of dark brown, ornamented with large designs.

About 200 years ago small embroidered rugs were largely made in Persia, chiefly at Isfahan. These were prayer rugs, and on each of them, near one end, was a small embroidered mark to show where the bit of sacred earth from Mecca was to be placed. In obedience to a law of the Koran that the head must be bowed to the ground in prayer this was touched by the forehead when the presentation was made, and so the letter of the law was carried out. The custom prevails. The Persian women who weave the finest prayer rugs seldom weave any other kind of rug.—Rugs, Oriental and Occidental.

His Error. Consumer—I say, what kind of a cigar do you call this? It's the worst tobacco I ever tasted.

Dealer—Beg your pardon, but you are wholly in error. There isn't a particle of tobacco in that cigar. It is so easy to be mistaken, don't you see?—Boston Transcript.

Uninteresting. "I supposed all grass widows attracted the men, but this one doesn't, and she's rather pretty too. I wonder why they permit her to stand around alone." "Well, you see, it was all her husband's fault. She got the divorce."—Chicago Record-Herald.

A safe yet powerful remedy for all diseases of the blood, nerves, stomach, liver and kidneys, is

Wright's Celery Tea

At drug stores or by mail. 5c. and 50c. a box. THE WRIGHT MEDICAL CO., Columbus, O.

Sagine

WILL CURE RASHES, ITCHING, DANDRUFF, SCALDS, BURNS, quick relief in Piles. Clean and cooling. Vegetable antiseptic. 50 cts. Guaranteed.

If your druggist does not keep it, address SAGINE COMPANY, COLUMBUS, O.

For sale by Chas. F. Craig, East Liverpool, O.

Diseases of Skin and Scalp, eruptions, eczema, old sores, itching, dandruff, scalds, burns, quick relief in Piles. Clean and cooling. Vegetable antiseptic. 50 cts. Guaranteed. If your druggist does not keep it, address SAGINE COMPANY, COLUMBUS, O. For sale by Chas. F. Craig, East Liverpool, O.

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OF EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO.

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SURPLUS - - - \$100,000

General Banking Business.

Invites Business and Personal Accounts
SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT.
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MAKE KNOWN YOUR WANTS

Inform the public of what you have For Sale, For Rent or For Exchange; what you have Lost or found. The cheapest and Best Way is to place a small ad. in the Favorite Home Newspaper.

The Evening News Review

Real Estate Offices, Drug Stores and News Stands throughout the city will supply you with cards on which to write your ad. Pay 25 cents for a card, write it and mail it, and

You Will Get What You Want

Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time in Effect May 26, 1901. From East Liverpool. Cleveland and Pittsburg Division.

| EASTBOUND. | | WESTBOUND. | |
|------------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| No. 382 | 8:50 a. m. | No. 381 | 12:30 a. m. |
| 383 | 6:51 a. m. | 384 | 7:06 a. m. |
| 386 | 11:21 a. m. | 387 | 3:06 p. m. |
| 390 | 3:06 p. m. | 389 | 5:50 p. m. |
| 385 | 5:40 p. m. | 388 | 6:38 p. m. |
| 384 | 7:30 a. m. | 391 | 9:06 a. m. |
| 382 | 5:35 p. m. | 393 | 6:45 p. m. |

(From Chester. Pittsburgh (Pan Handle) Division.

| EASTBOUND. | | WESTBOUND. | |
|------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| No. 250 | 5:52 a. m. | No. 251 | 6:57 a. m. |
| 252 | 8:40 a. m. | 253 | 11:35 a. m. |
| 254 | 2:27 p. m. | 255 | 2:45 p. m. |

*Runs Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. *Sunday only. Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 301 and 302 and Parlor Cars on Nos. 303 and 310 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 306 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations; No. 340 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations; No. 340 for Youngstown, Niles, Jamestown, Erie and intermediate stations. Nos. 325 and 326 connect at Bayard to New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch. For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains, apply to ADAM HILL, Passenger and Ticket Agent, East Liverpool, Ohio.

NEWS-REVIEW INTERESTED.

Takes Steps to Reduce Sickness in East Liverpool.

A Prominent Massachusetts Concern's Agent Here to Conclude Arrangements—Considerable Enthusiasm Manifested.

There is no reason why, with a little precaution, under the present circumstances, there should be much general sickness in East Liverpool this winter. The News-Review is anxious to see this become a more healthful community, and has taken steps to make this end possible by a simple means which should appeal to every one of our citizens.

Sickness of most kinds is caused by neglect of some sort. In summer fevers and malarial run rampant because of people's neglect in cleaning their persons, houses, yards and alleys. Winter brings with it many more serious diseases; consumption, catarrh, rheumatism and many others which, strange as it may seem, statisticians say are produced by some form of neglect.

Most any disease, even those that prove the most disastrous, can be checked and prevented by the proper means taken in time. In Eastern cities the daily press and medical journals for the past four or five years have from time to time commented most enthusiastically upon the results obtained by the medical fraternity with a French preparation called "Blood Wine," which was the outgrowth of the international medical congress held in Paris a few years ago, and represents the combined ideas of a large number of physicians and expert chemists.

This preparation has not been an advertised article and few places have kept it as it has always been taken only upon a physician's prescription. Knowing that our readers would appreciate having within their reach a remedy that we have carefully investigated and can recommend, we took steps to have "Blood Wine" placed on sale here and the Louis Dandelin Co. of Worcester, Mass., the sole manufacturers in the United States, sent their agent to look over the ground and perfect final arrangements last week.

As a result Will Reed and Hodson's drug stores now have "Blood Wine" in stock and we are sure if our citizens will give it a trial the results will be most satisfactory and surprising. Just this word of advice—take steps in time. If you feel a cold or a cough or disease of any kind coming on check it in time. Get a bottle of this medicine; it will cost but fifty cents. Keep it in the pantry. You'll find it as staple as flour or sugar. It contains no injurious drugs or opiates.

If we are to stamp out disease we must begin by removing the cause. Neglect to avail yourselves of a means that is known to prevent disease means simply to open the doors and invite into your system the germs of winter—pneumonia, coughs, consumption, rheumatism, kidney troubles etc., etc. "Blood Wine" will prevent these and many others and effect cures in a great many cases where previous efforts have failed. Our druggists are requested by the Louis Dandelin Co. to supply every one interested with a sample without cost, and to explain thoroughly just what "Blood Wine" will do and just what you should not expect it to do.

HOURLASSES.

They Have Not Gone Out of Style by a Long Shot.

"Most people think that hourglasses went out of style years ago," said a clerk in a Twenty-third street store, "along with perukes and knee breeches, but as a matter of fact we have more calls for them today than we have had at any time within the last ten years. That this renewed popularity of the hourglass augurs its universal acceptance as a timepiece by the coming generation I am not prepared to say, but if such a renaissance were to become assured it would be no more surprising than some of the other recent fads based on a revival of lost customs. Anyway a brief study of the hourglass will do nobody harm. There are thousands in this generation who have not the slightest idea what an hourglass looks like, and it won't hurt them to broaden their education a little along certain lines.

"Of the hourglasses sold at present the three minute glass is in the lead. This glass is used almost exclusively to measure time in boiling eggs, and its usefulness naturally places its sales a little in advance of the more sentimental varieties. Next come the five, ten and fifteen minute and full hour glasses, which are bought chiefly by musicians for piano practice and by lodges and secret societies.

"The sand used in an hourglass is the very finest that the world affords. The western coast of Italy furnishes most of it, as it has done for ages past. The cost of hourglasses is regulated by the ornamentation of the frames. A glass set in a plain rosewood case can be bought for \$1, while a mahogany frame comes to \$1.50 or \$2. Of course, the price can be brought up still higher by fancy carving and decoration. Swell lodges sometimes go to this extra expense, but most people are satisfied with the cheaper grades."—New York Sun.

Different And Better.

Different from all others, because they contain no opium or any of its derivatives. Better than all others because they affect a cure through the Nerves and Heart. Such are Clinie Headache Wafers when taken for the cure of a headache. The safest and most reliable remedy known. Take no other. All druggists, 10 cents.

Buy a News Review Want Postal Card. On sale at all drug stores and news stands.

MAY MAKE CONTEST.

Union Party In Philadelphia to Investigate Alleged Frauds.

ACT, IF EVIDENCE SUFFICIENT.

Ward Chairmen Are to Report and if Information Is Strong Enough, City and County Elections Are to Be Contested.

Philadelphia, Nov. 12.—The city committee of the Union party held its first regular meeting since the election and took steps to investigate alleged violations of the election laws last Tuesday. There was a full representation of ward chairmen present, and most of them made reports charging fraudulent voting in their respective wards. State Chairman Frank M. Ritter offered a resolution, which was unanimously adopted, that the city chairman "investigate all charges of flagrant violation of election laws and arrange at once for the criminal prosecution of all who participated therein."

All the ward chairmen are to report such evidence of violations as they can secure within 10 days, and it was stated if this evidence was sufficient to warrant it the Union party will contest the election in both this city and state.

Among the business transacted was the appointment of a committee on rules of the city committee, which will be made a permanent position.

THREE MEN KILLED.

Terrific Explosion of Gas Occurred in a Mine, at Steubenville, Ohio.

Steubenville, O., Nov. 12.—A terrific explosion of gas at the La Belle coal shaft in the Sixth ward resulted in the death of three miners.

The Dead.

James Robertson, 48 years old, lived in Prospect avenue; leaves a wife and seven children.

Edward Simpson, 36 years old, resided in South Sixth street; married and leaves a widow.

William Vandine, 53 years old, lived in Fisher's Run; married and leaves a wife and three young children.

The explosion is supposed to have been caused by an accumulation of gas.

OPPOSED TO THE CHINESE.

Mitchell Wants Miners to Adopt Resolutions Favoring Re-Enactment of Exclusion Law.

Hazleton, Pa., Nov. 12.—Thomas Duffy, president of the United Mine Workers of this district, notified all the local unions under his supervision of the wish of National President Mitchell that resolutions be adopted favoring a re-enactment of the Chinese exclusion law, which expires next May. These resolutions will be forwarded to the congressmen representing the people of the anthracite coal fields. A delegation of United Mine Workers may go to Washington next winter and appeal to congress for the re-enactment of the exclusion law.

WILL BROWN GO TO SEE QUAY?

Went to Lakewood to Confer With I. W. Durham.

Philadelphia, Nov. 12.—J. O. Brown, of Pittsburgh, was in Philadelphia yesterday, but left after a brief stay in the city. It is reported that he has gone to Lakewood to confer with Israel W. Durham, who is resting at that resort after the election battle of last week.

Some who claim to know the inner workings of the machine state that from Lakewood Mr. Brown will go to Washington to confer with Senator Quay. The purport of his visit is kept a close secret.

ROBBERS GOT ONLY \$60.

Smithton National Bank Entered, but Vault Withstood Explosion.

Smithton, Pa., Nov. 12.—The First National bank of this place was burglarized of \$60. The vault contained \$17,000 in cash, which had been deposited last Saturday, but the robbers failed to get it.

The robbers entered the bank early Monday morning. From the safe they secured the \$60 and then dynamited the vault. The shock of the concussion damaged the building, but the vault doors held. The robbery was not discovered until the bank was opened in the morning.

LOST HER LIFE

WARNING OTHERS.

Pittsburg, Nov. 12.—Miss Alice Ward, 25 years old, gave up her life yesterday, after a daring and successful attempt to warn her relatives and friends of their danger by fire at 18 Thirteenth street.

ELECTION IN ALABAMA.

Believed Constitution Was Carried by Over 25,000.

Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 12.—Alabama voted on the question of the adoption or ratification of the constitution formed by the recent convention, and from the returns so far received it is evident that the instrument has carried by a majority ranging between 25,000 and 35,000.

The negroes voted in much larger numbers than had been expected, but were unable to control the result. This was the last opportunity they will have to vote, and in many counties they turned out en masse.



THIS YOUNG LADY IS ACCOMPANIED BY A FOREIGNER. CAN YOU FIND HIM?

THE REPUBLIC.

Thou, too, sail on, O ship of state!
Sail on, O Union, strong and great!
Humility with all its fears,
With all the hopes of future years,
Is hanging breathless on thy fate!
We know what Master laid thy keel,
We know what workmen wrought thy ribs of steel,
Who made each mast and sail and rope,
Who gave each anchor, and who hoisted hope,
In what a harbor and what a heat
Were shaped the anchors of thy fate!
Fear not each sudden sound and shock;
'Tis of the wave and not the rock;
'Tis but the flapping of the sail,
And not a rent made by the gale!
In spite of rock and tempest's roar,
In spite of false lights on the shore,
Sail on, for we will go to breast the seal;
Our hearts, our hopes, are all with thee;
Our faith triumphant o'er our fears,
Are all with thee, are all with thee!

—Longfellow.

EXPRESSIVE PHRASES.

Those Which Foreigners Coming to America Learn to Use First.

What are the most expressive phrases in colloquial English? Of the dozens that slip off English speaking tongues in the course of a day some must be better suited for their purpose and more characteristic of the race that originated them than others. When foreigners come to this country, they catch certain expressions almost immediately and long before they can attempt to speak the language have made them part of their vocabulary. It would seem that these phrases must be the most expressive in English and that they are peculiar to the language and "fill a long felt want," since foreigners seize so eagerly upon them.

Every man or woman who lands in this country is saying, "Hurry up!" in two months. In whatever quarter of the city one may walk, Italian or German or Jewish, mothers will be dispatching their offspring on errands, using their native speech, but closing their orders with the magic "Hurry up!" How delightfully characteristic of the nation is the phrase! It is not to be wondered at that the newcomers from the slow moving old world find that they have brought over nothing to equal it.

"All right" rivals "hurry up," not because foreign tongues lack similar expressions, but because there is a jolly, half fellow well met air about "All right" lacking in other phrases of the same character. Then, too, "All right" takes the place not only of "Good," but of "Yes" and "I understand" and of a dozen other phrases which in other languages require separate expressions. The third phrase, which alone shares

the popularity of the first two, is, "It's nice." This should be interesting to purists who wish to restrict "nice" to its first and original meaning of "exact." No word of ancestry sufficiently aristocratic to please them takes the place of "nice" in its colloquial meaning, and foreigners clasp it with joy, wholly ignorant of the fact that they are outraging the feelings of anybody by so doing. Other phrases besides "Hurry up," "All right" and "It's nice" captivate the fancy of the newly landed, but these three reign supreme.—New York Tribune.

DYNAMITE AND MINERS.

Long Immunity From Accident Results In Contempt of Danger.

"After a miner had handled dynamite for eight or ten years without a serious mishap it is a good idea to put him to doing something else about the works," said a gentleman of this city who has had a great deal of experience with high explosives. "The chances are a hundred to one that his long immunity from accident has given him such a contempt for danger that he is an unconscious menace to everybody on the premises. He will do things that not only imperil his own life, but the lives of all his comrades. To give you an illustration, once I had an old Cornishman at work at a mine in which I was interested and had entrusted him with a general supervision of all the blasting. He had been handling dynamite for twenty years or more and was justly regarded as an expert. During that entire period he had never had an accident worth speaking of, and by degrees the care and vigilance that were responsible for his excellent record had worn away until he was beginning to entertain the delusion, common to old hands, that the danger of the stuff was very much exaggerated.

"One day I was passing through a cut where some blasting had been going on and noticed the old Cornishman hammering a drill into what seemed to be a boring in the rock. I asked him what he was doing, and he told me coolly there was a cartridge in the hole that had failed to explode and he was 'just knockin' out the tamplin' to re-prime it.' I was horrified, for at every blow he was liable to explode the dynamite, and I ordered him sternly to stop and never repeat such a performance. The proper method would have been to have drilled a new hole near by and exploded the first charge with a second blast. He obeyed sullenly, grumbling to himself, and less than a month afterward was blown up while doing exactly the same thing. He lost his left arm at the shoulder, his left eye and part of his left ear. He also lost his contempt for dynamite, and when he finally emerged from the hospital I gave him back his former job. I never had a more scrupulously careful employee than he was from that time on. It seems a brutal thing to say, but there is nothing that does an old dynamite hand as much good as to get blown up once or twice."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Parental Economy.

"Papa," said Dicky, "all the other boys are going to have torpedoes or firecrackers or something for the Fourth of July. Can't I have anything at all?"

"Dicky," said Mr. Stinley, beckoning mysteriously, "come with me, and I'll show you something."

He took him out to the summer kitchen and showed him a large package, neatly folded and tied with a string. "There," he said, "are all the paper bags that have been brought into the house for a whole year from grocery stores and other places. I have had your mother save them for you. Every one of them will make as much noise as a firecracker if you fill it with air and pop it right."

It was not exactly what Dicky had set his heart on, but it was all the Fourth of July he got.—Youth's Companion.

Cupid's Guide.

"In all my life," she said, with a sigh, "I have seen only one man that I would care to marry."

"Did he look like me?" he carelessly asked.

Then she flung herself into his arms and wanted to know what secret power men possess that enables them to tell when they are loved.—Chicago Herald.

WE FIXED THE PRICE

FOR THE

KEYSTONE

TYPEWRITER at \$40

because the tremendous improvements made in American machinery during recent years enable us to put on the market a machine possessing every qualification necessary to meet the demands of the public at a popular price. Interchangeable type. Every machine warranted. Send us your name and address on a postal card for new booklet.

Keystone Typewriter Co. AGENTS WANTED, 234 Broadway, New York.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

If you haven't a regular, healthy movement of the bowels every day, you're ill or will be. Keep your bowels open, and be well. Force, in the shape of violent physic or pill poison, is dangerous. The smooth, easy, most perfect way of keeping the bowels clear and clean is to take



EAT 'EM LIKE CANDY

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sickens, Weakens, or Grips, 10, 25, and 50 cent boxes. Write for free sample, and booklet on health. Address

STERLING REMEDY COMPANY, CHICAGO or NEW YORK.

KEEP YOUR BLOOD CLEAN

LEGAL.

TIMES For Holding COMMON PLEAS COURT A. D. 1902.

State of Ohio, 9th Judicial District.

IT IS ORDERED that the terms of the Common Pleas Court of the several counties in said judicial district for the year 1902, be fixed as follows:—

Ashtabula county on the 6th day of January and the 7th day of April, and the 15th day of September.

Lake county on the 3d day of February, and the 5th day of May, and the 15th day of October.

Genoa county on the 6th day of January, and the 7th day of April, and the 15th day of September.

Trumbull county on the 27th day of January, and the 5th day of May, and the 25th day of September.

Portage county on the 6th day of January, and the 7th day of April, and the 5th day of September.

COLUMBIANA COUNTY on the 13th day of January, and the 14th day of April, and the 25th day of September.

Stark county on the 6th day of January, and the 5th day of May, and the 15th day of September.

Carroll county on the 30th day of January, and the 19th day of May, and the 26th day of September.

It is further ordered that the courts of the First sub-division be held by Judges McCarty, Koll and Ambler.

That the courts of the Second sub-division be held by Judges Gilmer, Rogers and Robinson.

That the courts of the Third sub-division be held by Judges Cadwell and Metcalfe.

It is further ordered that the Hon. George F. Robinson be designated as Supervising Judge, and that said terms of court begin at 10 o'clock a. m.

Geo. F. ROBINSON,
THOMAS I. GILMER,
DORSEY ROGERS,
FRANK T. MCCARTY,
RALPH S. AMBLER,
W. W. HOLLE,
J. P. CADWELL,
W. J. METCALFE,
Judges Ninth Judicial District.

Dated at Cleveland, Ohio, this 15th day of October, A. D. 1901.

STATE OF OHIO, COLUMBIANA COUNTY, SS.
I, John S. McNutt, Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, within and for said county and State, do hereby certify that the within and foregoing is truly taken and copied from the original now on

[SEAL] file in said Clerk's office. Witness my hand and the seal of said Court of Common Pleas at Lisbon, Ohio, this 24th day of October, A. D. 1901.

JOHN S. McNutt, Clerk.

IT IS ORDERED that the time of the beginning of the terms of the Circuit Court of the several counties in said Circuit for the year 1902 be fixed as follows:—

Lake county on the 26th day of January and the 19th day of September.

Ashtabula county on the 27th day of January and the 23rd day of September.

Genoa county on the 16th day of February and the 26th day of September.

Portage county on the 17th day of February and the 23rd day of October.

Trumbull county on the 21st day of February and the 13th day of October.

MAHONING COUNTY on the 16th day of March and the 26th day of November.

COLUMBIANA COUNTY on the 21st day of March and the 5th day of November.

Carroll county on the 14th day of April and the 12th day of November.

Guernsey county on the 21st day of April and the 17th day of November.

Monroe county on the 26th day of April and the 26th day of November.

Noble county on the 6th day of May and the 28th day of November.

Harrison county on the 12th day of May and the 1st day of December.

Jefferson county on the 19th day of May and the 8th day of December.

Belmont county on the 3d day of June and the 15th day of December.

said terms to begin at 9 o'clock a. m. September 17, 1901.

JEROME B. BURROWS,
PETER A. LAURIE,
JOHN M. COOK,
Judges.

STATE OF OHIO, COLUMBIANA COUNTY, SS.
I, John S. McNutt, Clerk of Circuit Court, within and for said county and state, do hereby certify that the within and foregoing is truly taken and copied from the original on file in said Clerk's [SEAL] office. Witness my hand and the seal of said Circuit Court at Lisbon, Ohio, this 24th day of October, A. D. 1901.

JOHN S. McNutt, Clerk.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTIS.

Wanted, For Sale, To Rent, For Special, Exchange, personals not exceeding 30 words, daily, three insertions, 25 cents; 50 cents the week; \$1.50 the month. Weekly, 25 cents, one time; 75 cents the month. Cash in advance, otherwise we will charge double price to cover bookkeeping and collection.

WANTED.

WANTED—To learn finishing by a steady, reliable girl. Address "S. L." Care News Review. 126-r

CASHIER and Credit Man wanted for one of the large retail houses in this city; must be a man of experience who knows the financial standing of the residents of the city; must be good penman, rapid and accurate bookkeeper; this is a first-class job and will expect a first-class man. Address, with references, age, wages wanted and other particulars, "C," News Review Office. 126-r

WANTED—Bookkeeper and paymaster for new pottery out of city; one who has had experience in the pottery business; young man preferred; give age, references and salary expected. Address "C," care of News Review office. 123-j

WANTED—One experienced dining room girl, at the Thompson House. 121-j

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A house of five rooms, water and gas, 116 Ogden street. Apply to 112 Fifth street, Odd Fellows' building. 126-r

FOR RENT—Two rooms suitable for light housekeeping. 124 Ridgway avenue. 126-r*

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MISCELLANEOUS.

HELP the Monument Fund by being present at the concert given by the Pittsburgh Concert company in Cooper Opera House Wednesday evening, Nov. 14. 126-r

THE Moler Barber College, 435 Wash avenue, Chicago, wants men to learn the barber trade, two months' term completes, two years' apprenticeship saved by our method of free clinic, expert instructions, lectures, etc.; complete outfit of tools presented each student, board included if desired; wages and experience in shops Saturdays from start; no trade offers better inducements; positions always open. Write for free catalogue today. 123-1mo

LEGAL.

Notice of Appointment.

State of Ohio, October 28, 1901.
Columbiana County. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed Administrator of the estate of Robert Franklin Stewart, deceased.
BROOKES & THOMPSON, Attorneys.
Published in the Evening News Review for three consecutive weeks, commencing Monday, October 28, 1901.

There's no reflection so dainty, no light so charming as the mellow glow that comes from

CORDOVA

Wax Candles

Prepared in many color tints to harmonize with surroundings. In dining room, drawing room, bedroom or hall. Sold everywhere. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

NEWS-REVIEW INTERESTED.

Takes Steps to Reduce Sickness in East Liverpool.

A Prominent Massachusetts Concern's Agent Here to Conclude Arrangements—Considerable Enthusiasm Manifested.

There is no reason why, with a little precaution, under the present circumstances, there should be much general sickness in East Liverpool this winter. The News-Review is anxious to see this become a more healthful community, and has taken steps to make this end possible by a simple means which should appeal to every one of our citizens.

Sickness of most kinds is caused by neglect of some sort. In summer fevers and malarial run rampant because of people's neglect in cleaning their persons, houses, yards and alleys. Winter brings with it many more serious diseases; consumption, catarrh, rheumatism and many others which, strange as it may seem, statisticians say are produced by some form of neglect.

Most of these diseases, even those that prove the most disastrous, can be checked and prevented by the proper means taken in time. In Eastern cities the daily press and medical journals for the past four or five years have from time to time commented most enthusiastically upon the results obtained by the medical fraternity with a French preparation called "Blood Wine," which was the outgrowth of the international medical congress held in Paris a few years ago, and represents the combined ideas of a large number of physicians and expert chemists.

This preparation has not been an advertised article and few places have kept it as it has always been taken only upon a physician's prescription. Knowing that our readers would appreciate having within their reach a remedy that we have carefully investigated and can recommend, we took steps to have "Blood Wine" placed on sale here and the Louis Dandelin Co. of Worcester, Mass., the sole manufacturers in the United States, sent their agent to look over the ground and perfect final arrangements last week.

As a result Will Reed and Hodson's drug stores now have "Blood Wine" in stock and we are sure if our citizens will give it a trial the results will be most satisfactory and surprising. Just this word of advice—take steps in time. If you feel a cold or a cough or disease of any kind coming on check it in time. Get a bottle of this medicine; it will cost but fifty cents. Keep it in the pantry. You'll find it as staple as flour or sugar. It contains no injurious drugs or opiates.

If we are to stamp out disease we must begin by removing the cause. Neglect to avail yourselves of a means that is known to prevent disease means simply to open the doors and invite into your system the germs of winter—pneumonia, coughs, consumption, rheumatism, kidney troubles etc., etc. "Blood Wine" will prevent these and many others and effect cures in a great many cases where previous efforts have failed. Our druggists are requested by the Louis Dandelin Co. to supply every one interested with a sample without cost, and to explain thoroughly just what "Blood Wine" will do and just what you should not expect it to do.

HOURLASSES.

They Have Not Gone Out of Style by a Long Shot.

"Most people think that hourglasses went out of style years ago," said a clerk in a Twenty-third street store, "along with perukes and knee breeches, but as a matter of fact we have more calls for them today than we have had at any time within the last ten years. That this renewed popularity of the hourglass augurs its universal acceptance as a timepiece by the coming generation I am not prepared to say, but if such a renaissance were to become assured it would be no more surprising than some of the other recent fads based on a revival of lost customs. Anyway a brief study of the hourglass will do nobody harm. There are thousands in this generation who have not the slightest idea what an hourglass looks like, and it won't hurt them to broaden their education a little along certain lines.

"Of the hourglasses sold at present the three minute glass is in the lead. This glass is used almost exclusively to measure time in boiling eggs, and its usefulness naturally places its sales a little in advance of the more sentimental varieties. Next come the five, ten and fifteen minute and full hour glasses, which are bought chiefly by musicians for piano practice and by lodges and secret societies.

"The sand used in an hourglass is the very finest that the world affords. The western coast of Italy furnishes most of it, as it has done for ages past. The cost of hourglasses is regulated by the ornamentation of the frames. A glass set in a plain rosewood case can be bought for \$1, while a mahogany frame comes to \$1.50 or \$2. Of course, the price can be brought up still higher by fancy carving and decoration. Swell lodges sometimes go to this extra expense, but most people are satisfied with the cheaper grades."—New York Sun.

Different And Better.

Different from all others, because they contain no opium or any of its derivatives. Better than all others because they affect a cure through the Nerves and Heart. Such are Clinie Headache Wafers when taken for the cure of a headache. The safest and most reliable remedy known. Take no other. All druggists, 10 cents.

Buy a News Review Want Postal Card. On sale at all drug stores and news stands.

MAY MAKE CONTEST.

Union Party In Philadelphia to

Investigate Alleged
Frauds.

ACT, IF EVIDENCE SUFFICIENT.

Ward Chairmen Are to Report and if Information Is Strong Enough, City and County Elections Are to Be Contested.

Philadelphia, Nov. 12.—The city committee of the Union party held its first regular meeting since the election and took steps to investigate alleged violations of the election laws last Tuesday. There was a full representation of ward chairmen present, and most of them made reports charging fraudulent voting in their respective wards. State Chairman Frank M. Ritter offered a resolution, which was unanimously adopted, that the city chairman "investigate all charges of flagrant violation of election laws and arrange at once for the criminal prosecution of all who participated therein."

All the ward chairmen are to report such evidence of violations as they can secure within 10 days, and it was stated if this evidence was sufficient to warrant it the Union party will contest the election in both this city and state.

Among the business transacted was the appointment of a committee on rules of the city committee, which will be made a permanent position.

THREE MEN KILLED.

Terrific Explosion of Gas Occurred in a Mine, at Steubenville, Ohio.

Steubenville, O., Nov. 12.—A terrific explosion of gas at the La Belle coal shaft in the Sixth ward resulted in the death of three miners.

The Dead.

James Robertson, 48 years old, lived in Prospect avenue; leaves a wife and seven children.

Edward Simpson, 36 years old, resided in South Sixth street; married and leaves a widow.

William Vandine, 53 years old, lived in Fisher's Run; married and leaves a wife and three young children.

The explosion is supposed to have been caused by an accumulation of gas.

OPPOSED TO THE CHINESE.

Mitchell Wants Miners to Adopt Resolutions Favoring Re-Enactment of Exclusion Law.

Hazleton, Pa., Nov. 12.—Thomas Duffy, president of the United Mine Workers of this district, notified all the local unions under his supervision of the wish of National President Mitchell that resolutions be adopted favoring a re-enactment of the Chinese exclusion law, which expires next May. These resolutions will be forwarded to the congressmen representing the people of the anthracite coal fields. A delegation of United Mine Workers may go to Washington next winter and appeal to congress for the re-enactment of the exclusion law.

WILL BROWN GO TO SEE QUAY?

Went to Lakewood to Confer With I. W. Durham.

Philadelphia, Nov. 12.—J. O. Brown, of Pittsburg, was in Philadelphia yesterday, but left after a brief stay in the city. It is reported that he has gone to Lakewood to confer with Israel W. Durham, who is resting at that resort after the election battle of last week.

Some who claim to know the inner workings of the machine state that from Lakewood Mr. Brown will go to Washington to confer with Senator Quay. The purport of his visit is kept a close secret.

ROBBERS GOT ONLY \$60.

Smithton National Bank Entered, but Vault Withstood Explosion.

Smithton, Pa., Nov. 12.—The First National bank of this place was burglarized of \$60. The vault contained \$17,000 in cash, which had been deposited last Saturday, but the robbers failed to get it.

The robbers entered the bank early Monday morning. From the safe they secured the \$60 and then dynamited the vault. The shock of the concussion damaged the building, but the vault doors held. The robbery was not discovered until the bank was opened in the morning.

LOST HER LIFE

WARNING OTHERS.

Pittsburg, Nov. 12.—Miss Alice Ward, 25 years old, gave up her life yesterday, after a daring and successful attempt to warn her relatives and friends of their danger by fire at 48 Thirteenth street.

ELECTION IN ALABAMA.

Believed Constitution Was Carried by Over 25,000.

Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 12.—Alabama voted on the question of the adoption or ratification of the constitution formed by the recent convention, and from the returns so far received it is evident that the instrument has been carried by a majority ranging between 25,000 and 35,000.

The negroes voted in much larger numbers than had been expected, but were unable to control the result. This was the last opportunity they will have to vote, and in many counties they turned out en masse.



THIS YOUNG LADY IS ACCOMPANIED BY A FOREIGNER. CAN YOU FIND HIM?

THE REPUBLIC.

Thou, too, sail on, O ship of state!
Sail on, O Union, strong and great!
Humanity with all its fears,
With all the hopes of future years,
Is hanging breathless on thy fate!
We know what Master laid the keel,
What workmen wrought thy ribs of steel,
Who made each mast and sail and rope,
What anvils rang, what hammers beat,
In what a forge and what a heat
Were shaped the anchors of thy hope!
Fear not each sudden sound and shock;
'Tis of the wave and not the rock;
'Tis but the flapping of the sail
And not a rent made by the gale!
In spite of rock and tempest's roar,
In spite of false lights on the shore,
Sail on nor fear to breast the sea!
Our hearts, our hopes, are all with thee;
Our hearts, our hopes, our prayers, our tears,
Our faith triumphant o'er our fears,
Are all with thee, are all with thee!

—Longfellow.

EXPRESSIVE PHRASES.

Those Which Foreigners Coming to America Learn to Use First.

What are the most expressive phrases in colloquial English? Of the dozens that slip off English speaking tongues in the course of a day some must be better suited for their purpose and more characteristic of the race that originated them than others. When foreigners come to this country, they catch certain expressions almost immediately and long before they can attempt to speak the language have made them part of their vocabulary. It would seem that these phrases must be the most expressive in English and that they are peculiar to the language and "all a long felt want," since foreigners seize so eagerly upon them.

Every man or woman who lands in this country is saying, "Hurry up!" in two months. In whatever quarter of the city one may walk, Italian or German or Jewish, mothers will be discharging their offspring on errands, using their native speech, but closing their orders with the magic "Hurry up!" How delightfully characteristic of the nation is the phrase! It is not to be wondered at that the newcomers from the slow moving old world find that they have brought over nothing to equal it.

"All right" rivals "hurry up," not because foreign tongues lack similar expressions, but because there is a jolly, hail fellow well met air about "All right" lacking in other phrases of the same character. Then, too, "All right" takes the place not only of "Good," but of "Yes" and "I understand" and of a dozen other phrases which in other languages require separate expressions. The third phrase, which alone shares

ONE WAY OUT

A Resident of East Liverpool Shows the Way.

Only one way to cure a lame back. Liniment and plasters may relieve it. They won't cure it.

Backache means sick kidneys.

Doan's Kidney Pills cure all kidney ills.

East Liverpool people prove this.

Read a case of it:

Mr. G. H. Garner, the well known manufacturer of ice cream, at 168 Jackson street, says: "My trouble set in with a soreness and stiffness over my whole body; my appetite was poor and I was annoyed a good deal with bloating at the stomach. There was a urinary difficulty, and I felt generally used up. I tried two or three different remedies, but they did not do me the least good. Having heard Doan's Kidney Pills so highly spoken of, I made up my mind to try them, and I purchased a box at the W. & W. pharmacy. I did not take over half of it before I was entirely free from any trouble, my appetite was good and my old time vigor restored. I recommended them to many of my friends, among them P. J. Green, V. S., and they all speak of them in the highest terms."

Sold for 50 cents per box by all dealers, Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

Sold by W. & W. pharmacy.

the popularity of the first two, is, "It's nice." This should be interesting to purists who wish to restrict "nice" to its first and original meaning of "exact." No word of ancestry sufficiently aristocratic to please them takes the place of "nice" in its colloquial meaning, and foreigners clasp it with joy, wholly ignorant of the fact that they are outraging the feelings of anybody by so doing. Other phrases besides "Hurry up," "All right" and "It's nice" captivate the fancy of the newly landed, but these three reign supreme.—New York Tribune.

DYNAMITE AND MINERS.

Long Immunity From Accident Results In Contempt of Danger.

"After a miner had handled dynamite for eight or ten years without a serious mishap it is a good idea to put him to doing something else about the works," said a gentleman of this city who has had a great deal of experience with high explosives. "The chances are a hundred to one that his long immunity from accident has given him such a contempt for danger that he is an unconscious menace to everybody on the premises. He will do things that not only imperil his own life, but the lives of all his comrades. To give you an illustration, once I had an old Cornishman at work at a mine in which I was interested and had intrusted him with a general supervision of all the blasting. He had been handling dynamite for twenty years or more and was justly regarded as an expert. During that entire period he had never had an accident worth speaking of, and by degrees the care and vigilance that were responsible for his excellent record had worn away until he was beginning to entertain the delusion, common to old hands, that the danger of the stuff was very much exaggerated.

"One day I was passing through a cut where some blasting had been going on and noticed the old Cornishman hammering a drill into what seemed to be a boring in the rock. I asked him what he was doing, and he told me coolly there was a cartridge in the hole that had failed to explode and he was 'just knockin' out the tamplin' to prime it.' I was horrified, for at every blow he was liable to explode the dynamite, and I ordered him sternly to stop and never repeat such a performance. The proper method would have been to have drilled a new hole near by and exploded the first charge with a second blast. He obeyed sullenly, grumbling to himself, and less than a month afterward was blown up while doing exactly the same thing. He lost his left arm at the shoulder, his left eye and part of his left ear. He also lost his contempt for dynamite, and when he finally emerged from the hospital I gave him back his former job. I never had a more scrupulously careful employee than he was from that time on. It seems a brutal thing to say, but there is nothing that does an old dynamite hand as much good as to get blown up once or twice."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Parental Economy.

"Papa," said Dicky, "all the other boys are going to have torpedoes or firecrackers or something for the Fourth of July. Can't I have anything at all?" "Dicky," said Mr. Stinje, beckoning mysteriously, "come with me, and I'll show you something."

He took him out to the summer kitchen and showed him a large package, neatly folded and tied with a string. "There," he said, "are all the paper bags that have been brought into the house for a whole year from grocery stores and other places. I have had your mother save them for you. Every one of them will make as much noise as a firecracker if you fill it with air and pop it right."

It was not exactly what Dicky had set his heart on, but it was all the Fourth of July he got.—Youth's Companion.

Cupid's Guide.

"In all my life," she said, with a sigh, "I have seen only one man that I would care to marry."

"Did he look like me?" he carelessly asked.

Then she flung herself into his arms and wanted to know what secret power men possess that enables them to tell when they are loved.—Chicago Herald.

WE FIXED THE PRICE FOR THE KEYSTONE TYPEWRITER at \$40

because the tremendous improvements made in American machinery during recent years enable us to put on the market a machine possessing every qualification necessary to meet the demands of the public at a popular price. Interchangeable type. Every machine warranted. Send us your name and address on a postal card for new booklet.

Keytone Typewriter Co., 215 Broadway, New York.

AGENTS WANTED.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

If you haven't a regular, healthy movement of the bowels every day, you're ill or will be. Keep your bowels open, and be well. Force, in the shape of violent physic or pill poison, is dangerous. The smoothest, easiest, most perfect way of keeping the bowels clear and clean is to take



EAT 'EM LIKE CANDY

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, No Good Never Sickens, Weakens, or Gripes, 10 Cents per Box. Write for free sample, and booklet on health. Address: 435

KEEP YOUR BLOOD CLEAN

LEGAL.

TIMES For Holding COMMON PLEAS COURT A. D. 1902.

State of Ohio,
9th Judicial District.

IT IS ORDERED that the terms of the Common Pleas Court of the several counties in said judicial district for the year 1902, be fixed as follows to-wit:

Ashland county on the 6th day of January and the 7th day of April, and the 15th day of September.

Lake county on the 3d day of February, and the 5th day of May, and the 15th day of October.

Genoa county on the 8th day of January, and the 7th day of April, and the 15th day of September.

Trumbull county on the 27th day of January, and the 5th day of May, and the 25th day of September.

Portage county on the 6th day of January, and the 7th day of April, and the 15th day of September.

Monroe county on the 6th day of January, and the 14th day of April, and the 25th day of September.

Starke county on the 6th day of January, and the 5th day of May, and the 15th day of September.

Crawford county on the 20th day of January, and the 19th day of May, and the 20th day of September.

It is further ordered that the courts of the First sub-division be held by Judges McCarty, Kell and Ambler.

That the courts of the Second sub-division be held by Judges Gillmer, Rogers and Robinson.

That the courts of the Third sub-division be held by Judges Caldwell and Metcalfe.

It is further ordered that the Hon. George F. Robinson be designated as Supervising Judge, and that said terms of court begin at 10 o'clock a. m.

Geo. F. ROBINSON,
THOMAS L. GILLMER,
DISNEY ROGERS,
THOS. T. MCCARTY,
RALPH S. AMBLER,
W. W. HOLE,
J. P. CRAWFORD,
W. J. METCALFE,
Judges Ninth Judicial District.

Dated at Cleveland, Ohio, this 15th day of October, A. D. 1901.

STATE OF OHIO, COLUMBIANA COUNTY, SS.

I, John S. McNutt, Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, within and for said county and State, do hereby certify that the within and foregoing is truly taken and copied from the original now on file in said Clerk's office. Witness my hand and the seal of said Court of Common Pleas at Lisbon, Ohio, this 24th day of October, A. D. 1901.

JOHN S. MCNUTT, Clerk.

TIMES For Holding CIRCUIT COURT A. D. 1902.

State of Ohio,
7th Judicial Circuit.

IT IS ORDERED that the time of the beginning of the terms of the Circuit Court of the several counties in said Circuit for the year 1902 be fixed as follows, to-wit:

Lake county on the 28th day of January and the 28th day of September.

Ashland county on the 27th day of January and the 23rd day of September.

Genoa county on the 19th day of February and the 25th day of September.

Portage county on the 17th day of February and the 6th day of October.

Trumbull county on the 24th day of February and the 13th day of October.

Monroe county on the 16th day of March and the 20th day of October.

Columbiana county on the 21st day of March and the 5th day of November.

Carroll county on the 14th day of April and the 12th day of November.

Guernsey county on the 21st day of April and the 17th day of November.

Monroe county on the 28th day of April and the 24th day of November.

Noble county on the 6th day of May and the 24th day of December.

Harrison county on the 12th day of May and the 1st day of December.

Jefferson county on the 19th day of May and the 8th day of December.

Belmont county on the 31 day of June and the 15th day of December.

Said terms to begin at 9 o'clock a. m.

September 17, 1901.

TERESA B. BROWN,
PETER A. LAURE,
JOHN M. COOK,
Judges.

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LEGAL.

Notice of Appointment.

State of Ohio, Columbus County, October 28, 1901. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed Administrator of the estate of Robert Franklin Stewart, deceased. JOHN M. MANOR, BROOKS & THOMPSON, Attorneys. Published in the Evening News Review for three consecutive weeks, commencing Monday, October 28, 1901.

There's no reflection so dainty, no light so charming as the mellow glow that comes from

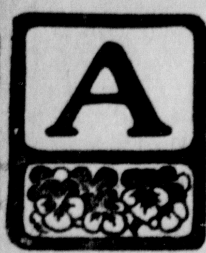
CORDOVA

Wax Candles

Prepared in many color tints to harmonize with surroundings in dining room, drawing room, bed room or hall. Sold everywhere. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

RUSSIA AND JAPAN ON FRIENDLY TERMS

By MARQUIS HIROBUMI ITO, Ex-Premier of Japan



A SIGNIFICANT thing in the far east owing to its recent development is the attitude of Russia at the present time. RUSSIA IS DISPLAYING A VERY FAIR AND LIBERAL SPIRIT, AND THE FRIENDLY RELATIONS OF THE TWO GOVERNMENTS OF RUSSIA AND JAPAN ARE FAST BEING CELEBRATED. It is very gratifying owing to the unfriendly spirit and unrest which previously obtained.

PERHAPS THE UNITED STATES AND JAPAN MAY YET CONTROL THE TRADE OF THE PACIFIC. BUT IT WILL NOT BE AN UNDIVIDED CONTROL. OUR POLICY AND YOURS MUST BE IN COMPLETE HARMONY WITH THAT OF OTHER NATIONS.

Our destiny is the same, and the theater of action, you must remember, is immense. Every nation is represented in the Japan and Chinese oceans.

WORK OF THE LUNGS

THE NECESSITY FOR PURE AIR AND PROPER BREATHING.

Respiratory Gymnastics Tend to Strengthen the Resisting Force of Nature to Disease—The Lesson of the Black Hole of Calcutta.

To my mind the part of the physical man upon which depends all the possibilities of mental resource is that part which has relation to respiration and which for its perfect work depends upon the quality of the air we breathe, the quantity respired and the method thereof. The apparatus for respiration consists of the lungs, which are double, the one on the right side having three lobes, the other on the left only two. We must always bear in mind that nature is generous in her provisions, and she has given us so much of lung tissue that a large part can be quickly exhausted and become inactive, yet life endure for its legitimate three-score years and ten and its duties and activities continue unhindered by any conscious lack. Under the microscope the lung tissue shows an infinite number of tiny cells or ultimate lobules. Some have estimated these at five or six hundred million, and, wonderful to relate, only with the first breath that the infant draws are both lungs ever filled with absolutely new air. All through life there is necessarily what we call a residual air, which may be of a greater or less amount, according to the breathing habit of the individual. It is said that the extent of surface through which the air breathed passes is approximately about 1,300 square feet, and the excretion from the lungs daily is over two pounds of poisonous matter. In fact, it is certain that at least one-third of the waste and poisonous matter caused by the activities of the organism, its growth, repair, decay, is excreted through the lungs.

Unfortunately, a great majority of mankind breathe very superficially, using only part of this large area of lung tissue. Even if persons are out of doors, unless by wise activity, the deep cells of the lungs are not aerated for the simple reason that very few men or women know how to free the lungs properly. Dettweiler states that "deep breathing not only ventilates the lungs and aids the circulation, but in many cases is able to strengthen the muscles of the thorax, especially those about the upper part of the chest." And I believe that we have a right to expect from respiratory gymnastics a real strengthening of the resisting force of nature to disease. Even if the lungs have begun to break down, honest effort in this direction will supplement medication.

One of the methods of correct breathing is to put the hands lightly on the hips, fingers backward; throw the shoulders well back, hold the chest up, chin in, and then inhale slowly through the nose as long as possible. When the lungs are filled, retain the air until some discomfort is experienced, then, forming the lips in the shape of a letter O, exhale as slowly and evenly as is consistent with comfort, making a slight blowing sound. Such an exercise for five minutes, clad only in one garment or, better, with no garment at all, night and morning, in a well ventilated room, will do very much for man, woman or child to develop the lung capacity, improve the carriage of the body and enrich the quality of the blood, which depends upon the activity of the lungs for its purification.

It is no wonder that so much care has been given by nature to the apparatus for the respiratory function, for we know perfectly well that man has lived as much as sixty days without food, he has been forced to exist for some time without water; but, alas, without air death must come in a brief space of time.

For instance, in 1756, 146 persons were confined over night in a small space not larger than 5,900 cubic feet, with only two little windows on one side. Within an hour all broke out in a profuse sweat. They were tormented with thirst and difficult breathing, and in three and a half hours the majority were delirious. Then when the morning came forty-three only lived to tell the tale. Another extreme case was at the battle of Austerlitz. Three hundred captured soldiers were confined in a small cellar, and within a few hours all but forty were dead. The reason is self evident. The air was insufficient for the demands of each individual, the poisonous exhalations from the body were thrown off through the lungs, and a most agonizing death ensued. It behooves us, then, most carefully to consider in arranging for the ventilation of homes, hotels, hospitals and jails not only that a proper quantity of pure air shall be allowed free circulation, but also to be watchful lest this pure air shall be vitiated by retained impurities.

A great many investigations have been made to ascertain the relation of air to disease, and perhaps the simple statement of the fact that among all industrial classes those are healthier and have the lowest death rate who are gardeners, farmers, agricultural laborers and fishermen—in other words, those whose occupations are carried on in the open air—will be a truth all can understand.

What a lesson, then, to all who may have families of children to rear! How important that every effort should be made to secure the largest amount of air space about the dwelling, plenty of room for the children to play out of doors, and by all means avoid having little ones sleep in an apartment which the winds of heaven do not visit.—Julia Holmes Smith, D. D., in Pilgrim.

The Blind Leading the Blind.

Little Ina had always lived in the country until her parents moved to the seat of the State Normal college. Ina was sent to the "practice school" of that institution, where during one hour of each day she was taught by members of the senior training class.

When asked how she liked the school, she replied, "I love my regular teacher dearly, but I don't much like it when those false teachers come in."—Harper's Magazine.

Too Late For Regrets.

Tired of life and the ever present necessity of earning his daily bread by working he had taken a dose of carbolio acid and laid down to die.

But the meddling doctors pumped him out and saved him to society.

"Oh, Horace," moaned his wife, leaning over him, "why did you take that awful stuff? Laudanum would have been less painful and so much surer!"—Chicago Tribune.

Cleaning Light Fur.

One who says she has tried it recommends naphtha for cleaning light fur. She says: Pour naphtha over the fur, then fluff and pat the article until the soil has been worked out, and when this is done press the naphtha out by drawing the hand firmly over the fur. Then shake and hang in the air to dry. Be careful of fire.

Ironmaking.

The first mention of ironmaking in Pennsylvania goes back to 1802. It is contained in a metrical composition entitled "A Short Description of Pennsylvania," by Richard Frame, which was printed and sold by William Bradford in Philadelphia in 1802. Frame says that at "a certain place about some forty pound" of iron had then been made.

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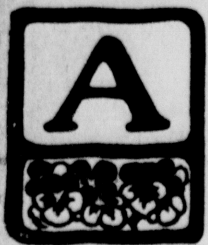
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RUSSIA AND JAPAN ON FRIENDLY TERMS

By MARQUIS HIROBUMI ITO, Ex-Premier of Japan



SIGNIFICANT thing in the far east owing to its recent development is the attitude of Russia at the present time. RUSSIA IS DISPLAYING A VERY FAIR AND LIBERAL SPIRIT, AND THE FRIENDLY RELATIONS OF THE TWO GOVERNMENTS OF RUSSIA AND JAPAN ARE FAST BEING CE-

MENTED. It is very gratifying owing to the unfriendly spirit and unrest which previously obtained. PERHAPS THE UNITED STATES AND JAPAN MAY YET CONTROL THE TRADE OF THE PACIFIC. BUT IT WILL NOT BE AN UNDIVIDED CONTROL. OUR POLICY AND YOURS MUST BE IN COMPLETE HARMONY WITH THAT OF OTHER NATIONS. Our destiny is the same, and the theater of action, you must remember, is immense. Every nation is represented in the Japan and Chinese oceans.

WORK OF THE LUNGS

THE NECESSITY FOR PURE AIR AND PROPER BREATHING.

Respiratory Gymnastics Tend to Strengthen the Resisting Force of Nature to Disease—The Lesson of the Black Hole of Calcutta.

To my mind the part of the physical man upon which depends all the possibilities of mental resource is that part which has relation to respiration and which for its perfect work depends upon the quality of the air we breathe, the quantity respired and the method thereof. The apparatus for respiration consists of the lungs, which are double, the one on the right side having three lobes, the other on the left only two. We must always bear in mind that nature is generous in her provisions, and she has given us so much of lung tissue that a large part can be quickly exhausted and become inactive, yet life endure for its legitimate three-score years and ten and its duties and activities continue unimpeded by any conscious lack. Under the microscope the lung tissue shows an infinite number of tiny cells or ultimate lobules. Some have estimated these at five or six hundred million, and, wonderful to relate, only with the first breath that the infant draws are both lungs ever filled with absolutely new air. All through life there is necessarily what we call a residual air, which may be of a greater or less amount, according to the breathing habit of the individual. It is said that the extent of surface through which the air breathed passes is approximately about 1,300 square feet, and the excretion from the lungs daily is over two pounds of poisonous matter. In fact, it is certain that at least one-third of the waste and poisonous matter caused by the activities of the organism, its growth, repair, decay, is excreted through the lungs.

Unfortunately, a great majority of mankind breathe very superficially, using only part of this large area of lung tissue. Even if persons are out of doors, unless by wise activity, the deep cells of the lungs are not aerated for the simple reason that very few men or women know how to free the lungs properly. Dettweiler states that "deep breathing not only ventilates the lungs and aids the circulation, but in many cases is able to strengthen the muscles of the thorax, especially those about the upper part of the chest." And I believe that we have a right to expect from respiratory gymnastics a real strengthening of the resisting force of nature to disease. Even if the lungs have begun to break down, honest effort in this direction will supplement medication.

One of the methods of correct breath-

ing is to put the hands lightly on the hips, fingers backward, throw the shoulders well back, hold the chest up, chin in, and then inhale slowly through the nose as long as possible. When the lungs are filled, retain the air until some discomfort is experienced, then, forming the lips in the shape of a letter O, exhale as slowly and evenly as is consistent with comfort, making a slight blowing sound. Such an exercise for five minutes, clad only in one garment or, better, with no garment at all, night and morning, in a well ventilated room, will do very much in man, woman or child to develop the lung capacity, improve the carriage of the body and enrich the quality of the blood, which depends upon the activity of the lungs for its purification.

It is no wonder that so much care has been given by nature to the apparatus for the respiratory function, for we know perfectly well that man has lived as much as sixty days without food, he has been forced to exist for some time without water; but, alas, without air death must come in a brief space of time!

For instance, in 1756, 146 persons were confined over night in a small space not larger than 5,900 cubic feet, with only two little windows on one side. Within an hour all broke out in a profuse sweat. They were tormented with thirst and difficult breathing, and in three and a half hours the majority were delirious. Then when the morning came forty-three only lived to tell the tale. Another extreme case was at the battle of Austerlitz. Three hundred captured soldiers were confined in a small cellar, and within a few hours all but forty were dead. The reason is self evident. The air was insufficient for the demands of each individual, the poisonous exhalations from the body were thrown off through the lungs, and a most agonizing death ensued. It behooves us, then, most carefully to consider in arranging for the ventilation of homes, hotels, hospitals and jails not only that a proper quantity of pure air shall be allowed free circulation, but also to be watchful lest this pure air shall be vitiated by retained impurities.

A great many investigations have been made to ascertain the relation of air to disease, and perhaps the simple statement of the fact that among all industrial classes those are healthier and have the lowest death rate who are gardeners, farmers, agricultural laborers and fishermen—in other words, those whose occupations are carried on in the open air—will be a truth all can understand.

What a lesson, then, to all who may have families of children to rear! How important that every effort should be made to secure the largest amount of air space about the dwelling, plenty of room for the children to play out of doors, and by all means avoid having little ones sleep in an apartment which the winds of heaven do not visit.—Julia Holmes Smith, D. D., in Pilgrim.

The Blind Leading the Blind.
Little Ina had always lived in the country until her parents moved to the seat of the State Normal college. Ina was sent to the "practice school" of that institution, where during one hour of each day she was taught by members of the senior training class.

When asked how she liked the school, she replied, "I love my regular teacher dearly, but I don't much like it when those false teachers come in."—Harper's Magazine.

Too Late For Regrets.
Tired of life and the ever present necessity of earning his daily bread by working he had taken a dose of carbolic acid and laid down to die.

But the meddlesome doctors pumped him out and saved him to society. "Oh, Horace," moaned his wife, leaning over him, "why did you take that awful stuff? Laudanum would have been less painful and so much surer!"—Chicago Tribune.

Cleaning Light Fur.
One who says she has tried it recommends naphtha for cleaning light fur. She says: Pour naphtha over the fur, then stuff and pat the article until the soil has been worked out, and when this is done press the naphtha out by drawing the hand firmly over the fur. Then shake and hang in the air to dry. Be careful of fire.

Ironmaking.
The first mention of ironmaking in Pennsylvania goes back to 1802. It is contained in a metrical composition entitled "A Short Description of Pennsylvania," by Richard Frame, which was printed and sold by William Bradford in Philadelphia in 1802. Frame says that at "a certain place about some forty pound" of iron had then been made.

A POSTAL DELIVERY

AN INCIDENT OF REVOLUTIONARY DAYS IN CONNECTICUT.

A Letter From the Front That Came and Went and Came Again to Stay. The First Rural Free Delivery in Mansfield Town.

The arrival of the first batch of letters after the establishment of rural free delivery in Mansfield, Conn., recalled to an aged lady of that town a postal incident remembered in her family for 120 years. "My mother always cried when she told the story," she said.

When my mother was a little girl, the narrator went on, to have one's letters regularly brought and handed in at the door would have seemed a miracle of privilege, and to get them without paying postage would have been another. Mails were so slow and uncertain that the safe arrival of an expected letter by any means was an event in a country family, with the postoffice miles away.

Sometimes the delivery was helped along by volunteer carriers—a farmer going home from the grist mill, a housewife returning from market town with her bargains of lamp oil, West India molasses and green tea, or even a passing peddler with his load of tinware and corn brooms. In the old war-time the army had post riders, but they were few and far between.

My grandfather was a soldier of the Revolution, and grandmother kept the home fire burning here, and provided for their three children as well as she could while he was at the front. All summer she had heard no word of him, and when one autumn day a man in a military cloak rode to the door on a white horse her heart beat quick.

"Does Ruth Fuller live here?" he says, holding a little letter in his hand. "Yes, I am Ruth Fuller," and grandmother reached eagerly for the letter, for she saw the address in her husband's handwriting.

"The postage is 2 shillins," grandmother's countenance fell, for there wasn't so much money in the house.

"Guess you don't know me," remarked the man, opening his cape and tipping back his cocked hat, but still holding the letter. She knew him then—an enemy capable of a mean revenge.

"Ah, yes, you remember Tom Turner and how he asked you to marry him and you give him 'No, I thankee,' and took John Fuller. I wasn't good enough to marry ye, but I'm good enough now to bring ye letters from the man that did, and I'm good enough to charge ye a steep price for goin' out o' my way. So hand over your 2 shillins and take your letter."

The poor woman told him she had no money. To be held up in this heartless and insulting way was a bitter hurt to her. Her grief was deeper than her resentment, but she was too proud to let the cruel fellow see her weep.

"I will get you a good dinner," she said, "and feed your horse and give you a pair of nice long stockings."

It was a humiliation to plead with Tom Turner, but she could do no less. "Money or nothin'," he says, and he put the letter in his pocket and rode away.

Grandmother went into the house and sat down and cried, and her children, clinging about her, cried too. During her long months of waiting, at odd hours she had spun and woven cloth and sewed garments and knitted woolen stockings for John's winter comfort, trusting to find some way to send them to him. Now the messenger had come and gone who could at least have carried word, and he had refused even to give her husband's letter.

"Ma, God knows what the bad man did," sobbed one of the little ones. "He knows what nice things you've made for pa, and he'll send a good man next time."

The baby's thought relieved the mother's despair, and the three lonely hearts prayed and waited anxiously for the "next time," and, sure enough, before winter came they saw the same white horse galloping toward the house. "He's brought the letter back!" they all cried out together, for they believed the rider to be the same man.

Grandmother rushed from the door with all her children. The horseman held out the same letter, and as he gravely put it into her hands she glanced up to his face and screamed for joy.

"John! It is you!"

It did not take her husband long to tell the rest of the story. Tom Turner had returned to headquarters, and one night, made talkative by an extra ration of rum, he had bragged how he "got even" with an old sweetheart who jilted him. His exploit reached the ears of his commanding officer, who took away his commission and put my grandfather in his place. The new post rider had brought his own letter to his wife. It was the first rural free delivery in Mansfield town.—Youth's Companion.

And There Are Others.
Waggs—Old man Blowitt has a remarkable memory, hasn't he?
Naggs—Wonderful. Why, he actually remembers a lot of things that never happened.—Chicago Record-Herald.

A good friend is one's nearest relation. One's greatest relation is not always a good friend.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Dr. Penner's GOLDEN RELIEF!
OLD SORES, WOUNDS, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, A TRUE SPECIFIC IN ALL INFLAMMATION
Sorethroat, Headache (5 minutes), Toothache (5 minutes), Cold Sores, Eczema, "Colds," Forming Fevers, GRIP.
CURES ANY PAIN INSIDE OR OUT
In one to thirty minutes
By Dealers. The 50c size by mail 1.00c. Free trial, N.Y.
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The Greatest Railroad in the World



uses Walker's Soap because it is free from alkali and saves the company thousands of dollars in a year in preserving paint, varnish, and fabrics washed with it. Before the Pennsylvania Railroad used Walker's Soap, newly varnished cars were found to be shabby and need re-varnishing. The cause was a mystery till the company's chemist investigated and found it was the alkali in common soaps that was destroying property: A standard of soap purity was then set up, and now the cars are washed with

Walker's Soap

Many housekeepers find paint and varnish washing off or losing its glossy surface. Blame the soap you use. Get Walker's Soap and be as wise as the Pennsylvania Railroad. Look for the game rooster on the wrapper and you will know you have the genuine.

THE RUG DESIGNERS

PATTERNS DESCEND FROM PARENT TO CHILD IN THE ORIENT.

Reasons Why Animal Figures Are Rarely Seen on Persian Rugs. Prayer Rugs of the Mohammedans and Their Use—The Rugs of Sivas.

The designs of eastern rugs are often the spontaneous outcome of the fancy of the weaver. Sometimes they are handed down from one generation to another. In some cases young girls are taught the design by an adult, who marks it in the sand. At other times a drawing of the rug is made on paper, the instructor showing her pupils the arrangement of every thread and the color to be used. When all this has been done, the pupils must make the rug without looking at the drawing.

Persian rugs excel those of other countries in artistic design as well as in harmonious coloring. The Persians seem to have a natural intuition in the use and blending of different shades, and in the designs that contain these certain colors they achieve the happiest results. It is really wonderful what exquisite fabrics these people, born and reared in ignorance and poverty, produce.

The designs in Persian rugs are generally floral, and in some districts, especially Fars, the women weavers invent the designs, varying them every two or three years. The Mohammedan religion does not allow any direct representation of animal forms, consequently rugs woven under its influence take floral, geometric and vegetable forms. The Shah sect of Moslems, however, numbering about 15,000,000, of whom 8,000,000 are Persians, do not regard representations of animals as unlawful. By the industry of this sect and that of infidels and of all who disregard the law of the Koran animal forms are seen on some Persian rugs.

The prayer rug was evidently invented for the purpose of providing the worshipers with one absolutely clean place on which to offer prayers. It is not lawful for a Moslem to pray on any place not perfectly clean, and unless each one has his own special rug he is not certain that the spot has not been polluted. With regard to the purity of the place of prayer Mohammedans are specially careful when making their pilgrimages, the rugs which they take with them having been preserved from pollution by being rolled up until the journey is begun or until the hour for prayer arrives. It does not matter to these followers of Mohammed how unclean a rug, that is on the floor may be, because over it they place the prayer rug when their devotions begin.

The Turkish rugs made at Sivas are always woven of wool, and almost every hamlet carries on the industry of weaving in the homes. There are no factories, the young girls and women doing the work here as in other parts of Turkey. Sivas rugs are in most cases small, measuring about eight by four feet, but in these years larger and more attractive rugs are being made. Even the poorest families have fine rugs, for they regard them as valuable property, to be sold only under the pressure of great extremity. The weavers are so frugal in their manner of living that their daily earning of 15 to 19 cents is sufficient to supply their wants. Their food consists usually of rice and crushed wheat, with occasionally a small piece of mutton.

Smyrna is only a mart for the sale of comparatively inferior rugs that are made in the interior from the coarse hair of the Angora goat. These are woven in irregular designs and, although not artistic, are largely sought as coverings for the bare floors and to add warmth. The weaving of these

rugs is crudely done by girls and women. Sometimes the loom is primitively constructed from the trunks of trees. The designs are very simple and have either been handed down from earlier generations or are supplied from the city.

Yuruk rugs are so called from a band of nomads who dwell among the mountains of Anatolia. They have large flocks of fine sheep and weave rugs of firm, even texture. The colors are very good, the field often of dark brown, ornamented with large designs.

About 200 years ago small embroidered rugs were largely made in Persia, chiefly at Isfahan. These were prayer rugs, and on each of them, near one end, was a small embroidered mark to show where the bit of sacred earth from Mecca was to be placed. In obedience to a law of the Koran that the head must be bowed to the ground in prayer this was touched by the forehead when the presentation was made, and so the letter of the law was carried out. The custom prevails. The Persian women who weave the finest prayer rugs seldom weave any other kind of rug.—Rugs, Oriental and Occidental.

His Error.
Consumer—I say, what kind of a cigar do you call this? It's the worst tobacco I ever tasted.

Dealer—Beg your pardon, but you are wholly in error. There isn't a particle of tobacco in that cigar. It is so easy to be mistaken, don't you see?—Boston Transcript.

Uninteresting.
"I supposed all grass widows attracted the men, but this one doesn't, and she's rather pretty too. I wonder why they permit her to stand around alone." "Well, you see, it was all her husband's fault. She got the divorce."—Chicago Record-Herald.

A safe yet powerful remedy for all diseases of the blood, nerves, stomach, liver and kidneys, is

Wright's Celery Tea

At druggists or by mail.
25c. and 50c. a box.
THE WRIGHT MEDICAL CO., Columbus, O.

Sagaine

WILL CURE PSYCHIC

Diseases of Skin and Scalp, eruptions, eczema, old sores, itching, dandruff, scalds, burns, quick relief in Piles.
Clean and cooling. Vegetable antiseptic. 50 cts. Guaranteed.

If your druggist does not keep it, address SAGINE COMPANY, COLUMBUS, O.
For sale by Chas. F. Craig, East Liverpool, O.

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Inform the public of what you have For Sale, For Rent or For Exchange; what you have Lost or found. The cheapest and Best Way is to place a small ad. in the Favorite Home Newspaper.

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Real Estate Offices, Drug Stores and News Stands throughout the city will supply you with cards on which to write your ad. Pay 25 cents for a card, write it and mail it, and

You Will Get What You Want

Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time in Effect May 26, 1901.
From East Liverpool.
Cleveland and Pittsburgh Division.

| EASTBOUND. | | WESTBOUND. | |
|------------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| No. | Time | No. | Time |
| *329 | 8:50 a. m. | *301 | 12:30 a. m. |
| *329 | 6:51 a. m. | *325 | 7:05 a. m. |
| *336 | 11:21 a. m. | *339 | 9:06 a. m. |
| *340 | 3:06 p. m. | *343 | 2:50 p. m. |
| *318 | 5:40 p. m. | *339 | 6:33 p. m. |
| *324 | 7:30 a. m. | *331 | 9:05 a. m. |
| *322 | 5:25 p. m. | *323 | 6:45 p. m. |

From Chester.
Pittsburgh (Pan Handle) Division.

| EASTBOUND. | | WESTBOUND. | |
|------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| No. | Time | No. | Time |
| *250 | 5:52 a. m. | *251 | 6:07 a. m. |
| *252 | 8:40 a. m. | *253 | 11:35 a. m. |
| *254 | 3:27 p. m. | *255 | 2:45 p. m. |

*Runs Daily. †Daily, except Sunday.

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 301 and 302 and Parlor Cars on Nos. 325 and 316 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 326 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and tabular and intermediate stations; No. 340 for Erie, Ash- for Youngstown, Niles, Jamestown, Erie and intermediate stations.

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For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains, apply to ADAM HILL, Passenger and Ticket Agent East Liverpool, Ohio.

Eczema for Forty Years.

The Unqualified Statement of a Well Known Attorney, St. Ignace, Mich.

Some of the cures made by Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment of stubborn and long continued eczema and skin diseases are causing much comment. People are beginning to realize that this Ointment is a wonder worker with all kinds of skin trouble. Attorney Jas. J. Brown, St. Ignace, Michigan, writes as follows:

Dr. A. W. Chase Med. Co., Buffalo, N. Y.—Gents:—I cannot refrain from expressing my acknowledgment for the relief I have felt from Dr. Chase's Ointment. For 40 years I was afflicted with a skin disease which was located in one spot—on my leg. I have spent at a rough estimate five hundred dollars trying to effect a cure, and not until I applied this ointment did I get relief. You are strangers to me and this letter is prompted directly because I want to say and I feel as though I ought to say it. Dr. Chase's Ointment has effected a complete cure of my affliction. Three boxes did the work on my leg. I was also suffering from itching piles and applied the ointment which gave the best of satisfaction by affording me rest at night and rapidly causing the disease to disappear. I have received such relief and comfort from the ointment that I cannot withhold expressing my gratitude. I was so long afflicted with the tortures of eczema. I feel now that I am cured, a word of recommendation is due from me.

Yours truly,
JAS. J. BROWN.
Dr. Chase's Ointment is sold at 50 cents a box at all dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase's Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.
Sold in East Liverpool by Charles T. Larkins.

NEWS-REVIEW INTERESTED.

Takes Steps to Reduce Sickness in East Liverpool.

A Prominent Massachusetts Concern's
Agent Here to Conclude Arrange-
ments—Considerable Enthu-
siasm Manifested.

There is no reason why, with a little precaution, under the present circum-
stances, there should be much general
sickness in East Liverpool this winter. The
News-Review is anxious to see this become
a more healthful community, and has
taken steps to make this end possible by
a simple means which should appeal to
every one of our citizens.

Sickness of most kinds is caused by
neglect of some sort. In summer fevers
and malarial run rampant because of
people's neglect in cleaning their per-
sons, houses, yards and alleys. Winter
brings with it many more serious dis-
eases; consumption, catarrh, rheumatism
and many others which, strange as it
may seem, statisticians say are produced
by some form of neglect.

Most any disease, even those that prove
the most disastrous, can be checked and
prevented by the proper means taken in
time. In Eastern cities the daily press
and medical journals for the past four
or five years have from time to time com-
mented most enthusiastically upon the
results obtained by the medical frater-
nity with a French preparation called
"Blood Wine," which was the outgrowth
of the international medical congress
held in Paris a few years ago, and rep-
resents the combined ideas of a large num-
ber of physicians and expert chemists.

This preparation has not been an ad-
vertised article and few places have kept
it as it has always been taken only upon
a physician's prescription. Knowing that
our readers would appreciate having
within their reach a remedy that we have
carefully investigated and can recom-
mend, we took steps to have "Blood
Wine" placed on sale here and the Louis
Dandelin Co. of Worcester, Mass., the
sole manufacturers in the United States,
sent their agent to look over the ground
and perfect final arrangements last week.

As a result Will Reed and Hodson's
drug stores now have "Blood Wine" in
stock and we are sure if our citizens will
give it a trial the results will be most
satisfactory and surprising. Just this
word of advice—take steps in time. If
you feel a cold or a cough or disease of
any kind coming on check it in time.
Get a bottle of this medicine; it will cost
but fifty cents. Keep it in the pantry.
You'll find it as staple as flour or sugar.
It contains no injurious drugs or opiates.

If we are to stamp out disease we must
begin by removing the cause. Neglect
to avail yourselves of a means that is
known to prevent disease means simply
to open the doors and invite into your
system the germs of winter,—pneumonia,
coughs, consumption, rheumatism, kid-
ney troubles etc., etc. "Blood Wine" will
prevent these and many others and effect
cures in a great many cases where pre-
vious efforts have failed. Our druggists
are requested by the Louis Dandelin Co.
to supply every one interested with a
sample without cost, and to explain thor-
oughly just what "Blood Wine" will do
and just what you should not expect it
to do.

HOURLASSES.

They Have Not Gone Out of Style by
a Long Shot.

"Most people think that hourglasses
went out of style years ago," said a
clerk in a Twenty-third street store,
"along with perukes and knee breeches,
but as a matter of fact we have more
calls for them today than we have had
at any time within the last ten years.
That this renewed popularity of the
hourglass augurs its universal accept-
ance as a timepiece by the coming gen-
eration I am not prepared to say, but
if such a renaissance were to become
assured it would be no more surpris-
ing than some of the other recent fads
based on a revival of lost customs.
Anyway a brief study of the hourglass
will do nobody harm. There are thou-
sands in this generation who have not
the slightest idea what an hourglass
looks like, and it won't hurt them to
broaden their education a little along
certain lines.

"Of the hourglasses sold at present
the three minute glass is in the lead.
This glass is used almost exclusively to
measure time in boiling eggs, and its
usefulness naturally places its sales a
little in advance of the more senti-
mental varieties. Next come the five,
ten and fifteen minute and full hour
glasses, which are bought chiefly by
musicians for piano practice and by
lodges and secret societies.

"The sand used in an hourglass is the
very finest that the world affords. The
western coast of Italy furnishes most
of it, as it has done for ages past. The
cost of hourglasses is regulated by the
ornamentation of the frames. A glass
set in a plain rosewood case can be
bought for \$1, while a mahogany frame
can be brought up still higher by
fancy carving and decoration. Swell
lodges sometimes go to this extra ex-
pense, but most people are satisfied
with the cheaper grades."—New York
Sun.

Different And Better.

Different from all others, because
they contain no opium or any of its
derivatives. Better than all others
because they affect a cure through
the Nerves and Heart. Such are Clin-
ic Headache Wafers when taken for
the cure of a headache. The safest
and most reliable remedy known.
Take no other. All druggists, 10
cents.

Buy a News Review Want Postal
Card. On sale at all drug stores and
news stands.

MAY MAKE CONTEST.

Union Party In Philadelphia to
Investigate Alleged
Frauds.

ACT, IF EVIDENCE SUFFICIENT.

Ward Chairmen Are to Report and if
Information Is Strong Enough, City
and County Elections Are to Be
Contested.

Philadelphia, Nov. 12.—The city
committee of the Union party held its
first regular meeting since the elec-
tion and took steps to investigate al-
leged violations of the election laws
last Tuesday. There was a full rep-
resentation of ward chairmen pres-
ent, and most of them made reports
charging fraudulent voting in their
respective wards. State Chairman
Frank M. Ritter offered a resolution,
which was unanimously adopted, that
the city chairman "investigate all
charges of flagrant violation of elec-
tion laws and arrange at once for the
criminal prosecution of all who par-
ticipated therein."

All the ward chairmen are to re-
port such evidence of violations as
they can secure within 10 days, and
it was stated if this evidence was suf-
ficient to warrant it the Union party
will contest the election in both this
city and state.

Among the business transacted was
the appointment of a committee on
rules of the city committee, which
will be made a permanent position.

THREE MEN KILLED.

Terrific Explosion of Gas Occurred in
a Mine, at Steubenville,
Ohio.

Steubenville, O., Nov. 12.—A ter-
rific explosion of gas at the La Belle
coal shaft in the Sixth ward resulted
in the death of three miners.

The Dead.

James Robertson, 48 years old,
lived in Prospect avenue; leaves a
wife and seven children.

Edward Simpson, 36 years old, re-
sided in South Sixth street; married
and leaves a widow.

William Vandine, 53 years old,
lived in Fisher's Run; married and
leaves a wife and three young chil-
dren.

The explosion is supposed to have
been caused by an accumulation of
gas.

OPPOSED TO THE CHINESE.

Mitchell Wants Miners to Adopt Res-
olutions Favoring Re-Enactment
of Exclusion Law.

Hazleton, Pa., Nov. 12.—Thomas
Duffy, president of the United Mine
Workers of this district, notified all
the local unions under his supervision
of the wish of National President
Mitchell that resolutions be adopted
favoring a re-enactment of the
Chinese exclusion law, which expires
next May. These resolutions will be
forwarded to the congressmen repre-
senting the people of the anthracite
coal fields. A delegation of United
Mine Workers may go to Washington
next winter and appeal to congress
for the re-enactment of the exclusion
law.

WILL BROWN GO TO SEE QUAY?

Went to Lakewood to Confer With
W. Durham.

Philadelphia, Nov. 12.—J. O.
Brown, of Pittsburg, was in Philadel-
phia yesterday, but left after a brief
stay in the city. It is reported that
he has gone to Lakewood to confer
with Israel W. Durham, who is resting
at that resort after the election
battle of last week.

Some who claim to know the inner
workings of the machine state that
from Lakewood Mr. Brown will go to
Washington to confer with Senator
Quay. The purpose of his visit is
kept a close secret.

ROBBERS GOT ONLY \$60.

Smithton National Bank Entered, but
Vault Withstood Explosion.

Smithton, Pa., Nov. 12.—The First
National bank of this place was bur-
glarized of \$60. The vault contained
\$17,000 in cash, which had been
deposited last Saturday, but the rob-
bers failed to get it.

The robbers entered the bank early
Monday morning. From the safe they
secured the \$60 and then dynamited
the vault. The shock of the concus-
sion damaged the building, but the
vault doors held. The robbery was
not discovered until the bank was
opened in the morning.

LOST HER LIFE

WARNING OTHERS.
Pittsburg, Nov. 12.—Miss Alice
Ward, 25 years old, gave up her life
yesterday, after a daring and success-
ful attempt to warn her relatives and
friends of their danger by fire at 48
Thirteenth street.

ELECTION IN ALABAMA.

Believed Constitution Was Carried by
Over 25,000.

Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 12.—Ala-
bama voted on the question of the
adoption or ratification of the consti-
tution formed by the recent conven-
tion, and from the returns so far re-
ceived it is evident that the instru-
ment has carried by a majority rang-
ing between 25,000 and 35,000.

The negroes voted in much larger
numbers than had been expected, but
were unable to control the result.
This was the last opportunity they
will have to vote, and in many coun-
ties they turned out en masse.



THIS YOUNG LADY IS ACCOMPANIED BY A FOREIGNER. CAN
YOU FIND HIM?

THE REPUBLIC.

Thou, too, sail on, O ship of state!
Sail on, O Union, strong and great!
Humanity with all its fears,
With all the hopes of future years,
Is hanging breathless on thy fate!
We know what Master laid thy keel,
We know what workmen wrought thy ribs of steel,
Who made each mast and sail and rope,
What anvils rang, what hammers beat,
In what a forge and what a heat
Were shaped the anchors of thy hope!
Fear not each sudden sound and shock;
'Tis of the wave and not the rock;
'Tis but the flapping of the sail,
And not a rent made by the gale!
In spite of rock and tempest's roar,
In spite of false lights on the shore,
Sail on nor fear to breast the sea;
Our hearts, our hopes, are all with thee;
Our hearts, our hopes, our prayers, our tears,
Our faith triumphant o'er our fears,
Are all with thee, are all with thee!

—Longfellow.

EXPRESSIVE PHRASES.

Those Which Foreigners Coming to
America Learn to Use First.

What are the most expressive phrases
in colloquial English? Of the dozens
that slip off English speaking tongues
in the course of a day some must be
better suited for their purpose and
more characteristic of the race that
originated them than others. When
foreigners come to this country, they
catch certain expressions almost im-
mediately and long before they can at-
tempt to speak the language have
made them part of their vocabulary.
It would seem that these phrases must
be the most expressive in English and
that they are peculiar to the language
and "all a long felt want," since for-
eigners seize so eagerly upon them.

Every man or woman who lands in
this country is saying, "Hurry up!"
in two months. In whatever quarter
of the city one may walk, Italian or Ger-
man or Jewish, mothers will be dis-
patching their offspring on errands, us-
ing their native speech, but closing
their orders with the magic "Hurry
up!" How delightfully characteristic
of the nation is the phrase! It is not
to be wondered at that the newcomers
from the slow moving old world find
that they have brought over nothing to
equal it.

"All right" rivals "hurry up," not
because foreign tongues lack similar
expressions, but because there is a jol-
ly, hail fellow well met air about "All
right" lacking in other phrases of the
same character. Then, too, "All right"
takes the place not only of "Good," but
of "Yes" and "I understand" and of a
dozen other phrases which in other
languages require separate expressions.
The third phrase, which alone shares

ONE WAY OUT

A Resident of East Liverpool Shows
the Way.

Only one way to cure a lame back.
Liniment and plasters may relieve it.
They won't cure it.

Backache means sick kidneys.
Doan's Kidney Pills cure all kidney
ills.

East Liverpool people prove this.

Read a case of it:

Mr. G. H. Garner, the well known
manufacturer of ice cream, at 168 Jack-
son street, says: "My trouble set in
with a soreness and stiffness over my
whole body; my appetite was poor and
I was annoyed a good deal with bloat-
ing at the stomach. There was a ur-
inary difficulty, and I felt generally
used up. I tried two or three differ-
ent remedies, but they did not do me
the least good. Having heard Doan's
Kidney Pills so highly spoken of, I
made up my mind to try them, and I
purchased a box at the W. & W. phar-
macy. I did not take over half of it
before I was entirely free from any
trouble, my appetite was good and my
old time vigor restored. I recom-
mended them to many of my friends, among
them J. J. Green, V. S., and they all
speak of them in the highest terms."

Sold for 50 cents per box by all
dealers, Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo,
N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name, Doan's, and
take no other.

Sold by W. & W. pharmacy.

the popularity of the first two, is, "It's
nice." This should be interesting to
purists who wish to restrict "nice" to
its first and original meaning of "ex-
act." No word of ancestry sufficiently
aristocratic to please them takes the
place of "nice" in its colloquial mean-
ing, and foreigners clasp it with joy,
wholly ignorant of the fact that they
are outraging the feelings of anybody
by so doing. Other phrases besides
"Hurry up," "All right" and "It's nice"
captivate the fancy of the newly land-
ed, but these three reign supreme.—
New York Tribune.

DYNAMITE AND MINERS.

Long Immunity From Accident Re-
sults In Contempt of Danger.

"After a miner had handled dynamite
for eight or ten years without a serious
mishap it is a good idea to put him to
doing something else about the works,"
said a gentleman of this city who has
had a great deal of experience with high
explosives. "The chances are a hundred
to one that his long immunity from ac-
cident has given him such a contempt
for danger that he is an unconscious
menace to everybody on the premises.
He will do things that not only imperil
his own life, but the lives of all his
comrades. To give you an illustra-
tion, once I had an old Cornishman at
work at a mine in which I was inter-
ested and had entrusted him with a
general supervision of all the blasting.
He had been handling dynamite for
twenty years or more and was justly
regarded as an expert. During that
entire period he had never had an ac-
cident worth speaking of, and by de-
grees the care and vigilance that were
responsible for his excellent record had
worn away until he was beginning to
entertain the delusion, common to old
hands, that the danger of the stuff was
very much exaggerated.

"One day I was passing through a
cut where some blasting had been go-
ing on and noticed the old Cornishman
hammering a drill into what seemed to
be a boring in the rock. I asked him
what he was doing, and he told me
coolly there was a cartridge in the hole
that had failed to explode and he was
just knocking it out the tampion to re-
prime it." I was horrified, for at every
blow he was liable to explode the dyna-
mite, and I ordered him sternly to stop
and never repeat such a performance.
The proper method would have been to
have drilled a new hole near by and ex-
ploded the first charge with a second
blast. He obeyed sullenly, grumbling
to himself, and less than a month after-
ward was blown up while doing ex-
actly the same thing. He lost his left arm
at the shoulder, his left eye and part of
his left ear. He also lost his contempt
for dynamite, and when he finally
emerged from the hospital I gave him
back his former job. I never had a
more scrupulously careful employee
than he was from that time on. It
seems a brutal thing to say, but there
is nothing that does an old dynamite
hand as much good as to get blown up
once or twice."—New Orleans Times-
Democrat.

Parental Economy.

"Tapa," said Dicky, "all the other
boys are going to have torpedoes or
firecrackers or something for the
Fourth of July. Can't I have anything
at all?"
"Dicky," said Mr. Stinje, beckon-
ing mysteriously, "come with me, and
I'll show you something."
He took him out to the summer kitchen
and showed him a large package,
neatly folded and tied with a string.
"There," he said, "are all the paper
bags that have been brought into the
house for a whole year from grocery
stores and other places. I have had
your mother save them for you. Every
one of them will make as much noise
as a firecracker if you fill it with air
and pop it right."

It was not exactly what Dicky had
set his heart on, but it was all the
Fourth of July he got.—Youth's Com-
panion.

Cupid's Guide.

"In all my life," she said, with a
sigh, "I have seen only one man that I
would care to marry."
"Did he look like me?" he carelessly
asked.

Then she flung herself into his arms
and wanted to know what secret power
men possess that enables them to tell
when they are loved.—Chicago Herald.

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bowels every day, you're ill or will be. Keep your
bowels open, and be well. Force, in the shape of vi-
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est, easiest, most perfect way of keeping the bowels
clear and clean is to take



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Never Sickens, Weakens, or Grips. 10, 25, and 50 cent
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health. Address

STERLING HEALTH COMPANY, CHICAGO OR NEW YORK.

KEEP YOUR BLOOD CLEAN

LEGAL.

TIMES

For Holding

COMMON PLEAS COURT

A. D. 1902.

State of Ohio,
9th Judicial District.

IT IS ORDERED that the terms of the
Common Pleas Court of the several counties
in said judicial district for the year 1902, be
fixed as follows to-wit:

Ashland county on the 6th day of Janu-
ary and the 7th day of April, and the 15th
day of September.

Lake county on the 3d day of February,
and the 5th day of May, and the 18th day of
October.

Franklin county on the 6th day of January,
and the 7th day of April, and the 15th day of
September.

Trumbull county on the 27th day of Janu-
ary, and the 5th day of May, and the 29th
day of September.

Portage county on the 6th day of January,
and the 7th day of April, and the 8th day of
September.

Maioning county on the 6th day of Janu-
ary, and the 5th day of May, and the 15th
day of September.

COLUMBIANA COUNTY on the 13th day of
January, and the 14th day of April, and the
25th day of September.

Stark county on the 6th day of January,
and the 8th day of May, and the 15th day of
September.

Carroll county on the 30th day of January,
and the 16th day of May, and the 29th day of
September.

It is further ordered that the courts of the
First sub-division be held by Judges Mc-
Carty, Koll and Ambler.

That the courts of the second sub-division
be held by Judges Glimmer, Rogers and Rob-
inson.

That the courts of the Third sub-division
be held by Judges Cadwell and Metcalfe.

It is further ordered that the Hon. George
F. Robinson be designated as Supervising
Judge, and that said terms of court begin at
10 o'clock a. m.

GEO. F. ROBINSON,
THOMAS I. GILMER,
JESSE ROGERS,
THOS. T. MCCARTY,
RALPH S. AMBLER,
W. W. HOLE,
J. P. CADWELL,
W. J. METCALFE,

Judges Ninth Judicial District.

Dated at Cleveland, Ohio, this 15th day of
October, A. D. 1901.

STATE OF OHIO, COLUMBIANA COUNTY, SS.

I, John S. McNutt, Clerk of the Court of
Common Pleas, within and for said county
and State, do hereby certify that the within
and foregoing is truly taken and
copied from the original now on
file in said Clerk's office. Witness
my hand and the seal of said Court
of Common Pleas at Lisbon, Ohio,
this 24th day of October, A. D. 1901.

JOHN S. McNUTT, Clerk.

STATE OF OHIO, COLUMBIANA COUNTY, SS.

I, John S. McNutt, Clerk of Circuit Court,
within and for said county and state, do
hereby certify that the within and forego-
ing is truly taken and copied from
the original on file in said Clerk's
office. Witness my hand and the
seal of said Circuit Court at Lis-
bon, Ohio, this 24th day of Octo-
ber, A. D. 1901.

JOHN S. McNUTT, Clerk.

TIMES

For Holding

CIRCUIT COURT

A. D. 1902.

State of Ohio,
7th Judicial Circuit.

IT IS ORDERED that the time of the be-
ginning of the terms of the Circuit Court of
the several counties in said Circuit for the
year 1902 be fixed as follows, to-wit:

Lake county on the 30th day of January
and the 26th day of September.

Ashland county on the 27th day of Janu-
ary and the 23rd day of September.

Geauga county on the 10th day of February
and the 26th day of September.

Portage county on the 17th day of February
and the 6th day of October.

Trumbull county on the 24th day of Febru-
ary and the 18th day of October.

Maioning county on the 16th day of March
and the 29th day of October.

COLUMBIANA COUNTY on the 31st day of
March and the 5th day of November.

Guernsey county on the 14th day of April
and the 13th day of November.

Guernsey county on the 21st day of April
and the 17th day of November.

Monroe county on the 26th day of April
and the 24th day of November.

Noble county on the 6th day of May and
the 24th day of November.

Harrison county on the 12th day of May
and the 1st day of December.

Jefferson county on the 19th day of May
and the 8th day of December.

Belmont county on the 2d day of June and
the 15th day of December.

Said terms to begin at 9 o'clock a. m.
September 17, 1901.

JEROME B. BURROWS,
PETER A. LAURIE,
JOHN M. COOK, Judges.

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25 cents; 50 cents the week; \$1.50
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time; 75 cents the month. Cash in ad-
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ble price to cover bookkeeping and col-
lection.

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